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"SLC*"-96 SUBSCRIBER LOOP CARRIER SYSTEM
ACTIVE FAULT-LOCATING AND ORDER WIRE SYSTEMSFAULT-LOCATING AND ORDER WIRE PANEL INSTALLATION,TURNUP AND TESTS

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## 1. GENERAL

1.01 This section contains the turnup tests for the SLC-96 Fault-Locating (FL) and Order Wire (OW) panel (J1C141AC-L1) and the (J1C141AC-L1, L2), preinstallation test of the 1114 and 1115 (active) type fault-locating filters and initial fault-locating line and system test. This section also contains a system description, the initial test requirements, maintenance considerations, and utilization techniques of the order wire facility associated with the SLC-96 carrier system.
1.02 This section is reissued to revise the Initial Fault-Locating Tests (IFLT) form, the FaultLocating Record (FLR) form, and to include the J1C141AC-L1, L2 FL and OW panel. Since this reissue is a general revision, arrows ordinarily used to denote changes have been omitted. This section affects the Equipment Test List (ETL). $\dagger$
1.03 The procedures of this section will be used to test all new SLC-96 Fault-Locating and Order Wire panels.
1.04 Several SLC-96 systems using the same route may share the same FL pair. The FL pair must always be terminated. This is accomplished by maintaining a 262 C plug in the FL jack of the remote ter-
$\dagger$ This ETL has not been issued as of this date. Consult future indices to determine when this section becomes available.

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minal (RT) most distant from the central office terminal (COT).
1.05 If the FL pair is bridged to more than one RT, the FL pair will be terminated with 262 C plugs ( 900 ohms) at each RT (Fig. 11). If 1115-type filters are used, the FL line may be terminated in the last apparatus case in some installations (Fig. 11).
1.06 The complete FL and OW panel (Fig. 1 or 2) consists of an ED2C374-31 Fault-Locate Control Unit (FLCU), one of two order wire plug-in units (ED3C557-30G1) or (ED3C556-30G3) (see Fig. 18). It also contains a 25 dB pad to satisfy the input requirements of the older type of test sets, and also provides a filter test (FLT TST) position for preinstallation testing of the 1114- and 1115-type plug-in faultlocating filters.
1.07 The FL and OW panel provides powering and control of a selected FL pair and access to the pair for reception of the return test tones. It also provides talk battery and access to the OW pair.
1.08 The J1C141AC-L1 FL and OW panel must have +130 V and -48 V supplied from the CO battery. The J1C141AC-L1, L2 FL and OW panel is designed to be used in an office that has no +130 V supply. The J1C141AC-L1, L2 panel contains a dc-to-dc converter that uses a -48 V input to supply a + 130 V output.
1.09 The order wire is a two-wire voice-frequency system that parallels the SLC-96 system route. The order wire uses an H 88 loaded pair in the cable facility with provisions in the 475- and 800-type apparatus cases-for building out cable lengths as required. A terminal appearance that will accept the cord test clips of a type 1014A handset is provided on the outside of the apparatus case, making the order wire accessible without opening the apparatus case. The 1A Power and Jack Panel at the remote terminal (RT) is also provided with an order wire terminal appearance (Fig. 12).

## 2. OPERATION

## A. Fault Locate

2.01 Chart 1 provides procedures for turnup and testing of the Active Fault-Locating Circuit. The procedures include selection of options, making cross-connections, and performing limited tests.

Chart 2 provides procedures for testing the 1114/ 1115-type filters prior to their installation in the apparatus cases. These procedures verify that each filter peak output level is proper and that adjacent channel selectivity is acceptable.
2.02 Chart 3 is used to test the cable pair used for fault-locating before the pair is approved for fault-locating SLC-96 digital lines. This chart is used to perform dc resistance tests to ensure proper installation and construction and to ensure tip and ring integrity of the FL pair.
2.03 The digital line must be powered when performing the procedures of Charts 4,5 , and 6 . At least part of the digital line is always powered from the central office terminal (COT). On longer lines, power may also be supplied from the remote terminal (RT) or remote power feed terminal (RPFT).
2.04 Chart 4 is used to check the noise level of the FL pair. These procedures are used to guarantee an acceptable received signal level of the faultlocating tones used in fault-locating SLC-96 digital lines. A broadband and narrowband noise level measurement is performed in this chart. If the noise level is higher than the requirements of Chart 4, a different cable pair must be used for the FL pair, or corrective action taken to bring the pair within acceptable limits. In some instances, engineering may specify "special case" situations, in which the noise level may exceed the requirements of the chart. Under these circumstances, the minimum received signal level will be raised to compensate for the noise level, and engineering will note these conditions.
2.05 Charts 5 and 6 are used to ensure that the levels of the returned FL signals are within required limits and to record them for future reference. These charts are used in conjunction with the procedures of this section and Section 363-202-516 to guarantee an acceptable and operational faultlocating system.
2.06 The Initial Fault Line Tests (IFLT) form (Fig. 3 ) is completed during the tests of this section to record the test data. This form should be supplied by engineering and contain calculated values as noted on the form. If the form is not available from engineering, it can be reproduced locally and the test data recorded when the procedures of this section are performed. The IFLT form is used to provide a record
of the condition of the FL line during initial tests. The IFLT form and the Fault-Locating Record (FLR) form (Fig. 4) provide a record of each SLC-96 system and each FL line. The information recorded on these forms will be used for future reference and trouble analysis.
2.07 Charts 7 and 8 provide procedures for turnup and testing of the order-wire portion of the J1C141AC FL and OW panel.
2.08 The J1C141AC FL and OW panel provides flexibility of the order-wire system configuration by accepting interchangeable plug-in units (Fig. 18) to satisfy specific system requirements.
(a) The order wire and telephone set circuit contains all the equipment necessary to establish a call through the central office switching system, to power the line, and to provide a quiet termination mode for communication between repeater locations or repeater locations to the COT and RT.
(b) The multiple circuit provides the equipment necessary to communicate over any orderwire pair by gaining access to another order wire panel with an OW and TEL SET plug-in unit in the same office.
2.09 The plug-in units provide the circuitry for:
(a) Powering the order-wire line
(b) Obtaining access to the central office switching equipment
(c) Providing system supervisory lamps and alarms
(d) Providing office access to the order-wire line.

The 52 -type headset (Fig. 20) is used in conjunction with the plug-in units to respond to audible and visual alarms initiated at a repeater location.
2.10 Standard H88 loaded cable pairs are used for the order wire. Two or more cable pairs can be connected to the same order wire by using 1574-type bridge lifters. The maximum length of the order-wire line is 23 miles when it is powered with 96 -volts and using 22 -gauge cable.
2.11 Visual inspection of the wiring and panel installation should be performed prior to performing the procedures of this section. Office records must be available to ensure proper completion of the procedures of this section. All tests on the FL panel should be performed first, so that proper operation of the panel is ensured, before filter testing or FL line tests are performed. Charts 2 through 8 should be performed in order.

## CHART 1

## ACTIVE FAULT-LOCATING PANEL TURNUP

The FL and OW panel (Fig. 1 or 2) provides power to the active filters connected to the FL pair. The FL panel provides a termination for the FL pair and access to the pair for fault-locating. At the rear of the FL panel, on TS2, up to 6 FL pairs may be connected to terminals 1 through 12. In the FL panel, the FL signal from the filters is transformer coupled from the pair to provide a normal fault-locate output at the

## CHART 1 (Contd)

FL LINE OUT jack. Office records must be available to determine which pair(s) (1 through 6 ) is to be selected for testing the desired section of T1 line.

This chart gives procedures for selecting options, making cross-connections, and performing initial tests. The filter testing capability can also be checked using these procedures.

## APPARATUS:

1-KS-14510 Volt-Ohm-Milliammeter (VOM) or equivalent
1-900-Ohm Resistor
$1-1 \mu \mathrm{f}$ (or greater), 200 Vdc Capacitor
1-Sierra 315B or 415A-2 T1 Span and Repeater Test Set (315B) (Fig. 5), or (415A) (Fig. 6), or J98725AD T1C/T1 Fault-Locating Set (25AD) (Fig. 7) (Section 103-494-106). See note.

