Critical Release Notice

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The content of this customer NTP supports the (I)SN10 software release.

Bookmarks used in this NTP highlight the changes between the baseline NTP (the 03.05 edition) and the current release. The bookmarks provided are color-coded to identify release-specific content changes.

**Bookmark Color Legend**

Olive: Applies to new or modified content for (I)SN10 that is valid through the current release.

*Attention!*

*Adobe® Acrobat® Reader™ 5.0 or higher is required to view bookmarks in color.*
Publication History

January 2008

Standard release 03.06 for the (I)SN10 software release.

In the chapter “Morning Report Features”, in section “DMS Switch Performance”, subsection “Software Performance”, we added an attention box stating that trap count data is not available for Compact Call Agent.
Publication history

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Corrected description of Patch summary (paragraphs "Patches applied during the last 24 hours" and "Total validated") in Chapter 2.

August 1998
BASE07 Standard 03.01. PRSM replaced Patcher in BASE07 and is available in BASE06.

February 1998
Corrected procedure to request the Maintenance Managers Morning Report (Chapter 3).

August 1997
Replaced references to NTP 297-1001-450 with NTP PLN-8991-104 since 297-1001-540 has been replaced by PLN-8991-104.

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October 1996
BASE03 Standard 01.02
The document was converted to the current Northern Telecom documentation format and minor changes were made to the document content.
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About this document

When to use this document

The Maintenance Manager’s Morning Report is a DMS-100 Family feature package that provides a 24-hour summary of performance, administrative, and maintenance information on the DMS switch. The report can be generated automatically at a scheduled time, or it can be generated on request at a MAP terminal.

How to check the version and issue of this document

The version and issue of the document are indicated by numbers, for example, 01.01.

The first two digits indicate the version. The version number increases each time the document is updated to support a new software release. For example, the first release of a document is 01.01. In the next software release cycle, the first release of the same document is 02.01.

The second two digits indicate the issue. The issue number increases each time the document is revised but rereleased in the same software release cycle. For example, the second release of a document in the same software release cycle is 01.02.

To determine which version of this document applies to the software in your office and how documentation for your product is organized, check the release information in Product Documentation Directory, 297-8991-001.

This document is written for all DMS-100 Family offices. More than one version of this document may exist. To determine whether you have the latest version of this document and how documentation for your product is organized, check the release information in Product Documentation Directory, 297-8991-001.

References in this document

The following documents are referred to in this document:

• *Automatic Trunk Testing Description, 297-1001-121*

• *Basic Translations Tools Guide, 297-1001-360*
What precautionary messages mean

The types of precautionary messages used in NT documents include attention boxes and danger, warning, and caution messages.

An attention box identifies information that is necessary for the proper performance of a procedure or task or the correct interpretation of information or data. Danger, warning, and caution messages indicate possible risks.

Examples of the precautionary messages follow.

ATTENTION Information needed to perform a task

ATTENTION
If the unused DS-3 ports are not deprovisioned before a DS-1/VT Mapper is installed, the DS-1 traffic will not be carried through the DS-1/VT Mapper, even though the DS-1/VT Mapper is properly provisioned.

DANGER Possibility of personal injury
DANGER
Risk of electrocution
Do not open the front panel of the inverter unless fuses F1, F2, and F3 have been removed. The inverter contains high-voltage lines. Until the fuses are removed, the high-voltage lines are active, and you risk being electrocuted.

WARNING Possibility of equipment damage

WARNING
Damage to the backplane connector pins
Align the card before seating it, to avoid bending the backplane connector pins. Use light thumb pressure to align the card with the connectors. Next, use the levers on the card to seat the card into the connectors.

CAUTION Possibility of service interruption or degradation

CAUTION
Possible loss of service
Before continuing, confirm that you are removing the card from the inactive unit of the peripheral module. Subscriber service will be lost if you remove a card from the active unit.

How commands, parameters, and responses are represented
Commands, parameters, and responses in this document conform to the following conventions.

Input prompt (>)
An input prompt (>) indicates that the information that follows is a command:

>BSY
Commands and fixed parameters

Commands and fixed parameters that are entered at a MAP terminal are shown in uppercase letters:

>BSY CTRL

Variables

Variables are shown in lowercase letters:

>BSY CTRL ctrl_no

The letters or numbers that the variable represents must be entered. Each variable is explained in a list that follows the command string.

Responses

Responses correspond to the MAP display and are shown in a different type:

FP 3 Busy CTRL 0: Command request has been submitted.
FP 3 Busy CTRL 0: Command passed.

The following excerpt from a procedure shows the command syntax used in this document:

1 Manually busy the CTRL on the inactive plane by typing
   >BSY CTRL ctrl_no
   and pressing the Enter key.
   where
   ctrl_no is the number of the CTRL (0 or 1)

   Example of a MAP response:
   FP 3 Busy CTRL 0: Command request has been submitted.
   FP 3 Busy CTRL 0: Command passed.

Underscore connecting

means two words are to be treated as one element, for example, pm_type or `_set.
Introduction

What is the Maintenance Managers Morning Report

The Maintenance Managers Morning Report is a DMS-100 Family feature package that provides a 24-hour summary of performance, administrative, and maintenance information on the DMS switch. The report can be generated automatically at a scheduled time, or it can be generated on request at a MAP terminal.

The report uses information that is relevant for corrective and preventive maintenance programs, and provides a summary of key maintenance and operations indicators.