2-P3-Type Patch Cords, equipped with 310 plugs. (P3BH cords are recommended.)
2-Dummy Plugs
Note: The procedures of this chart use the 315B. Use the control settings of Table A if the 25AD is used.

## STEP

## PROCEDURE

1 Remove the +130 V and -48 V fuses for the FL panel. These fuses (FL/OW PNL) located in the COT fuse and alarm panel also serve the order wire portion of the FL and OW panel (J1C141ACL1).

Note: If office is equipped with a J1C141AC-L1, L2 FL and OW panel, remove the -48 V fuse located in the CO fuse and alarm panel (no +130 V fuse).

2 Remove the Fault-Locate Control Unit (FLCU) (Fig. 8) and verify that Option X (terminate) is installed.

Note: Clips (straps) installed on CLIP POS TERM pins determine Option X. These clips are normally provided.

3 Insert the FLCU plug-in into the FL panel. Ensure that the FLCU plug-in is seated properly.

## Page 4

## CHART 1 (Contd)

## STEP

PROCEDURE

4 Determine from office records the required FL cross-connections and obtain the required IFLT form (Fig. 3).

Note: Cross-connections will be required at the MDF.

At the rear of the FL panel, use the VOM to measure voltage between each FL LINE tip (T) and ring (R) terminal to ground on terminal strip 2 (TS2) (Fig. 8) that have connections made to them.

## Requirement: 0 Volts

Note 1: If the requirement is met and cross-connections have been made at the MDF, record the meter indication on the IFLT form in the space marked FOREIGN VOLTAGE T-GRD and R-GRD.

Note 2: If the requirement is not met and cross-connections have not been made at the MDF, clear foreign voltage from the TS2 before proceeding. If cross-connections have been made at the MDF, open the pair at the MDF and repeat Step 5 . If the requirement is met, notify outside repair personnel of problem on the FL pair.

Note 3: Ensure that there is not a T and R reversal at this cross-connect.
Verify that it is safe for the FL pair to be powered. Notify outside plant personnel before powering the FL pair. If the FL pair can be powered, proceed to Step 8.

If the FL pair may not be powered, open the FL pair at the MDF. Using the 900 -ohm resistor in series with the $1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ (or greater) capacitor, bridge a test termination across the selected FL pair on the office side of the MDF. Proceed to Step 10.

At the MDF, if cross-connections have been made, proceed to Step 10. At the MDF, if crossconnections have not been made, use VOM to check for foreign voltage between $T$ and $R$ to ground of the outside FL pair.

Requirement: 0 volts
Note 1: Record the meter indication on the IFLT form in the space marked FOREIGN VOLTAGE T-GRD and R-GRD.

Note 2: A different form will be used for each FL pair.
Note 3: If the requirement is not met, clear foreign voltage from the pair before proceeding.
At the MDF, make the necessary cross-connections from the outside FL cable pairs to pairs from the FL panel FL LINE pins. Ensure that T and R integrity is maintained.

## CHART 1 (Contd)

## STEP

PROCEDURE

Ensure that no test cords or plugs are connected to the FLCU.
At the fuse and alarm panel, locate the FL/OW PNL fuse holders and install the following fuses:

> FUSE
> -48 volt
> +130 volt (if provided)

## CODE

70B Orange ( 2.0 amp )
70E Yellow ( 0.18 amp )

Requirement: Fuses do not blow.
Note: If the requirement is failed, ensure that the proper type fuse was installed. If the proper fuse was installed, install a new fuse. If the new fuse blows, perform the procedures of Chart 9, Part 3, of this section.

On the FLCU, rotate the FL LINE switch through each of the six (6) positions, momentarily stopping at each position.

Requirement: The BUSY, READY, and FLT TST lamps remain extinguished for each position.

Note 1: If the requirement is not met, replace the FLCU plug-in. Repeat Steps $1,2,3,10$, and 11.

Note 2: If the FL pairs are cross-connected at the MDF and the BUSY lamp lights on only one switch position, determine if FL procedures are being performed at another location using this FL line. If FL procedures are being performed from another location, delay testing until BUSY lamp extinguishes.

Note 3: The READY lamp may flicker, when the FL LINE switch is repositioned. Any operation of the BUSY lamp may inhibit the READY lamp from lighting for several seconds.

On the FLCU, insert a dummy plug into the FL LINE OUT jack.
Rotate the FL LINE switch and observe the READY lamp at each position of switch.
Requirement: The READY lamp lights for each position and the BUSY and FLT TST lamps remain extinguished.

Note: If the requirement is not met, replace the FLCU. Repeat Steps $1,2,3$, and 10 through 14. If a fuse blows, see Chart 9 .

## CHART 1 (Contd)

Insert a dummy plug into the FLCU FLT TST IN-1 jack (dummy plug still in FL LINE OUT jack).

Requirement: The FLT TST lamp lights. The READY lamp is extinguished.
Note: If the requirement is not met, replace the FLCU. Repeat Steps 1, 2, 3, and 10 through 15.

Remove the plug from the FLT TST IN-1 jack and insert it into the FLT TST IN-2 jack.
Requirement: The FLT TST lamp extinguishes when the plug is removed and lights when the plug is reinserted into the FLT TST IN-2 jack.

Note: If the requirement is not met, replace the FLCU and repeat Steps $1,2,3$, and 10 through 16.

Set the VOM to the 300 DC VOLTS scale. Connect + lead of the VOM to the $+\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{L}}$ test point on the FLCU and - lead of the VOM to the - VL test point. Record the value measured on the IFLT form in the space marked FL LINE VOLTAGE MEAS.

Requirement: 116 - to 135 -volts dc.
Note 1: If the requirement is not met, remove the plug from the FL LINE OUT jack and repeat the voltage measurement. If the requirement is not met, perform the procedures of Chart 10 , Part 3, of this section.

Note 2: If the requirement is now met, the trouble is on the outside cable pair. Refer the trouble to the proper work group. Chart 3 of this section contains tests to be made on the FL cable pair.

Insert an 1114- or 1115-type filter into the filter test (FLT TST) slot on the FL and OW panel (Fig. 1 or 2 ).

Remove the dummy plug from the FL LINE OUT and FLT TST IN-2 jack, and using P3-type patch cords, connect the 315B as follows:

From: 315B GEN XMT jack
To: FLCU FLT TST IN-2 jack
From: 315B FAULT LOC LINE IN jack
To: FLCU FL LINE OUT jack

## CHART 1 (Contd)

## STEP

PROCEDURE

Connect the 315B power cord to a 117-Vac utility outlet, and set the POWER/LAMP TEST switch to the POWER position.

Requirement: The 315B POWER lamp lights.
Set the controls of the 315B as follows:

CONTROL
RCV LEVEL
FUNCTION
PULSE PERIOD
LINE FILTER

POSITION $-20$

MEAS 1
REF 11
Set to letter code of filter in FLT TST slot

Set the red vernier knob on the 315B REC LEVEL switch to the fully clockwise position.
On the FLCU, set the POLARITY switch to 2.
Set the 315B REC LEVEL control for an on-scale meter reading and note meter indication.
Requirement: $\quad-21$ to $-31 \mathrm{dBm}(59$ to 69 dBrn$)$
Note: If the requirement is not met, replace the filter in FLT TST slot. If the requirement is still not met, replace the FLCU and repeat the procedures of this chart for the replacement FLCU.

Set the POLARITY switch to 1.
Requirement: The meter reading drops at least 50 dB from that of Step 24 , eg, from -31 dBm to -81 dBm .

Note: If the requirement is not met, replace the filter in FLT TST slot.
If an 1114-type filter is installed in FLT TST slot, proceed to Step 28. If an 1115-type filter is installed, remove patch plug from the FLT TST IN-2 jack and insert it into the FLT TST IN-1 jack. Read 315B meter indication.

Requirement: $\quad \pm 1 \mathrm{~dB}$ from reading obtained in Step 24 .
Note: If the requirement is not met, replace the filter and repeat the tests. If the requirement is still failed, replace FLCU and repeat the applicable steps of this chart.