The report is output as a DMS log report that includes the following information:

- switch-performance information such as
  - Switch Performance Monitoring System (SPMS) indicators
  - call processing performance
  - CPU occupancy
  - network performance
  - software performance
  - PM activity switch information
  - OM threshold log counts
- test results for scheduled
  - CC REx tests
  - CC image tests
  - data store retention tests
  - line maintenance (ALT)
  - trunk maintenance (ATT)
• switch operations such as
  — image dump results
  — patch summaries
  — outage indicators
  — table data integrity checks
  — unscheduled XPM REX testing

Who uses the Maintenance Managers Morning Report
The Maintenance Managers Morning Report is intended for
• maintenance personnel working at the MAP who generate the report
• maintenance managers who interpret the report

About this document
This document provides the following information on the Maintenance Managers Morning Report:
• a description of the report, its content, and its use
• a list of the tracking and monitoring tools that are used to collect the information in the report
• instructions for including the various features in the report, and for generating the report
• instructions for modifying the content of the report
• examples of the report content

Applicability of this document
The information in this document applies to DMS-100 Family offices that have
• batch change supplement 29 (BCS29) and up software. Unless the document is reissued, it also applies to DMS-100 Family offices that have software releases greater than BCS29.
• feature package NTXJ35AA

Determining the PCL and Nortel features in your office
To identify the PCL and feature packages in your office, refer to the Office Feature Record D-190.

For a list of all available Nortel feature packages, refer to the provisioning guidelines in the Provisioning Manual, PLN-8991-104.
Morning Report Features

Report Content

Available features

The Maintenance Managers Morning Report provides a summary of the output from existing maintenance and performance monitoring features on the DMS switch. These features are part of both basic and optional feature packages.

The data provided by each feature is included in the report. No DMS switch is equipped to support all of the parameters needed for every report item.

This document is divided into the following categories, each containing features that appear as sections in the Maintenance Managers Morning Report:

• DMS switch performance
  — Switch Performance Monitoring System (SPMS) indicators
  — call processing performance
  — CPU occupancy
  — network integrity failures
  — PM activity switch information
  — trap/software error (SWERR) counts
  — FM and OM log counts

• test results for scheduled
  — CC REx tests
  — CC image tests
  — data store retention tests
  — ALT tests (line maintenance)
  — ATT tests (trunk maintenance)
• switch operations:
  — image dump results
  — patch summaries
  — outage indicators
  — table data integrity checks
  — unscheduled XPM REX testing

For each of the features listed, the following information is provided in this document:
• a description of the feature and its purpose
• the commands required to include the feature in the report
• the report content

Optional features
Several of the features offered in the morning report depend upon the availability of specific maintenance or monitoring options on the switch. The optional features, and their Nortel feature packages, are:
• Switch Performance Monitoring System (SPMS)—NTX738
• Automatic Line Testing (ALT)—(part of) NTX054, NTX055
• Automatic Trunk Testing (ATT)—NTX051
• Focus Maintenance (FM)—NTX272

Additional capabilities are available on OM-based and network-related features when the switch is equipped with the following feature packages:
• OM Thresholding—NTX385
• Network Integrity Tools—(part of) NTX053

If a feature is not available on the switch, only zeroes, or N/A, is displayed in that section of the report, and one of the following messages is placed at the bottom of the report:
*** SPMS is not available ***
*** ALT is not in use ***
*** ATT is not in use ***
*** FM log is unavailable ***
DMS products and feature compatibility

The CC tests, which consist of the CC REX test, the CC image test, and the data store (DS) retention test, apply only to DMS switches with the NT40 CPU.

Automatic Line Testing (ALT) does not apply to MTX switches.

Feature status

Before attempting to include a feature in the morning report, verify that the associated feature package, if optional, is available on the switch. Also, check if the feature has already been included in the report. Refer to Chapter 4 for the commands required to list the features currently contained in the report.

Feature additions

The procedure for adding a feature, and having its output included in the report is provided for each of the features described in this document. The procedure includes entering the AMREPCI directory, and using the command

>AMREPED ADD <item_name>

where

item_name is one of:
- SPMS — SPMS indicators
- CPPERF — Call processing performance
- CPU — CPU occupancy
- SWACT — PM swact information
- NETINTEG — Network integrity failure
- SWERTRAP — Software performance
- LOGS — FM and OM log count
- CCTST — CC test results
- ALT — ALT test results
- ATT — ATT test results
- IMAGE — Image dump results
- PATCH — Patch summary
- OUTAGE — Outage indicators
- XPMREX — XPM not scheduled for REX test
- CHECKTAB — Table data integrity check

The system responds with one of the following acknowledgement messages:

<item_name> is added to the report or
No action taken — item is already included
DMS Switch Performance
SPMS Indicators

The Switch Performance Monitoring System (SPMS) provides administrative indexing for members of the DMS-100 and Meridian SL-100 families of switches.

The SPMS indexing hierarchy is shown in the following chart:

```
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>OFCPERF</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SERVICE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MTCEPERF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PROVRES</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
```

These levels are:

- **OFCPERF** (Office Performance Index): This index is a summary of total office performance and is computed from the weighted average of its three direct descendants: SERVICE, MTCEPERF, and PROVRES.

- **SERVICE**: This index reflects the contributions of maintenance and traffic provisioning to the overall service results.

- **MTCEPERF** (Maintenance Performance Index): This index is a summary of switch performance as it would be observed by the operating company personnel running the switch.

- **PROVRES** (Provisionable Resource Index): This index is a summary of the performance of traffic-provisionable resources, both hardware and software, within the switch.

Each index is standardized so that the following rating described in the following table applies:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Index Result</th>
<th>Performance Rating</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>100</td>
<td>perfect</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>96 to 99</td>
<td>above average</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>95</td>
<td>average</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>91 to 94</td>
<td>below average</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90 or less</td>
<td>considerably below average</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
An index of 90 or less indicates a clearly abnormal situation requiring correction.

The SPMS indexes presented described here are computed on a daily basis. If one of the indexes has a poor rating, use SPMS subcommands to investigate further. For more information, refer to the *Switch Performance Monitoring System Application Guide*, 297-1001-330.

**Adding SPMS indicators**

Use the following procedure to add the SPMS Indicators to the morning report:

1. Access the AMREP command interface by typing
   ```
   >AMREPCI
   ```
   and pressing the Enter key.

   *Note:* The AMREP command interface can be accessed at any level of the MAP.