## CHART 1 (Contd)

## STEP

## PROCEDURE

27 Set the POLARITY switch to 2.
Requirement: The meter reading drops at least 50 dB from that of Step 26 , eg, from -31 dBm to -81 dBm .

Note: If the requirement is not met, replace the filter in FLT TST slot.
28 Remove the test connections. If a test termination was installed at the MDF in Step 7, remove the termination and restore the MDF to normal.

## CHART 2

## ACTIVE FILTER (1114/1115-TYPE) PREINSTALLATION TESTS

The 1114/1115-type active FL filters must be tested at the FL panel prior to their installation in the apparatus cases. The filter is installed into the FLT TST slot on the FL panel and accepts test inputs at FLT TST IN-1 and 2 and has its output at FL LINE OUT. Figure 9 is a simplified diagram of the test circuitry of the FL panel.

## APPARATUS:

1-Sierra 315B or 415A-2 T1 Span and Repeater Test Set (315B), or (415A), or J98725AD T1C/T1 Fault-Locating Set (25AD) (Section 103-494-106). See Note.

2-P3-Type Patch Cords, equipped with 310 plugs. (P3BH cords are recommended.)
Note: For this chart the 315B is used. Use the control settings of Table A if the 25AD is used.
STEP PROCEDURE

Prerequisite: The procedures of Chart 1 must be performed first to ensure proper operation of the FL panel.

Obtain the filters to be tested.
Set the POLARITY switch to 2.
Using the P3-type patch cords, connect the 315B as follows. Observe the lamps on FLCU.
From: 315B FAULT LOC LINE IN jack
To: FLCU FL LINE OUT jack
Requirement: The READY lamp lights and the BUSY lamp is extinguished.
Note 1: If the BUSY lamp is lighted, determine if FL procedures are being performed from another location using this FL line. If FL procedures are not being performed, replace the FLCU and perform the procedures of Chart 1.

Note 2: The BUSY lamp may inhibit the READY lamp from lighting for several seconds.
Using a P3-type patch cord, connect the 315B GEN XMT jack to the FLCU FLT TST IN-2 jack (Fig. 10).

Requirement: The FLT TST lamp lights.

## CHART 2 (Contd)

## STEP

PROCEDURE

Note: If the requirement is not met, replace the FLCU and perform the procedures of Chart 1.

Connect the 315B power cord to a 117-Vac utility outlet, and set the POWER/LAMP TEST switch to the POWER position.

Requirement: The 315B POWER lamp lights.
Insert the filter to be tested into the FLT TST slot of the FL panel.
Set the 315 B controls as follows:

CONTROL
FUNCTION
PULSE PERIOD
LINE FILTER

POSITION
MEAS 1
REF 11
Set to letter code of filter in FLT TST slot

Set the red vernier knob on the 315B REC LEVEL switch to the fully clockwise position.
Set the FLCU POLARITY switch to 2.
Set the 315B REC LEVEL control for an on-scale meter reading and note the meter indication.
Requirement: $\quad-21$ to $-31 \mathrm{dBm}(59$ to 69 dBrn$)$
Note: If the requirement is not met, replace the filter and repeat this step.
Set the POLARITY switch to 1 and note the meter indication.
Requirement: The meter indication drops at least 50 dB from that of Step 10, eg, from -31 dBm to -81 dBm .

If 1114-type filters are being tested, proceed to Step 17.
For the 1115-type filters, remove the patch cord plug from the FLT TST IN-2 jack and insert it into the FLT TST IN-1 jack.

Note the 315B meter indication.
Requirement: $\quad \pm 1 \mathrm{~dB}$ from reading obtained in Step 10.

## CHART 2 (Contd)

## STEP

PROCEDURE

Note: If the requirement is not met, replace the filter in the FLT TST slot and repeat the procedures from Step4.

Set the POLARITY switch to 2 and note the 315B meter indication.
Requirement: The meter indication drops at least 50 dB from that of Step 14, eg, from -31 dBm to -81 dBm .

Note: If the requirement is not met, replace the filter in the FLT TST slot and repeat the procedures from Step 4.

Remove the patch cord plug from the FLT TST IN-1 jack and insert it into the FLT TST IN-2.
If an 1114 A or 1115 A is being tested in the FLT TST slot, proceed to Step 21.
For the 1114B (1115B) through 1114M (1115M) filter codes, set the 315B LINE FILTER switch to the next lower filter code than the filter installed in the FLT TST slot (see note).

Note: The next lower code for an 1114B filter would be A, for an 1114 C would be B, etc.
Adjust the 315B REC LEVEL control for an on-scale meter reading. Add the meter reading to the REC LEVEL switch setting.

Requirement: At least 27 dB less than the reading obtained in Step 10 .
Note 1: -58 dBm is 27 dB less than -31 dBm .
Note 2: If the requirement is not met, replace the filter being tested and repeat the procedure from Step 4.

If an 1114 M or 1115 M filter is being tested in the FLT TST slot, proceed to Step 23.
For the $1114 \mathrm{~A}(1115 \mathrm{~A})$ through 1114 L (1115L) filter codes, set the 315B LINE FILTER switch to the next higher filter code than the filter installed in the FLT TST slot (see note).

Note: The next higher filter code for an 1115A filter would be B, for B would be C, etc.
Set the POLARITY switch to 2 and adjust the 315B REC LEVEL control for an on-scale meter reading. Read the meter indication and combine with the REC LEVEL switch setting.

Requirement: At least 27 dB less than reading obtained in Step 10.
Note: If the requirement is not met, replace the filter and repeat this procedure from Step 4.

## CHART 2 (Contd)

## STEP

PROCEDURE

23 Remove the filter from the FLT TST slot. If more filters are to be tested, repeat this procedure from Step 6.

24 If all the filters have been tested, remove all the test equipment connections.

## CHART 3

## FAULT-LOCATING CABLE PAIR TESTS

Note: Failure to meet the requirements of this chart indicates trouble on the FL cable pair. The trouble on this pair must be corrected or another pair selected for use before the pair can be approved for use in fault-locating SLC-96 digital lines. The tests in this chart are designed to ensure that proper installation (construction) has been achieved.

The following procedures require cooperation between COT and RT personnel.

## APPARATUS:

1—KS-14510 Volt-Ohm-Milliammeter (VOM) or equivalent
1-262C Terminating Plug ( 900 -ohm)
1-P3-Type Patch Cord

## STEP

## PROCEDURE

1 Obtain the required IFLT form (Fig. 3).
Note: For some installations this form may be provided by engineering and contain engineering calculated data for use when performing the following tests. If calculated data is not available, the forms can be reproduced locally and the test results recorded for future reference.

Verify that the FL panel has been turned up per Chart 1. Ensure that no plug is installed in the FL panel FL LINE OUT jack.

3 Determine that the pairs associated with the FL system are available and ready for testing.
Note: All outside plant work should be completed on the pairs used for fault-locating and the proper personnel notified before testing is begun. The FL filters should have been tested and installed.

4 At the MDF, if the FL pair cross-connections have been made, proceed to Step 7. If the crossconnections have not been made, proceed to Step 5 .

5 At the MDF, use the VOM to measure the voltage between the $T$ and $R$ terminal to ground of the FL pair being tested.

Requirement: 0 volts
Note 1: Record the meter indication on the IFLT form in the space marked FOREIGN VOLTAGE T-GRD and R-GRD.

## CHART 3 (Contd)

## STEP

## PROCEDURE

Note 2: If the requirement is failed, notify outside plant personnel of the problem on the FL pair.

At the MDF, make the necessary cross-connections of the FL pair(s) as determined from office records. Ensure that T and R integrity is maintained in the FL pair.

## DC Tests (Resistance)

At the COT, remove the FLCU from the FL control panel.
Determine the test locations.
Note: The tests will be conducted from the COT to the last RT associated with the far end of the FL pair. In installations that have branches on the FL pair (see Fig. 11), each branch will be tested separately. If the FL pair has branches to other locations, ensure that the FL pairs at those locations are terminated with 262 C terminating plugs.

Danger: The 467A electron tube (protector) may have up to 124 volts dc on the tube socket.

At the RT, remove the 467A electron tube from its socket (on the front of the 1A Power and Jack Panel) for the fault line that is to be tested (FL1 or FL2) (see Fig. 12). Remove the 262C terminating plug from the FL jack.

At the rear of the COT Fault-Locate Control Panel, connect the VOM to measure resistance between the T and R terminals of the associated FL LINE terminals on TS2.

At the RT, connect a temporary strap between the T and R of the protector tube socket associated with the FL under test (see Fig. 13).

At the COT, measure the loop resistance of the FL under test.
Requirement: This reading should be within $\pm 20$ percent of the specified resistance.
Note: Record the meter indication on the IFLT form in the space marked PAIR MAKE-UP.
At the RT, remove the temporary strap that was installed in Step 11.
At the COT, use the VOM on the X 100 scale to measure the resistance between tip and ground and then the ring and ground of the FL pair.

Requirement: Infinite resistance (open circuit). Indicate this reading on the IFLT form in the DC TESTS block, LEAKAGE RES, T-GRD and R-GRD.

## CHART 3 (Contd)

## STEP

## PROCEDURE

20

From the work print, determine if there is an intentional T and R reversal placed on the FL pair.
Note: If 1114 -type filters are being used and more than 12 filters are on the FL line, then a T and R reversal is made at some point on the FL pair to separate the filter groups. If 1115-type filters are used, a T and R reversal should not be present on the FL pair. Steps 16 through 18 check the T and R integrity of the FL pair.

At the RT, ground the tip side of the FL pair.
Note: To ground the tip side of the line, one end of a test cord is connected to the T pin of the protector socket associated with the FL pair under test. The other end of the test cord is connected to ground.

At the COT, connect the VOM, on the X 100 scale, to measure the resistance between tip and ground of the FL pair.

Requirement: If there is a T and R reversal on the FL pair, the meter indicates infinite resistance. If there is not a T and R reversal, the resistance should be less than that of Step 12.

Repeat Steps 16 and 17 for the ring side of the FL pair.
Note: If there is an unintentional reversal in the FL pair, it must be corrected at the point of the reversal.

9 Remove the VOM at the COT and the ground (test cord) at the RT. Install a terminating plug into the RT FL jack (FL1 or FL2). Replace 467A protectors removed in Step 9.

Note: If any requirement is not met, open the FL pair at the MDF and repeat the tests to isolate the trouble between the CO and the outside pair. If the trouble is in the CO, use office drawings and procedures to locate and correct the trouble. If the trouble is on the outside pair, refer to the proper work group and engineering for correction.

Repeat the DC TESTS on all branches of the FL line. When these tests are completed, ensure that a 262 C terminating plug is installed in the FL jack of the last RT on each branch of the FL line.

## CHART 4

## NOISE TESTS

## APPARATUS:

1-Sierra 315B or 415A-2 T1 Span and Repeater Test Set (315B), (or 415A) or J98725AD T1C/T1 Fault-Locating Set (25AD) (Section 103-494-106). See note.

1—J94003A (3A) or J94003C (3C) Noise Measuring Set (NMS) (Section 103-611-100 or 103-611-101).
2-P3-Type Patch Cords equipped with 310 plugs.
1-ED-3C841 LIU Test Cord (Fig. 19).
Note: The procedures of this section use the 315B. Use Table A to determine the corresponding settings for the 25AD.

## STEP <br> PROCEDURE

Determine the following from office records:
(a) Determine the FL filter type (1114 or 1115) used on the FL line being tested.
(b) Determine the test locations. See note.
(c) Select a digital line (system) which is not in service but is monitored by the filter group (branch of fault line) selected. The digital line must be powered in accordance with Section 363-202-215. Check to determine that the proper line fuse and LIU plug-in are installed.
(d) Determine the FL LINE designation (1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6) on the FL panel that will access the filter group to be tested.
(e) Determine the FL panel POLARITY switch setting that will activate the filter group(s).

Note: The tests will be conducted from the COT to the last RT associated with the far end of the FL pair. In installations that have branches on the FL pair, each branch will be tested separately.

## Broadband Noise Test

2 Verify that the FL pair is properly terminated at the RT with a 262 C terminating plug ( 900 ohms).

Note: If the FL pair is bridged to more than one RT, verify that the FL pairs are properly terminated with 262 C plugs ( 900 -ohms) at each RT (Fig. 11).

At the COT, install the FLCU plug-in into the FL panel if not already installed.

## CHART 4 (Contd)

PROCEDURE

Set the FL LINE switch to the number of the FL line being tested.
Connect the NMS IN jack to the FL panel FL LINE OUT jack.
Set the NMS controls as follows:
DBRN to 10
FUNCTION to NM900
DAMP/NORM to NORM
WTG to C Message (497A Network)
Measure the noise level on the FL pair.
Requirement: 16 dBrnc or less. Record this reading on the IFLT form in the space marked NOISE BROADBAND.

Note 1: If the requirement is failed, perform the procedures of Chart 11.
Note 2: If the requirement is met, perform the NARROWBAND NOISE TESTS.

## Narrowband Noise Tests Using the 315B

Caution: Connect the ED-3C841 LIU test cord to the jack panel before connecting the other end to the LIU plug-in unit. Remove connections in reverse order.

At the COT, using the LIU test cord, connect between an LIU location on the COT jack panel first and the LIU plug-in unit associated with the digital line to be tested.

At the COT, connect the 315B test set as follows (Fig. 14):
From: 315B GEN XMT jack
To: TRMTG LINE jack on the COT jack panel
From: 315B FAULT LOC LINE IN jack
To: FL Panel FL LINE OUT jack (remove NMS connection)
Monitoring headphone To: 315B PHONE jack

## CHART 4 (Contd)

## STEP

PROCEDURE

Requirement: The READY lamp lights on the FL panel when a plug is inserted into the FL LINE OUT jack.

Note: The BUSY lamp may inhibit the READY lamp from lighting for several seconds.

Connect the 315B power cord to a 117-Vac utility outlet, and set the POWER/LAMP TEST switch to the POWER position.

Requirement: The 315B POWER lamp lights.
Set the 315B controls as follows:

## FUNCTION $\boldsymbol{t o}$ QRW GEN

## NORM to NORM

Set the FL panel FL LINE switch to the required position as determined in Step 1(d).
Note: The READY lamp may flicker when the FL LINE switch is repositioned.
If 1114-type filters are installed, set the FL panel POLARITY switch to 2 to activate the first filter group out from the COT.

If 1115 -type filters are installed, set the FL panel POLARITY switch to 1 to activate the first filter group out from the COT.

Set the 315B LINE FILTER switch to the first filter code provided (A) and adjust the 315B REC LEVEL control knob for an on-scale reading.

Requirement: Less than $-90 \mathrm{dBm}(0 \mathrm{dBrn})$. Record the meter reading on the IFLT form in the column heading NARROWBAND NOISE for each FL filter code (A through M). If the requirement is not met, perform the procedures of Chart 11, and refer the results to engineering and supervision.

Note: -92 dBm is less than -90 dBm .
Repeat Step 14 for all filter codes provided (A through M).
If 1114-type filters are installed and more than 12 filters are on the FL line, set the FL panel POLARITY switch to 1 to activate the second filter group. Repeat Step 14 for all filter codes in the second group.

If 1115-type filters are installed, set the FL panel POLARITY switch to 2 to activate the filter group out from the RT.

## CHART 4 (Contd)

## STEP

## PROCEDURE

Insert a KS-19531-L1 pin plug into the F END LP (Far End Loop) jack on the LIU plug-in unit associated with the digital line being used. This will initiate a digital line loopback at the RT or apply QRSS at the RT. Repeat Step 14 for all filter codes.

If the filters are 1115-type, proceed to Chart 5.
If the filters are 1114-type, continue to Step 20.
Caution: Connect the ED-3C841 LIU test cord to the jack panel before connecting the other end to the LIU plug-in unit. Remove connections in reverse order.

At the RT, using the LIU test cord, connect between an LIU location on the RT jack panel first and the LIU plug-in unit associated with the digital line to be tested.

Using P3BH patch cords, connect the 315B as follows (Fig. 15):
From: 315B FAULT LOC LINE IN jack
To: FL Panel FL LINE OUT jack
From: 315B GEN XMT jack
To: TRMTG LINE jack on the RT jack panel
Monitoring headphone To: 315B PHONE jack
Connect the 315B power cord to a 117-Vac utility outlet, and set the POWER/LAMP TEST switch to the POWER position.