2. Add SPMS indicators to the morning report by typing
   ```
   >AMREPED ADD SPMS
   ```
   and pressing the Enter key.

3. Check the acknowledgement message.

4. Quit from the AMREP command interface by typing
   ```
   >QUIT
   ```
   and pressing the Enter key.

The following is an example of the SPMS indicators portion of the morning report.

```
SPMS INDICATORS
===============
OFCPERF       (office perf)        = 95  (average)
SERVICE       (service perf)       = 97  (above average)
MTCEPERF      (maint. perf)        = 90  (below average)
PROVRES       (prov. resource)     = 89  (much below average)
```

If the SPMS indexes are not available, for example, if SPMS is not running, then the numerical entries are replaced with N/A.
Call Processing Performance

Feature CPPERF provides information on

- Total number of calls. The total number of calls is computed by adding OM registers that are accumulated for 24 hours. The OM groups and registers involved are shown in the following table.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>OM Groups</th>
<th>OM Registers</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OFZ</td>
<td>NIN, NIN2, NORIG</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AVOFZ</td>
<td>ALORIG, ALORIG2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOPSTRAF</td>
<td>TOPSNIN, TOPSNIN2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OTS</td>
<td>NINC, NINC2, NORG, NORG2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Total number of lost calls. These are calls lost due to system restarts, manual-busy or system-busy peripherals, and integrity loss. The OM groups and registers involved are shown in the following table.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>OM Groups</th>
<th>OM Registers</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CP</td>
<td>WINITC, CINITC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PMTYP</td>
<td>PMTMBTCO, PMTSBTCO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SYSPERF</td>
<td>CINTEGFL</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Call completion rate. The call completion rate is computed by multiplying the number of lost calls by 100 and dividing by the total number of call attempts. The calculation of completion rate is done in integer arithmetic. Therefore, the result is presented in integer form only.

The formula for calculating call completion rate is

\[
\text{Call completion rate} = \frac{\text{lost calls} \times 100}{\text{total calls}}
\]

Adding call processing performance indicators

Use the following procedure to add call processing performance indicators to the morning report:
1. Access the AMREP command interface by typing
   \texttt{>AMREPCI}
   and pressing the Enter key.
   \textit{Note:} The AMREP command interface can be accessed at any level of the MAP.

2. Add call processing performance indicators to the morning report by typing
   \texttt{>AMREPED ADD CPPERF}
   and pressing the Enter key.

3. Check the acknowledgement message.

4. Quit from the AMREP command interface by typing
   \texttt{>QUIT}
   and pressing the Enter key.

The following is an example of the call processing indicators portion of the morning report.

\begin{verbatim}
-----------------------------
# CALL ATTEMPTS     # LOST CALLS     COMPLETION PERCENTAGE
100,000               1,000                99 %
-----------------------------
\end{verbatim}

\textbf{CPU Occupancy}

Feature CPU records the high water mark for call processing CPU usage and provides the capability to monitor the daily CPU usage of the DMS switch.

Feature CPU also provides a pegged count for the number of times that CPU usage has exceeded the threshold value for the reporting period. A new CPU usage figure is computed by the system every minute. Therefore, the pegged count may be very large if the threshold value is not set properly. In this case, if the threshold value is set too low. Refer to the \textit{Network Management System Reference Manual, 297-1001-453}, for further information.

The threshold value is initially set to be 60\%. This default value may be queried or changed using CI commands.

\textbf{Determining the current CPU threshold value}

Use the following procedure to determine the current CPU threshold value:
1 Access the AMREP command interface by typing
   >AMREPCI
   and pressing the Enter key.

2 Determine the current CPU threshold value by typing
   >QUERYCPUTHRESH
   and pressing the Enter key.

   *Note:* The AMREP command interface can be accessed at any level of the MAP.

   **MAP response example**
   The active CPU occupancy threshold value is 60%.

3 Quit from the AMREP command interface by typing
   >QUIT
   and pressing the Enter key.

**Changing the current or default CPU threshold value**
Use the following procedure to change the current or default CPU threshold value:

1 Access the AMREP command interface by typing
   >AMREPCI
   and pressing the Enter key.

2 Change the CPU threshold value by typing
   >SETCPUTHRESH <percentage>
   and pressing the Enter key.

   *where*
   percentage is the CPU occupancy threshold value with a range from 0 to 100.

   **MAP response example**
   CPU threshold has been changed to ___% from ___%.

3 Quit from the AMREP command interface by typing
   >QUIT
   and pressing the Enter key.

**Adding CPU occupancy indicators to the morning report**
Use the following procedure to add the CPU Occupancy indicators the morning report:
1. Access the AMREP command interface by typing
   \texttt{>AMREPCI}
   and pressing the Enter key.

   \textit{Note:} The AMREP command interface can be accessed at any level of the MAP.

2. Add CPU occupancy indicators to the morning report by typing
   \texttt{>AMREPED ADD CPU}
   and pressing the Enter key.

3. Check the acknowledgement message.

4. Quit from the AMREP command interface by typing
   \texttt{>QUIT}
   and pressing the Enter key.

The following is an example of the CPU occupancy indicators portion of the morning report.

\begin{verbatim}
CPU OCCUPANCY

\begin{tabular}{lll}
  \hline
  HIGH WATER MARK & THRESHOLD VALUE & THRESHOLD EXCEEDED \\
  79 \%         & 60 \%          & 10             \\
  \hline
\end{tabular}
\end{verbatim}

\textbf{PM Activity Switch Information}

Feature SWACT provides a list of PM types that have performed an activity switch (SWACT) during the reporting period. The OM registers used are identified in the following table.

\begin{center}
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|}
  \hline
  OM Group & OM Registers  \\
  \hline
  PMTYP    & PMTSWXFR, PMTMMWXFR, PMTSCXFR, PMTMCXFR  \\
  \hline
\end{tabular}
\end{center}

A SWACT is caused by an unrecoverable fault on the active unit of a peripheral module. SWACTs can be initiated by the CC or via commands at the MAP. During a warm SWACT, only calls that are in the talking state survive the SWACT. Calls that have not reached the talking state are dropped. During a cold SWACT, all calls are dropped. The SWACT information is used to report faulty peripherals.
To prevent the peripherals from being taken completely out-of-service, initiate maintenance procedures immediately. Refer to the *Peripheral Modules Maintenance Guide*, 297-1001-592, for further information.