Requirement: The 315B POWER lamp lights.
Set the 315B controls as follows:
FUNCTION to QRW GEN

## NORM to NORM

At the COT, ensure the FL panel FL LINE switch is set to the required position as determined in Step 1(d).

If more than 12 filters are installed on the FL line, ensure that the FL panel POLARITY switch is set to position 1 to activate the filters closest to the RT. If less than 12 filters are installed, set the POLARITY switch to position 2.

## CHART 4 (Contd)

## STEP

PROCEDURE

26 Set the 315B LINE FILTER switch to the first filter code (second filter, third, etc) out from the RT and adjust the 315B REC LEVEL control knob for an on-scale reading.

Requirement: Less than $-90 \mathrm{dBm}(0 \mathrm{dBrn})$
Note 1: Record this reading on the IFLT form in the column heading NARROWBAND NOISE for each FL filter code provided (A through M). If the requirement is not met, refer the results to engineering and supervision.

Note 2: A separate IFLT form may have to be used to record test results from the RT.
27 Repeat Step 26 for all filter codes provided (A through M).
28 If more than 12 filters are installed, set the FL panel POLARITY switch to position 2 to activate the filter group closest to the COT. Repeat Step 26 for all filter codes provided (A through M) in this group.

29 At the RT, remove test cord from the LIU plug-in unit first and then the RT jack panel, remove the patch cords connecting the 315B test set to the RT jack panel. Install a 262 C terminating plug into the FL jack. Continue to Chart 6.

## CHART 5

## FAULT-LOCATING SIGNAL (TONE) LEVEL TESTS FOR 1115-TYPE FILTERS

Note: The purpose of this test is to ensure that the levels of the returned FL signals are within required limits, and to record them for future reference. This test also ensures that the output level of a deactivated filter is low enough not to interfere with other signals.

## STEP

PROCEDURE

Prerequisite: The procedures of Chart 4 must have been performed prior to entering this chart. All of the repeaters must be set to the OS option.

Caution: Connect the ED-3C841 LIU test cord to the jack panel before connecting the other end to the LIU plug-in unit. Remove connections in reverse order.

At the COT, using the LIU test cord, connect between an LIU location on the COT jack panel first and the LIU plug-in unit associated with the digital line to be tested.

Using P3-type patch cords, connect the 315B as follows:
From: 315B GEN XMT jack
To: TRMTG LINE jack on the COT jack panel
From: 315B FAULT LOC LINE IN jack
To: FLT LINE OUT jack on the Fault-Locate (FL) panel
Set the FL panel FL LINE switch to the designation (1, $2,3,4,5$, or 6 ) corresponding to the faultlocate line to be used.

At the COT, set the 315 B controls as follows:
FUNCTION to MEAS 1
PULSE PERIOD to REF 11
LINE FILTER to same as code letter of filter to be tested. Start with first filter out from COT.

Set the red vernier knob on the 315B REC LEVEL switch to the fully clockwise position.
Determine from office records (or the applicable FL panel designation card, Fig. 16) the required FL panel POLARITY switch position for fault-locating out from the COT.

Note: POLARITY 1 will activate the 1115 filters transmitting out from the COT and POLARITY 2 will activate the 1115 filters in the receiving direction.

## CHART 5 (Contd)

## STEP

## PROCEDURE

Set the POLARITY switch to the POLARITY 1 position for fault-locating OUT from the COT.
Set the 315B REC LEVEL control for an on-scale reading.
Requirement 1: Greater than $-74 \mathrm{dBm}(16 \mathrm{dBrn})$ and within $\pm 10 \mathrm{~dB}$ of that recorded for the previous filter. See Note 1. If engineering has provided calculated tone levels on the IFLT form, the meter indication shall be $\pm 6 \mathrm{~dB}$ of the value provided. Record the measured values on the IFLT form in the column labeled TONE LEVEL POLARITY 1 or 2 MEAS and on the applicable FL LINE label. Also, record the value on the fault-locating record (FLR) form in the space marked TRANSMISSION TEST MEAS 1.

Note 1: -72 dBm is greater than -74 dBm .
Requirement 2: The fault-locating audio tone can be clearly heard at the monitoring headphone.

Note 2: Failure to meet these requirements may be caused by one or more of the following:
(a) Test equipment or connections faulty.
(b) Filter missing, defective, or not connected to the FL pair.
(c) Defective repeater.
(d) Defective apparatus case FL filter switch (located behind, and operated by, a plugged-in FL-filter).
(e) FL pair defective.
(f) Digital line cable trouble.
(g) Tip and Ring reversal. At the point in which no fault tones are received, set POLARITY switch to other polarity. If fault tones are now received, the pair is reversed in the line section ahead (closer to COT) of this filter location.
(h) Check for proper repeater options (OS).

Repeat Step 8 for all filter codes (A through M) installed.
At the COT, return the 315B LINE FILTER switch to the letter code of the first filter out from the RT.

Insert a KS-19531-L1 pin plug into the F END LP (Far End Loop) jack on the LIU plug-in unit associated with the digital line being used. This will loop the digital line back at the RT.

## CHART 5 (Contd)

STEP
PROCEDURE

At the COT, set the FL panel POLARITY switch to the POLARITY 2 position (for fault-locating transmission from the RT) and set the 315B REC LEVEL control for an on-scale reading. See Note 1.

Requirement: The same as that recorded in Step 8.
Note 1: POLARITY 2 will activate the filters out from the RT.
Note 2: If the requirements in Step 8 were not met, and the meter reading now indicates greater than $-74 \mathrm{dBm}(16 \mathrm{dBrnc})$, a tip and ring reversal exists in the FL pair between the filter location under test and the preceding filter. This unintentional reversal must be corrected at the point of the reversal. Then repeat this procedure from Step 7.

Repeat Steps 10, 11, and 12 for all filter codes (A through M) installed.
Note: Record the measured values on the IFLT form in the column labeled TONE LEVEL POLARITY 1 or 2 MEAS. Also, record this value on the FLR form in the space marked TRANSMISSION TEST MEAS 1. If the requirement is not met, see Note 2 in Step 8.

If the FL pair being tested has branches to other locations, repeat the tests of Charts 4 and 5 on all branches.

When the tests of this section have been completed, perform the fault-locating procedures of Section 363-202-516.

Note: Fault-locating records must be kept for all SLC-96 systems and FL pairs for future reference and trouble analysis. The test connections made in this chart will be the same as for the procedures in Section 363-202-516.

## CHART 6

FAULT-LOCATING SIGNAL (TONE) LEVEL TESTS FOR 1114 -TYPE FILTERS

Note: The purpose of this test is to ensure that the levels of the returned FL signals are within required limits, and to record them for future reference. This test also ensures that the output level of a deactivated filter is low enough not to interfere with other signals and that there are no unauthorized T and R reversals on the FL pair.

## STEP

PROCEDURE

Prerequisite: The procedures of Chart 4 must have been performed prior to entering this chart. All of the repeaters must be set to the STD option.

Determine from office records or work prints the location of the authorized $T$ and R reversal (if required) on the FL pair. If no T and R reversal is required ( 12 or less filters), proceed to Step 3.

At the last apparatus case out from COT before the authorized T and R reversal, terminate the repeater output of the digital line being used for testing.

Note: To terminate the repeater output, remove the correct repeater from its slot and insert it into the J 98725 AB set or equivalent. Insert the correct probe of the 25 AB into the repeater slot and terminate the output with the $100 \Omega$ TERM/LINE switch (Fig. 17).

Caution: Connect the ED-3C841 LIU test cord to the jack panel before connecting the other end to the LIU plug-in unit. Remove connections in reverse order.

At the COT, using the LIU test cord, connect between an LIU location on the COT jack panel first and the LIU plug-in unit associated with the digital line to be tested.