**Adding PM activity switch information to the morning report**

Use the following procedure to add PM SWACT information to the morning report:

1. Access the AMREP command interface by typing
   
   ```
   >AMREPCI
   ```
   
   and pressing the Enter key.
   
   *Note:* The AMREP command interface can be accessed at any level of the MAP.

2. Add PM SWACT information to the morning report by typing
   
   ```
   >AMREP ED  ADD  SWACT
   ```
   
   and pressing the Enter key.

3. Check the acknowledgement message.

4. Quit from the AMREP command interface by typing
   
   ```
   >QUIT
   ```
   
   and pressing the Enter key.

The following is an example of the PM SWACT information portion of the morning report.

```
P M  S W A C T  I N F O R M A T I O N

 PM TYPE     MAN COLD   SYS COLD   MAN WARM   SYS WARM
 LGC             0          1          1          0
 DTC             0          2          0          3
 LTC             0          5          0          1

```
Network Performance

Feature NETINTEG provides the network integrity failure count (a pegged count) for the reporting period. The OM group and associated register is identified in the following table.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>OM Group</th>
<th>OM Register</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NMC</td>
<td>NMSPCHER</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

This feature also provides the total number of calls, allowing the operating company to justify the network integrity failure count produced by the report. Refer to the _Operational Measurements Reference Guide_ for further information on operational measurements.

**Adding network integrity failure counts to the morning report**

Use the following procedure to add network integrity failure counts to the morning report:

1. Access the AMREP command interface by typing
   ```
   >AMREPCI
   ```
   and pressing the Enter key.
   
   **Note:** The AMREP command interface can be accessed at any level of the MAP.

2. Add network integrity failure counts to the morning report by typing
   ```
   >AMREPED ADD NETINTEG
   ```
   and pressing the Enter key.

3. Check the acknowledgement message.

4. Quit from the AMREP command interface by typing
   ```
   >QUIT
   ```
   and pressing the Enter key.

The following is an example of the network integrity failure counts portion of the morning report.

```
NETWORK INTEG FAIL COUNT
========================
TOTAL COUNT  TOTAL CALLS
100          900,500
```

---

_DMS-100 Family Maintenance Managers Morning Report   SN06 (DMS)_
Software Performance

Feature SWERTRAP provides the total number of CC software errors (swerrs) and traps that occurred during the reporting period (a maximum of 24 hours).

This information allows the operating company to evaluate the performance of the current software load in the switch, and to implement an early preventative maintenance program.

Adding trap and swerr counts to the morning report

Use the following procedure to add trap and swerr counts to the morning report:

1. Access the AMREP command interface by typing
   
   >AMREPCI
   and pressing the Enter key.
   
   **Note:** The AMREP command interface can be accessed at any level of the MAP.

2. Add swerrs and traps to the morning report by typing
   
   >AMREPED ADD SWERTRAP
   and pressing the Enter key.

   **ATTENTION**
   Trap count data is not available for Compact Call Agent.

3. Check the acknowledgement message.

4. Quit from the AMREP command interface by typing
   
   >QUIT
   and pressing the Enter key.

The following is an example of the trap and swerr counts portion of the morning report.

```
+----------------------------------+
| TRAP / SWERR COUNT              |
+----------------------------------+
| CC SWERR COUNT      CC TRAP COUNT|
| 120                  55            |
+----------------------------------+
```

Focus maintenance and OM threshold log count

Feature LOGS provides the total count of focus maintenance and OM threshold logs during the reporting period (a maximum of 24 hours). The logs and the reason they are generated are:

- **FM100** - This log is generated when certain trunk troubles exceed a defined alarm threshold.
• FM101 – This log is generated when certain line troubles relating to call processing exceed a defined alarm threshold.

• OM2200 – This log is generated when certain OM registers exceed the threshold condition.

This section focuses on areas in which alarms are raised so that maintenance action can be initiated. Refer to the Lines Maintenance Guide, 297-1001-594, and to the Trunks Maintenance Guide, 297-1001-595, for further information on line and trunk maintenance. Refer to the Operational Measurements Reference Guide for information on operational measurements.

Adding FM and OM log counts to the morning report

Use the following procedure to add FM and OM log counts to the morning report:

1. Access the AMREP command interface by typing
   >AMREPCI
   and pressing the Enter key.
   **Note:** The AMREP command interface can be accessed at any level of the MAP.

2. Add FM and PM log counts to the morning report by typing
   >AMREPED ADD LOGS
   and pressing the Enter key.

3. Check the acknowledgement message.

4. Quit from the AMREP command interface by typing
   >QUIT
   and pressing the Enter key.

The following is an example of the FM and OM log counts portion of the morning report.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FM AND OM LOG COUNTS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FM100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Scheduled Test Results

CC REX Test

Feature CCTST provides the result of the manual or scheduled CC REx test. The CC REx test will drop synchronization, execute diagnostic tests on the inactive CPU, and perform a switch of activity.

**WARNING**

**Damage to the backplane connector pins**

If the CC REX test fails, notify the appropriate support level. A failure of the CC REX test indicates the potential for a complete shutdown of the CC.

Adding CC REx test results to the morning report

Use the following procedure to add the CC REx test results to the morning report:

1. Access the AMREP command interface by typing
   
   >AMREPCI
   
   and pressing the Enter key.

   **Note:** The AMREP command interface can be accessed at any level of the MAP.

2. Add CC REx test results to the morning report by typing
   
   >AMREPED ADD CCTST
   
   and pressing the Enter key.

3. Check the acknowledgement message.

4. Quit from the AMREP command interface by typing
   
   >QUIT
   
   and pressing the Enter key.