At the COT, ensure the 315B is connected as follows (Fig. 14):
From: 315B GEN XMT jack
To: TRMTG LINE jack on the COT jack panel
From: 315B FAULT LOC LINE IN jack
To: FL Panel FL LINE OUT jack
Ensure the 315B controls are set as follows:
FUNCTION to MEAS 1
PULSE PERIOD to REF 11
LINE FILTER to same as code letter of filter to be tested. Start with first filter in a group out from COT.

## CHART 6 (Contd)

## STEP

PROCEDURE

Set the red vernier knob on the 315B REC LEVEL switch to the fully clockwise position.
Determine from the applicable FL panel designation card (Fig. 16) or office records, the POLARITY switch position to activate the filter selected for test.

Note: POLARITY 2 will activate the 1114 filter group closest to the COT and POLARITY 1 will activate the filter group beyond the authorized T and R reversal.

Set the POLARITY switch to the correct position to activate the filter selected for test.
Set the 315B REC LEVEL control for an on-scale reading. Record the measured values on the IFLT form in the column labeled TONE LEVEL POLARITY 1 or 2 MEAS and on the applicable FL panel designation card (Fig. 16). Also, record this value on the FLR form in the space marked TRANSMISSION TEST MEAS 1 (Fig. 4).

Requirement 1: Greater than $-74 \mathrm{dBm}(16 \mathrm{dBrn})$ and within $\pm 10 \mathrm{~dB}$ of that recorded for the previous filter. See note. If engineering has provided calculated tone levels on the IFLT form, the meter indication shall be $\pm 6 \mathrm{~dB}$ of the value provided.

Note 1: -72 dBm is greater than -74 dBm . The meter indication from the filter at the terminated repeater will be approximately 2 dB below normal due to the loading effect of the transformer in the 25 AB .

Requirement 2: The audio tone can be clearly heard at the monitoring headphone.
Note 2: If the requirement of Step 9 is not met, change the POLARITY switch to the opposite polarity. If the tone level now meets the requirement, an unintentional tip and ring reversal exists in the fault line between the filter under test and the preceding filter. This unintentional reversal must be corrected at the point of the reversal. Then repeat this procedure from Step 9.

Note 3: Failure to meet these requirements may be caused by one or more of the following:
(a) Test equipment or connections faulty
(b) Filter missing, defective, or not connected to the FL pair
(c) Defective repeater
(d) Defective apparatus case FL filter switch (located behind and operated by, a plugged-in FL filter)
(e) FL pair defective or an unauthorized tip and ring reversal

## CHART 6 (Contd)

## PROCEDURE

(f) Digital line cable trouble
(g) Tip and Ring reversal
(h) Check for proper repeater options (STD).

On the FLCU, set the POLARITY switch to deactivate the selected filter (change polarity).
Set the 315B REC LEVEL control for an on-scale reading.
Requirement: The meter indication drops at least 30 dB from that of Step 8 (eg, from -40 dBm to -70 dBm ).

Note: If the requirement is not met, see Note 3 in Step 9.
If all filters in this group have not been tested, set the 315B LINE FILTER switch to the next filter out (second filter, third, etc) and repeat Steps 8 through 11. If no unauthorized T and R reversal is on the FL pair, proceed to Step 18 after all filters have been tested.

Note: Any trouble found in the first filter group should be cleared before testing the second filter group.

At the terminated repeater location, remove the 25 AB and restore the repeater to its normal operating condition.

At the FL panel, ensure the POLARITY switch is set to activate the filters between the authorized T and R reversal and the RT.

Set the 315B LINE FILTER switch to the code letter of the filter to be tested and repeat Step 9 for each filter, in order, from the authorized $T$ and $R$ reversal to the RT.

At the last apparatus case out from the $\boldsymbol{R T}$ before the authorized $T$ and $R$ reversal, terminate the repeater output of the digital line being used for testing. See note in Step 2.

Caution: Connect the ED-3C841 LIU test cord to the jack panel before connecting the other end to the LIU plug-in unit. Remove connections in reverse order.

At the RT, using the LIU test cord, connect between an LIU location on the RT jack panel first and the LIU plug-in unit associated with the digital line to be tested.

Using P3-type patch cords, connect the 315B as follows (Fig. 15):
From: 315B GEN XMT jack

## CHART 6 (Contd)

To: RT jack panel TRANSMITTING LINE jack
From: 315B FAULT LOC LINE IN jack
To: FL( ) jack on RT jack panel. () = FL1 or FL2
Connect the monitoring headphone to the 315B PHONE jack.
Connect the 315B power cord to the 117-Vac utility outlet located at the RT, and place the POWER/LAMP TEST switch to the POWER position.

Requirement: The 315B POWER lamp lights.

At the COT, remove all patch cords from the FL panel.
At the RT, set the 315B controls as follows:
FUNCTION to MEAS 1
PULSE PERIOD to REF 11
LINE FILTER to same as code letter of filter to be tested. Start with filter closest to RT.
Set the red vernier knob on the 315B REC LEVEL switch to the fully clockwise position.
At the COT, ensure the FLCU POLARITY switch is set to the position to activate the group of filters between the authorized T and R reversal and the RT. If no T and R reversal is required, set the POLARITY switch to the same as in Steps 7 and 8 to activate the filters being tested. Insert a 262 C terminating plug into the FL LINE OUT jack on the fault locate panel.

At the RT, set the 315B LINE FILTER switch to the code letter of the filter to be tested from the RT.

Set the 315B REC LEVEL control for an on-scale reading.
Requirement 1: Greater than $-74 \mathrm{dBm}(16 \mathrm{dBrn})$. See Notes 2 and 4 . If engineering has provided calculated tone levels on the IFLT form, the meter indication shall be $\pm 6 \mathrm{~dB}$ of value provided.

Note 1: -72 dBm is greater than -74 dBm .
Requirement 2: The audio tone can be clearly heard at the monitoring headphone.

## CHART 6 (Contd)

## PROCEDURE

Note 2: If the requirements in Step 24 were not met, and the meter reading now indicates greater than $-74 \mathrm{dBm}(16 \mathrm{dBrn})$, a tip and ring reversal exists in the FL pair between the filter location under test and the preceding filter. This unintentional reversal must be corrected at the point of the reversal. Then repeat this procedure from Step 24.

Note 3: Record the measured values on the IFLT form (Fig. 3) in the column labeled TONE LEVEL POLARITY 1 or 2 MEAS and on the applicable FL LINE label, if provided. Also record this value on the FLR form in the space marked TRANSMISSION TEST MEAS 1.

Note 4: Failure to meet these requirements may be caused by one or more of the following:
(a) Test equipment or connections faulty
(b) Defective repeater
(c) Defective apparatus case wiring
(d) Digital line cable trouble
(e) Tip and Ring reversal
(f) Check for proper repeater options (STD).

On the FLCU, set the POLARITY switch to deactivate the selected filter.
Set the 315B REC LEVEL control for an on-scale reading.
Requirement: The meter indication drops at least 30 dB from that of Step 24 (eg, from -40 dBm to -70 dBm ).

Note: If the requirement is not met, see Notes 2 and 4 in Step 24.
If all filters in this group have not been tested, set the 315B LINE FILTER switch to the next filter out from the RT (second filter, third, etc) and repeat Steps 24 through 26 . If no T and R reversal is on the FL pair, proceed to Step 31.

At the terminated repeater location, remove the 25 AB and restore the repeater to its normal operating condition.

At the COT, set the FLCU POLARITY switch to activate the group of filters between the COT and the authorized T and R reversal.

At the RT, repeat Step 24 for all filters between the COT and the authorized $T$ and $R$ reversal.

## CHART 6 (Contd)

## STEP

## PROCEDURE

31 If the FL pair being tested has branches to other locations, repeat the tests of this chart on all branches.

32 When the tests of this chart have been completed, perform the fault-locating procedures of Section 363-202-516.

Note: Fault-Locating Records must be kept for all SLC-96 systems and FL pairs for future reference and trouble analysis. The test connections made in this chart will be the same for the procedures in Section 363-202-516.

## CHART 7

ORDER WIRE PANEL TURNUP

This chart gives procedures for turning up the order-wire portion of the J1C141AC FL and OW panel or for making an addition to an existing FL and OW panel. This involves option selections, cross-connections, fusing, and operation tests. Fig. 18 shows the order-wire plug-ins.