The following is an example of the CC REx test portion of the morning report.

```
-––––––––––––––––––––––––––––––––––––––––––––––––––
CC TEST RESULTS
===============
TYPE              STATUS      TIME
INFREQUENT        FAILED      09/08/88 23:35:00 FRI
FREQUENT          PASSED      10/08/88 23:35:00 FRI
-––––––––––––––––––––––––––––––––––––––––––––––––––
```
CC Image Test

The CC image test is scheduled to run after the CC REx test and performs a restart on the inactive CPU in order to test the restart ability of the current image. Feature CCTST provides the result of the test together with the type of restart that was performed.

**WARNING**

*Loss of switch possible*

If a failure flag results from the image test, notify the appropriate support level for immediate action. In the event of a restart due to a bad software load or cards, a bootmate is required for switch survival.

The following is an example of the CC image test portion of the morning report.

```
CC TEST RESULTS
===============
TYPE              STATUS      TIME
IMAGE             PASSED      10/08/88 23:55:00 FRI
*** LAST IMAGE TEST RESTART TYPE IS : WARM ***
```

If the restart type is not available (lost due to restart), then the actual restart type will be replaced by N/A.

DS Retention Test

The data store (DS) retention test is part of the CC REx test and performs tests on memory cards, memory controllers, and spared memory.

Feature CCTST also provides the results of this test as part of the CC REx test.

*Note:* The results of any manual DS retention test are not recorded here.

The following is an example of the DS retention test portion of the morning report.

```
CC TEST RESULTS
===============
TYPE              STATUS      TIME
DS 0 RETENTION    PASSED      10/08/88 01:12:35 FRI
DS 1 RETENTION    PASSED      10/08/88 01:15:05 FRI
```
Scheduled Line Maintenance (ALT)

Automatic Line Testing (ALT) is scheduled to run nightly, performing diagnostic tests on lines. Feature ALT in the Morning Report provides the following statistics:

- total number of lines tested
- total number of passed tests
- total number of failed tests
- total number of skipped tests

If the number of failed tests is high, investigate the cause using the log output which contains detailed information about the ALT results. Refer to the *Log Reports Reference Manual* and to the *Lines Maintenance Guide*, 297-1001-594, for more information.

Adding automatic line test results to the morning report

Use the following procedure to add ALT results to the morning report:

1. Access the AMREP command interface by typing
   
   >AMREPCI
   
   and pressing the Enter key.
   
   *Note:* The AMREP command interface can be accessed at any level of the MAP.

2. Add the ALT test results to the morning report by typing
   
   >AMREPED ADD ALT
   
   and pressing the Enter key.

3. Check the acknowledgement message.

4. Quit from the AMREP command interface by typing
   
   >QUIT
   
   and pressing the Enter key.

The following is an example of the ALT test result portion of the morning report.

```
ALT RESULT
==========
ALT TESTED   ALT PASSED   ALT FAILED   ALT SKIPPED
1,000        950          20           30
```

---

297-1001-535 Standard 03.05 September 2003
Scheduled Trunk Maintenance (ATT)

Automatic Trunk Testing (ATT) is scheduled to run nightly, performing diagnostics tests on trunks. Feature ATT in the Morning Report provides the following statistics:

- total number of trunks tested
- total number of passed tests
- total number of failed tests
- total number of skipped tests

If the number of failed tests is high, investigate the cause using the log output which contains detailed information about the ATT results. Refer to the Log Reports Reference Manual and to the Automatic Trunk Testing Description, 297-1001-121, for more information.

Adding automatic trunk test results to the morning report

Use the following procedure to add ATT results to the morning report:

1. Access the AMREP command interface by typing
   >AMREPCI
   and pressing the Enter key.
   
   Note: The AMREP command interface can be accessed at any level of the MAP.

2. Add the ATT results to the morning report by typing
   >AMREPED ADD ATT
   and pressing the Enter key.

3. Check the acknowledgement message.

4. Quit from the AMREP command interface by typing
   >QUIT
   and pressing the Enter key.

The following is an example of the ATT test result portion of the morning report.

```
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ATT RESULT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL TRUNKS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
```

DMS-100 Family Maintenance Managers Morning Report   SN06 (DMS)
DMS Switch Operations

Outage Indicators

Feature OUTAGE provides the total outage duration, which is the sum of the time that equipment is man-busy and system-busy, for the following major parts of the DMS switch:

- Central Message Controllers (NT40)
- Message Switches (SuperNode)
- Network Modules
- XMS-based Peripheral Modules (XPM)
- Line Concentrating Modules (LCM)
- Line Modules (LM)
- Trunk Modules (TM)
- Digital Carrier Modules (DCM)
- Carriers (DS1 and PCMCARR)
- Trunks

The outage duration is accumulated in the last 24 hours. The units of time used are hours, minutes, and seconds.

The outage duration is computed from accumulated OM registers which are pegged by the audit cycle running every 100 seconds. The total outage duration is computed by multiplying the OM pegged count by the audit interval (100 seconds).

It is possible for the outage duration displayed in the report to exceed 24 hours because it is an accumulated value. For example, if there are 24 LMs connecting to the switch, and if each has an outage of two hours, this would produce a value of 48 hours for total outage duration.

Feature OUTAGE provides performance indicators for all major components of the DMS switch. If detailed information is required in the investigation of a deteriorating component, use the log and OM output results.
The OM groups and registers used in recording outage information are identified in the following table.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>OM Group</th>
<th>OM Register</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CMC</td>
<td>CMCSBU, CMCMBU</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MS</td>
<td>MSSBU, MSMBU</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TRK</td>
<td>SBU, MBU</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PMTYP</td>
<td>PMTUSBU, PMTUMBU</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DS1CARR</td>
<td>DS1SBU, DS1MBU</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PCMCARR</td>
<td>CARRMANB, CARRSYSB</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Adding outage indicators to the morning report**

Use the following procedure to add outage indicators to the morning report:

1. Access the AMREP command interface by typing
   
   >AMREPCI

   and pressing the Enter key.

   **Note:** The AMREP command interface can be accessed at any level of the MAP.

2. Add the outage indicators to the morning report by typing
   
   >AMREPED ADD OUTAGE

   and pressing the Enter key.

3. Check the acknowledgement message.

4. Quit from the AMREP command interface by typing
   
   >QUIT

   and pressing the Enter key.
The following is an example of the outage indicator portion of the morning report.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>H/W TYPE</th>
<th>HOUR</th>
<th>MIN</th>
<th>SEC</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CMC</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>XPM</td>
<td>37</td>
<td>48</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LCM</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TRK</td>
<td>73</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CARR</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Image Dump Result**

Feature IMAGE provides:

- total number of image dumps during the last 24 hours
- results of the last image dump

For the NT40 switch, the result reflects the CC image dump; for the SuperNode switch, the result reflects the CM image dump.

If more detailed information is required to support the status of the image dump result, analyze the SOS100 or SOS101 log output. Refer to the Log Reports Reference Manual for more information.

**Adding image dump results to the morning report**

Use the following procedure to add image dump results to the morning report:

1. Access the AMREP command interface by typing
   ```bash
   >AMREPCI
   ```
   and pressing the Enter key.

   **Note:** The AMREP command interface can be accessed at any level of the MAP.

2. Add image dump results to the morning report by typing
   ```bash
   >AMREPED ADD IMAGE
   ```
   and pressing the Enter key.

3. Check the acknowledgement message.
4 Quit from the AMREP command interface by typing

>QUIT

and pressing the Enter key.

The following is an example of the image dump portion of the morning report.

–––––––––––––––––––––––––––––––––––––––––––––––––––––––––––
CC IMAGE DUMP RESULT
====================
DUMP COUNT          LAST DUMP RESULT
1                    PASSED
–––––––––––––––––––––––––––––––––––––––––––––––––––––––––––

Patch summary

Feature PATCH provides statistics on the following.

**Patches applied during the last 24 hours**
This is the number of patches that were applied to the switch in the last 24 hours, starting from 23:47 of the previous day. This sum is computed over all PRSM destinations.

**Total validated**
This count is the total number of patches on the switch with a status of validated (VA). This count does not include patches that are obsoleted, that is, patches that have a status of OBS, OBE, or OBR.

**Total applied**
This count is the total number of patches on the switch with a status of applied (A). This figure is computed for each individual CM, ISN, or XPM target processor.

**Total removed**
This count is the total number of patches on the switch with a status of (R) removed. This figure is computed for each individual target CM, ISN, or XPM processor.

**Adding patch summary information to the morning report**
Use the following procedure to add patch summary information to the morning report.

1 Access the AMREP command interface by typing

>AMREPCI

and pressing the Enter key.
**Note:** The AMREP command interface can be accessed at any level of the MAP.

2. Add patch summary information to the morning report by typing

   `>AMREPED ADD PATCH`

   and pressing the Enter key.

3. Check the acknowledgement message.

4. Quit from the AMREP command interface by typing

   `>QUIT`

   and pressing the Enter key.

The following is an example of the patch summary portion of the morning report.

```plaintext
PRSU SUMMARY INFORMATION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>CM</th>
<th>ISN</th>
<th>XPM</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total Validated</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Applied</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Removed</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*** Total Applied during 24 hours ending 1998/04/08 23:46: 8
```

**XPM Not Scheduled for REX Test**

Feature XPMREX provides the total number of XPMs in the office, and a count of XPMs that do not have REx tests scheduled. The purpose of this section of the report is to encourage the operating company to have their XPMs scheduled for REx tests.

If an XPM fails its REx test, take immediate maintenance action to prevent the XPM from being taken out-of-service.

The following XPM types are covered:

- LGC, LTC, DTC ...(all XPMs datafilled in table LTCINV)
- MSB6, MSB7
- RCC

Refer to the *Peripheral Modules Maintenance Guide*, 297-1001-592 for additional information.

**Adding XPM REx test information to the morning report**

Use the following procedure to add XPM REx test information to the morning report:
1. Access the AMREP command interface by typing
   
   `>AMREPCI`
   
   and pressing the Enter key.

   
   **Note:** The AMREP command interface can be accessed at any level of the MAP.

2. Add XPM REx test information to the morning report by typing
   
   `>AMREPED ADD XPMREX`
   
   and pressing the Enter key.

3. Check the acknowledgement message.

4. Quit from the AMREP command interface by typing
   
   `>QUIT`
   
   and pressing the Enter key.

The following is an example of the XPM REx test information portion of the morning report.

```
XPM REX INFORMATION
TOTAL XPM REX UNSCHEDULED
  9     0
```

**Table Data Integrity Check**

Feature CHECKTAB provides the results accumulated from checking the integrity of data tables in the DMS switch. It also provides the statistics on tuples that tested, failed and passed.

When the CHECKTAB command is used to test all data tables in the DMS switch, the results are also stored in a file called SUMMARY$FILE in table SFDEV. This file contains detailed information regarding the failure count.

**Adding table data integrity check information to the morning report**

Use the following procedure to add table data integrity check information to the morning report:

1. Access the AMREP command interface by typing
   
   `>AMREPCI`
   
   and pressing the Enter key.

   
   **Note:** The AMREP command interface can be accessed at any level of the MAP.
Enter the non-menu command

>AMREPED ADD CHECKTAB

and pressing the Enter key.

Check the acknowledgement message.

To exit from AMREPCI, enter the command

>QUIT

and pressing the Enter key.

The following is an example of the table data integrity check portion of the morning report.

```
CHECKTAB INFORMATION

TOTAL TESTED       TOTAL PASSED       TOTAL FAILED
0                  0                  0
```

Generating the morning report

Determining the current status of the morning report

Before attempting to generate the report, verify that the morning report feature has been activated. Examine the office parameters in table OFCOPT.

If the Boolean parameter for the tuple AMREP_ACTIVE is set to Y, then the feature has been activated. (Refer to the Office Parameters Reference Manual for additional information on office parameters.)

Activating the morning report

If the parameter for tuple AMREP_ACTIVE in table OFCOPT is set to N, change it to Y.