The OW and TEL SET plug-in [ED-3C556-( ) GP3] is normally provided in the SLC-96 FL and OW panel for communicating over an order wire between the COT and RT(s) and each intermediate repeater location. However, if the SLC-96 system follows the same route as another system which is already served by an order wire, both systems may share this order wire. The SLC-96 COT FL and OW panel will in this case, require a MULTIPLE CIRCUIT plug-in unit [ED-3C557-( ) GPl] with office wiring between it and the existing OW panel (equipped with an OW and TEL SET plug-in).

## APPARATUS:

1-KS-14510 Volt-Ohm-Milliammeter (VOM) or equivalent
1-1014A Handset Equipped with 2W37A Cord or 1013A Handset
2-52-Type Headsets (Fig. 20)

## Preparation

1 Determine from the office records the OW PNL position(s) to be equipped and the code(s) of the $0 W$ plug-in(s) required.

Determine that the required order-wire lines are connected to the FL and OW PNL. Also determine that the required lines are ready for powering or service.

3 Remove the OW/FL PNL fuses from the fuse and alarm panel.
4 Determine the required OW cross-connections, if any. Check the points to be cross-connected for presence of voltage; clear voltage if present. Make the required cross-connections.

## Option Selection

5a For OW \& TEL SET plug-ins only, determine from the office records the OW power required for the OW PNL. Option W is for 48 volts, and option $U$ is for 96 volts.

5b For MULTIPLE CIRCUIT plug-ins, go to Step 9.

## CHART 7 (Contd)

For 48 -volt OW powering (option W normally provided), ensure that a strap is in place on TS3 between terminals 1 and 2, at the rear of the FL and OW panel.

For 96-volt OW powering (option U), remove strap between terminals 1 and 2, on TS3 and place a strap between terminals 1 and 3 , at the rear of the FL and OW panel.

Determine if option V for office service alarms not accepting loop closures is needed.
If option V is necessary, install straps between the TS1-16, -18 , and -19 terminals at rear of the FL and OW PNL.

If option V is not needed, ensure that no straps are in place between the TS1-16, -18 , and -19 terminals at the rear of the FL and OW PNL.

## Plug-In Installation

Install the plug-in in the proper FL and 0W PNL slot (J1).

## Fusing

Insert type $70 \mathrm{~B}(2.0 \mathrm{amp})$ fuses into the $0 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{FL}$ PNL fuse block(s) on the fuse and alarm panel.
Requirement: Fuses must not operate (blow). If the requirement is not met, refer to the OW fusing trouble chart (Chart 12).

Use the 60 -volt dc scale on the VOM to measure the OW PNL input voltage between the TS1-20 $(-48 \mathrm{~V})$ and -19 (GRD) terminals.

Requirement: Normal voltage range, 45 to 50 volts.
For 96 -volt powering, use the 300 -volt de scale on the VOM to measure the OW PNL input voltage between the TS2-20 ( +130 volts) and the TS2-18 (GRD) terminals.

Requirement: Normal voltage range, 125 to 135 volts.
Note: The 96 -volt OW powering is developed from +130 volts and ground by the use of diodes CR1 and CR2 in the +130 volt lead (see SD-3C423-01).

Applicable steps for testing each plug-in are listed below. See note.

## CHART 7 (Contd)

## STEP

## PROCEDURE

OW PLUG-IN<br>APPLICABLE STEPS<br>OW \& TEL SET<br>MULTIPLE CIRCUIT<br>13 through 21<br>22 through 30

Note: Only one plug-in is provided for any application.

## OW \& TEL SET

13 On the DF, determine the locations of the OW pairs associated with the OW \& TEL SET position. Also determine if a subscriber line is provided at the OW \& TEL SET position.

## OW \& TEL SET Communication and Plug-In Test

Ensure that the OW \& TEL SET plug-in ACO key is in the horizontal position (nonoperated). Also ensure that no cords, plugs, or headsets are connected to the OW \& TEL SET.

Obtain a 1014A handset with a 2W37A cord. Set MON-TALK switch to MON. Bridge across the OW pair on the bay side of the DF.

If the OW \& TEL SET has not been provided a subscriber line, go to Step 17.
16b If the OW \& TEL SET is connected to a subscriber line, move MON-TALK switch (on 1014A handset) to TALK. A dial tone should be heard. Dial the testboard and make a communication check. To disconnect, move the switch to MON.

Requirement: The call is completed. If the requirement is not met, attempt to clear the trouble by referring to Table B.

Note: If no test board is available, call the office phone for communication check.
Momentarily move the 1014A MON-TALK switch to TALK. Return switch to MON for at least 5 seconds but no more than 15 seconds, then move permanently to TALK. Quiet condition should be heard in the handset. There should be sidetone but no dial tone.

Note: If the switch is not moved from MON after the required amount of time, the quiet termination will not be achieved and another try will be necessary.

18 If connected, the office service alarms will operate. The OW lamp will light on the OW \& TEL SET plug-in. Turn ACO key; the audible service alarm should silence and the ACO lamp should light.

19 Restore ACO key to normal; the ACO lamp will be extinguished and an audible alarm will sound. Patch the 52-type headset (Fig. 20) into the OW \& TEL SET jacks; the ACO lamp will light and the audible alarm will be silenced. Make a communication check with the DF.

## CHART 7 (Contd)

## PROCEDURE

Requirement: Quiet termination and lamp test should pass. If any portions of Steps 17 through 19 fail, replace the OW plug-in.

Remove the 52 -type headset. On the 1014 A handset, move switch to MON; then remove the 1014 A handset from the DF or protector panel.

## OW \& TEL SET Test Complete

If another plug-in for the OW PNL needs to be tested, return to Step 12.
If the required plug-in for the OW PNL has been tested, go to Step 31.

## MULTIPLE CIRCUIT PLUG-IN TEST

Determine that the OW cabling connections between the COT FL and OW panel and the other office order wire panel are completed.

The communication test can be deferred until powering on the cabling can be completed or until after the OW system test of Chart 8. Go to Step 28 for the plug-in tests.

If the OW powering and cabling is completed, determine which terminals on the DF for the OW pair are connected to the MULTIPLE CIRCUIT PLUG-IN or the COT (via the existing office order wire panel).

## Communication Test

Obtain a 1014A handset (yellow) with a 2W37A cord. Set the MON-TALK switch to MON. Bridge across the OW pair at the DF.

Momentarily move the 1014A MON-TALK to TALK. Return the switch to MON for at least 5 seconds but no more than 15 seconds, then move permanently to TALK. Quiet condition should be heard in the handset.

Patch the 52-type headset into the OW TEL SET jacks on the MULTIPLE CIRCUIT plug-in. Make a communication check with the DF.

Remove the 52-type headset. On the 1014A handset move the switch to MON; then remove the 1014 A handset from the DF.

## Plug-In Test

Ensure that no cords, plugs, or headsets are connected to the MULTIPLE CIRCUIT plug-in.

## CHART 7 (Contd)

STEP PROCEDURE

29 Patch the 52-type headset to the OW TEL SET jacks on the MULTIPLE CIRCUIT plug-in. The ACO lamp should light. Then remove the 52 -type headset. The ACO lamp should extinguish.

## Test Complete

30a If another plug-in is to be tested, return to Step 12.
30b If the plug-ins in the FL and OW PNL have been tested, go to Step 31.
OW PNL Turnup and Tests Complete
31 The OW PNL turnup and tests have been completed on this bay. These tests can be done on a single-bay basis.

## CHART 8

## ORDER WIRE SYSTEM TEST

The procedures in this chart are used to test the OW connections between offices. The OW must provide sufficient speech volume at a low enough noise level to permit communication with the offices at the other end of the system.

## APPARATUS:

1-52-type headset (Fig. 20)
$1-1014 \mathrm{~A}$ handset with 2 W 37 A cord

## STEP

 PROCEDUREIn the local office, determine the slots of the OW PNL which require testing. (Only slots with newly added OW \& TEL SET or MULTIPLE CIRCUIT plug-ins require testing.) Determine the OW lines to which the plug-ins are connected.