Canceling the morning report

If the parameter for tuple AMREP_ACTIVE in table OFCOPT is set to Y, change it to N.

Note 1: Initialization of the software load sets the value of the parameter AMREP_ACTIVE to N.

Note 2: If the value of the AMREP_ACTIVE parameter is not set to Y, and an attempt is made to generate the report, the report heading includes the following message:

*** Report is not active, change office parm AMREP_ACTIVE to TRUE ***

Selecting immediate or scheduled report output

The report is available on demand or it can be scheduled. In either case, a tuple must be datafilled in table OMREPORT. If this tuple is not datafilled, no report will be generated by the system.
Scheduling the morning report

Use the following procedure to schedule the morning report:

1. Access table OMREPORT by typing
   >TABLE OMREPORT
   and pressing the Enter key.
   MAP response
   TABLE: OMREPORT

2. List the tuples in table OMREPORT by typing
   >LIST ALL
   and pressing the Enter key.

3. Position on the spare tuple by typing
   >POS tuple_no
   and pressing the Enter key.
   where
   tuple_no is the schedule number

4. Change the spare tuple by typing
   >CHANGE
   and pressing the Enter key.
   MAP response
   ACTIVE:

5. Confirm the command by typing
   >Y
   and pressing the Enter key.
   MAP response
   REP:
6 Specify the frequency of report generation by typing
   >frequency
   and pressing the Enter key.
   where
   frequency is the frequency of report generation, for example, DEVDAY (daily)

   Example input
   >DEVDAY
   
   MAP response
   WHEN:

7 Specify the time of report generation by typing
   >time
   and pressing the Enter key.
   where
   time is the time of report generation, for example, 7 C00 (7:00 a.m.)

   Example input
   >7 C00
   
   MAP response
   CLASS:

8 Specify the class by typing
   >class
   and pressing the Enter key.

   Example input
   >HOLDING
   
   MAP response
   NAME:

9 Specify the report name by typing
   >AMREPORT
   and pressing the Enter key.

   MAP response example
   4 Y DEVDAY 7 C00 HOLDING AMREPORT

   Note: The above response indicates that tuple 4 is assigned to the AMREPORT (NAME), it is active (Yes), to be output daily (DEVDAY) at 7 a.m. (7 C00).
Requesting the morning report

Use the following procedure to request the morning report:

Note: Before requesting the morning report, add it to the OMREPORT table. Refer to “Scheduling the morning report” in this section.

1. Access OMREPORT CI by typing
   
   >OMREPORT
   
   and pressing the Enter key.

   MAP response

   OMREPORT:

2. Request the morning report by typing

   >REQUEST  tuple_no

   and pressing the Enter key.

   where

   tuple_no  is the tuple associated with the morning report

   Example input

   REQUEST  4

   Note 1: Table editor commands are described in Basic Translations Tools Guide, 297-1001-360.

   Note 2: Table OMREPORT is described in the Translations Guide.

3. Quit table OMREPORT by typing

   >QUIT ALL

   and pressing the Enter key.

Selecting the time for the morning report

Rules and recommendations

The report must not be scheduled for automatic generation between 23:45 and 0:15 because this period is used for the preparation of data. Report generation is not allowed during this time period.

The report should be printed during low traffic hours to ensure the validity of the report data. Printing the report during low traffic periods limits the amount of data lost while the report is printed.

Note: If a clock change or a restart occurs during the 24-hour period preceding the report, the accumulated data in the report may not be accurate.

How information is displayed in the morning report

The morning report is printed out in the form of an OMRS log.
At the top of the report is the date and time at which the report was output.

The following is an example of the OMRS log printout, showing only the headings section of a scheduled morning report:

```
OMRS009  SEPT25  1:50:00 INFO OM PERIODIC REPORT
REPORT NAME: AMREPORT          REASON: SCHEDULED
```

```
REPORT CONTENT
```
Customizing the morning report

Available Commands

The capability to customize the morning report is implemented through the use of a CI command. Items for the report may be included or excluded in order to suit the needs of the operating company. Refer to *Commands Reference Manual, 297-1001-822* for further information on CI commands.

The AMREPED command, with the appropriate parameter, is used

- to list the items in the report
  The LIST parameter provides two lists that contain:
  - items which are already in the report
  - items that could be added to the report

- to delete an item from the report
  The DEL parameter is used to delete an item from the report. An error message is displayed if the item has already been excluded from the report.

- to include an item in the report
  The ADD parameter is used to include an additional item in the report. An error message is displayed if the item is already included in the report.

To customize the morning report, the following procedure is required:

1. Access the AMREPCI directory by typing
   
   >AMREPCI
   
   and pressing the Enter key.

   *Note:* This command can be executed at any MAP level.
Following the input of the required functional commands, quit from the AMREPCI directory by typing

>QUIT

and pressing the Enter key.

**Listing the Items in the morning report**

Use the following procedure to list the items in the morning report:

1. Access the AMREPCI directory by typing

   >AMREPCI

   and pressing the Enter key.

   **Note:** This command can be executed at any MAP level.

2. List the morning report items by typing

   >AMREPED LIST

   and pressing the Enter key.

   **MAP response example**

   For a report where all items are specified, a typical response is

   *************************************************
   Items that can be deleted from the report are:
   *** SPMS           – SPMS indicators
   *** CPPERF        – Call Processing Performance
   *** CPU            – CPU Occupancy
   *** SWACT         – PM Swact Count
   *** SWERTRAP   – Trap / Swerr Counts
   *** LOGS           – FM and OM Log Counts
   *** NETINTEG     – Network Integ Fail Count
   *** ALT              – ALT result
   *** ATT              – ATT result
   *** IMAGE         – CC Image Dump Result
   *** OUTAGE        – Outage Information
   *** PATCH         – Patch Summary Information
   *** XPMREX        – XPM Rex Information
   *** CHECKTAB   – CHECKTAB Information
   *** CCTST         – CC Tests
   *************************************************

   Items can be added to the report are:  None.