A craft person will be required at the RT to assist in completing the following tests.
Note: If a crew is to be sent to the unattended office, advise the crew supervisor to establish contact when they arrive. (This task is one of several tasks to be performed.)

Prior to test time, determine the following:

- That outside plant has turned over the OW circuit
- That protection units are installed at the DF or protector panel
- That the OW PNL turnup and plug-in installation has been completed.


## Communication Check

At the RT, connect the 1014A handset to the OW terminals on the 1A power and jack panel and obtain a "quiet termination" (see Step 17, Chart 7).

Requirement: Obtaining a quiet termination will cause an order wire alarm at the CO. Insertion of the 52 -type headset in the OW TEL SET jack at the COT FL and OW panel will silence the alarm and communication should be established between the COT and RT.

After the offices have made OW contact, make a communication check. The COT offices will evaluate the communication.

Requirement: The quality of the talk circuit should have sufficient speech volume and a low enough noise level for clear communications. If the requirement is not met, see Table B.

## CHART 8 (Contd)

## STEP PROCEDURE

## Test Complete

6 If the talk circuit is satisfactory, remove the 52 -type headset. This $0 W$ is now considered ready for use as a maintenance aid. If other OWs in the local office require testing, return to Step 1.

## 3. TROUBLE LOCATION

3.01 The following charts provide procedures for locating some types of trouble detected during the tests of this section. Chart 9 provides procedures
for locating trouble causing blown fuses for the FL panel. Chart 10 provides procedures to isolate FL panel powering problems. Chart 11 contains procedures to isolate the cause of a noisy FL pair.


Chart 9—Blown FL Fuse Trouble


Chart 10—FL Panel Powering ( $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{t}}$ ) Trouble


Chart II-Noisy FL Pair Trouble


TABLE A

25AD PREINSTALLATION CONTROL SETTINGS

| CONNECTIONS |  | 25AD CONTROL SETTINGS |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| FROM -25AD FL TEST SET | TO FLCU (NOTE 1) | CONTROL | POSITION |
| GEN SPAN LINE | FLT TST IN | CLOCK RATE | T1 |
|  |  | FUNCTION | Note 2 |
| RCV FL LINE |  | FL LINE OUT | PULSE DENSITY |
|  |  |  | On-scale reading |
|  |  | FILTER | Code letter of filter |

Note 1: The FLCU FLT TST IN-1 and 2 jacks are used for filter preinstallation tests.
Note 2: If the $315 B$ setting is QRW GEN, the $25 A D$ FUNCTION switch setting would be on BIPOLAR SIGNAL. If the 315B setting is MEAS 1,2 , or 3 , the 25 AD FUNCTION switch setting would be the same.

TABLE B
OW TROUBLE TABLE

| test | REQUIREMENTS | REQUIREMENTS NOT MET |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Toward Cable |  |  |
| Leakage resistance from Tip to Grd | Greater than 30,000 ohms | Cable trouble - notify outside plant |
| Leakage resistance from Ring to Grd | Greater than 30,000 ohms | Cable trouble -- notify outside plant |
| Loop resistance | Greater than 30,000 ohms | Cable trouble - notify outside plant |
| Foreign potential | None | Contact outside plant and engineering |
| Toward Office |  |  |
| Voltage Tip to Grd | $+45 \pm 5 \mathrm{Vdc}$ ( 96 -volt powering) or Grd continuity ( -48 volt powering only) | Office troubles - wiring, resistance lamp, plug-in or fuse. Remove FL/OW PNL fuses ( $+130,-48$ ), then use SD-3C423$01 \&$ SD-3C420-01 to clear trouble. |
| Voltage Ring to Grd | $-48 \mathrm{~V} \pm 5 \mathrm{Vdc}$ | Same as above |

Note 1: The OW can be checked using a test desk or local test cabinet by connecting test leads to the OW at the MDF. The test position will test toward the cable and then toward the office. See Note 2.

Note 2: The MDF must be restored after this testing.


Fig. 1-SLC-96 Fault-Locate and Order Wire Panel (JIC141AC-L1)


Fig. 2-SLC-96 Fault-Locate and Order Wire Panel (JIC141AC-L.1, L2)

INITIAL FAULT LINE TESTS
PAGE $\qquad$ OF $\qquad$

| ORDER NO. | SYSTEM |  | COT |  | RT |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ENGINEERED BY |  | TELEPHONE NO. |  | DATE ISSLIED | NEW CHANGE | $\square$ |
| BAY NO. | FL LINE NO. | ACTIVE SW POS | FILTER TYPE | FAULT PAIR ASSIGNMENT CABLE <br> PAIR |  |  |
| TESTER $\qquad$ SUPERVISOR |  | TELEPHONE NO. | TEST SET | DATE TESTED | INITIAL RETEST | $\square$ | ENGINEERED


| PAIR MAKE-UP |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| GA | KFT | LOOP <br> RES |  |  |
| 17 |  |  |  |  |
| 19 |  |  |  |  |
| 20 |  |  |  |  |
| 22 |  |  |  |  |
| 24 |  |  |  |  |
| 25 |  |  |  |  |
| 26 | TOTAL |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| KFT | LOOP | MEAS |  |  |
|  | RES | RES* |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |

*TIP AND RING STRAPPED AT THE RT


| MEASUREMENT AT COT $\square$ RT $\square$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NOISE |  | TONE LEVEL |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { BROAD } \\ & \text { BAND } \end{aligned}$ | BIPOLAR <br> (NARROW <br> BAND) |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { POLARITY } \\ 1 \text { OR } 2 \end{array}$ | $\underset{1}{\text { POLARITY }}$ | $\underset{1}{\text { POLARITY }}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { POLARITY } \\ 2 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { POLARITY } \\ 2 \end{array}$ |
| FL FILTER SEQ | MEAS | ENGR | MEAS | ENGR | MEAS |
|  | DBM DBRN | DBM DBRN | DBM DBRN | DBM DBRN | DBM DBRN |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
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Fig. 3-Initial Fault Line Tests (IFLT) Form



| FILTER COOE | RPTR COOE | TRANSHISSTON TEST |  |  |  | PULSE PERIOO |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\max _{\text {SHIFT }}$ | notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | MEASTRE |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { (MB MOISE) } \\ \text { BIPOLAR } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 10 | 9 |  | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 |  |  |
|  |  | 1 | 2 | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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Fig. 4-Fault-Locating Record (FLR) Form


Fig. 5-Sierra 315B TI Span and Repeater Test Set


Fig. 6-Sierra 415A-2 PCM Span and Repeater Test Set


Fig. 7-J98725AD TIC/TI Fault-Locate Test Set

B. TS2 WIRING AT REAR OF FL PANEL

Fig. 8-Fault-Locate Control Unit (FLCU) Options and TS2 Wiring


Fig. 9-Simplified Diagram of the Fault-Locate Test Position


Fig. 10-Filter Preinstallation Test Connections



Fig. 11 -Fault-Locating Line Configurations (Example)


Fig. 12-SLC-96 RT IA Power and Jack Panel


Fig. 13-DC Loop Resistance Test Setup

SLC－96 DRDER WIRE AND FAULT LOCATE PANEL


SLC－96 COT JACK PANEL
＿＿TEST A．－TEST SETUP AT COT USING 315b TEST SET
ーーー test b．－test setup at cot using 25ad test set

Fig．14－COT Fault－Locating Configurations


Fig. 15-RT Fault-Locating Configurations

| fl Line No. $\qquad$ FILTER GROUP LOC. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Polarity i |  | FL | POLARITY 2 |  |
| LEV | LOC |  | LOC | LEV |
|  |  | A |  |  |
|  |  | B |  |  |
|  |  | c |  |  |
|  |  | 0 |  |  |
|  |  | E |  |  |
|  |  | F |  |  |
|  |  | G |  |  |
|  |  | H |  |  |
|  |  | J |  |  |
|  |  | k |  |  |
|  |  | L |  |  |
|  |  | M |  |  |

Fig. 16—Fault-Locate Panel Designation Card


Fig. 17-J98725AB Bipolar Violation Detector


Fig. 18-Order Wire Plug-in Units


Fig. 19-ED-3C841 LIU Test Cord


Fig. 20-Head Telephone Set (No. 52 Type)