   *************************************************
Customizing the Morning Report

Deleting an item from the morning report

Use the following procedure to delete an item from the morning report:

1. Access the AMREPCI directory by typing
   >AMREPCI
   and pressing the Enter key.
   
   **Note:** This command can be executed at any MAP level.

2. Delete the item by typing
   >AMREPED DEL <item name>
   and pressing the Enter key.

   **where**

   item_name is one of the features described in this document. See Chapter 2 for a complete list.

   **MAP response**

   *** <item_name> is deleted from the report ***

Including an Item in the morning report

Use the following procedure to include an item in the morning report:

1. Access the AMREPCI directory by typing
   >AMREPCI
   and pressing the Enter key.

   **Note:** This command can be executed at any MAP level.

2. Include the item in the morning report by typing
   >AMREPED ADD <item name>
   and pressing the Enter key.

   **where**

   item_name is one of the features described in this document. See Chapter 2 for a complete list.

   **MAP response**

   *** <item name> is added to the report ***
If any of the items have already been deleted or added when the preceding commands are entered, the system response is:

*** No action taken – Item is already deleted ***
or

*** No action taken – Item is already included ***
Morning report examples

The following are examples of the maintenance managers morning report. Two examples display the log report format for the headings of both the scheduled and requested versions of the report. The third example displays the content of the morning report and represents a report with every feature specified and operating.

Headings for the scheduled report
For the scheduled version, the headings for the report appear as follows:

OMRS009 NOV25  7:00:00 INFO OM PERIODIC REPORT
REPORT NAME: AMREPORT       REASON: SCHEDULED
REPORT CONTENT

Headings for the requested report
For the requested version, the report headings appear as follows:

OMRS003 JAN02 00:16:58 9000 INFO OM PERIODIC REPORT
REPORT NAME: AMREPORT       REASON: REQUESTED
REPORT CONTENT
Report Content

The content for either the scheduled or requested report is displayed in the following figure.

*************************************************
* MAINTENANCE MANAGERS MORNING REPORT *
*************************************************
OFFICE NAME : COML
BCS RELEASE : 29

SPMS INDICATORS
===============
Ofcperf (office perf) = 95 (average)
.....Service (service perf) = 97 (above average)
.....Mtceperf (maint. perf) = 90 (below average)
.....Provres (prov. resource) = 100 (perfect)

Call PROCESSING PERFORMANCE
============================
Total Calls        Lost Calls       Completion Percentage
51                 4                     92 %

CPU OCCUPANCY
==============
High Water Mark    Threshold Value    Threshold Exceeded
10 %                60 %                 0

PM SWACT INFORMATION
=====================

NETWORK INTEG FAIL COUNT
========================
Fail Count     Total Calls
8              51

TRAP / SWERR COUNT
==================
CC Swerr Count     CC Trap Count
8                  6

FM AND OM LOG COUNTS
=====================

297-1001-535   Standard 03.05   September 2003
CC TEST RESULTS
================
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Status</th>
<th>Time</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Infrequent Rex</td>
<td>Passed</td>
<td>1976/01/01 00:00:00.000 FRI</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Frequent Rex</td>
<td>Passed</td>
<td>1976/01/01 00:15:00.000 FRI</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Image</td>
<td>Passed</td>
<td>1976/01/01 00:26:00.000 FRI</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DS 0 Retention</td>
<td>Passed</td>
<td>1976/01/01 00:45:00.000 FRI</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DS 1 Retention</td>
<td>Passed</td>
<td>1976/01/01 00:49:00.000 FRI</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*** Last image test restart type is: WARM

ALT RESULT
==========
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Total Tested</th>
<th>Total Passed</th>
<th>Total Failed</th>
<th>Total Skipped</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>128</td>
<td>89</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>28</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

ATT RESULT
==========
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Total Tested</th>
<th>Total Passed</th>
<th>Total Failed</th>
<th>Total Skipped</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>289</td>
<td>259</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

OUTAGE INFORMATION
==================
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>H/W Type</th>
<th>Hour</th>
<th>Min</th>
<th>Sec</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CMC</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>XPM</td>
<td>37</td>
<td>48</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LCM</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LM</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DCM</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TM</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TRK</td>
<td>73</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CARR</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
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CC IMAGE DUMP RESULT
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<th>Dump Count</th>
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PRSU SUMMARY INFORMATION
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<th>CM</th>
<th>ISN</th>
<th>XPM</th>
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*** Total Applied during 24 hours ending 1998/04/04 23:46: 8
### XPM REX INFORMATION

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### CHECKTAB INFORMATION

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*** END ***

Display of Report Content
## Abbreviations

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Abbreviation</th>
<th>Description</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ALT</td>
<td>Automatic Line Testing</td>
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<tr>
<td>ATT</td>
<td>Automatic Trunk Testing</td>
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<tr>
<td>CC</td>
<td>Central Control</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CM</td>
<td>Computing Module</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CPU</td>
<td>Central Processing Unit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ISN</td>
<td>Integrated Services Network</td>
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<tr>
<td>LGC</td>
<td>Line Group Controller</td>
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<tr>
<td>LTC</td>
<td>Line Trunk Controller</td>
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<tr>
<td>MAP</td>
<td>Maintenance and Administration Position</td>
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<td>MS</td>
<td>Message Switch</td>
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<td>MSB6</td>
<td>Message Switch and Buffer 6</td>
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<tr>
<td>NET</td>
<td>Network Module</td>
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<td>OM</td>
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<td>PM</td>
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<td>PRSM</td>
<td>Post Release Software Manager</td>
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<td>PRSU</td>
<td>Post Release Software Update</td>
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<td>RCC</td>
<td>Remote Cluster Controller</td>
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<tr>
<td>REX</td>
<td>Routine Exercise (Tests)</td>
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<tr>
<td>SPMS</td>
<td>Switch Performance Monitoring System</td>
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<tr>
<td>XPM</td>
<td>XMS-based Peripheral Module</td>
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