# **RECREATIONAL VEHICLE WIRING**

# NONPERMANENT-TYPE

# (TRAILERS, CAMPERS, TRUCK CAMPERS, MOTOR HOMES AND BOATS)

### 1. GENERAL

 1.01 This section contains wiring information for use in providing telephone service to recreational vehicles and boats at marinas. This BSP does not apply to permanent-type installations such as mobile homes. Refer to Section 461-220-100 for wiring of permanent installations.

 A recreational vehicle (RV) is a unit mounted on a chassis designed for travel, camping, semipermanent home, vacationing and other outdoor use. Wiring methods in this section cover travel trailers, truck-mounted campers, camping trailers, motor homes, and vans converted to campers and boats docked at marinas.

1.03 The same methods and procedures apply to the wiring of recreational vehicles as apply to mobile homes with the exception of the method of establishing a connection between the protector or terminal and the vehicle and the necessity of providing a ringer simulator (or equivalent) as required for test purposes. Refer to Section 460-100-201 for additional information on station protection and grounding.

**1.04** Prior to proceeding with installation, necessary arrangements should have been made for the installation of jacks on vehicles or boats and provision of cable or wire facilities in the trailer park or on the dock.

1.05 Where attachments are made on joint-use poles and posts, the standard separations between power and telephone wires must be maintained as provided for permanent residences (see 3.12).

Caution: Before making contact with any metal portion of a recreational vehicle, check for the presence of hazardous voltage on the body or chassis using rubber gloves and B voltage tester.

#### 2. SELECTION

**2.01** The equipment used to provide telephone service to recreational vehicles is identified and described below.

#### **ORDERING GUIDE**

- Adapter, Jack, Female, Weatherproof, B (for use with existing KS-8421 jack housing on docks, Fig. 1 and 2)
- Box, Outlet, B (for mounting male or female jacks on land, dock, or RV, Fig. 3)
- Bracket, Mounting, B (for mounting outlet box on RV, Fig. 4)
- Cord, Weatherproof, B (used with RV and boats, Fig. 5)
- Jack, Male, Weatherproof, B (for use on RV, Fig. 6, 7, 8, and 9)
- Jack, Female, Weatherproof, B (for use at land pad or dock, Fig. 10 and 11)
- Jack, Male, Waterproof, B (for use on boat, Fig. 12 and 13)
- Ringer Simulator (or equivalent) as required
- Template, B (for use on boat, Fig. 14)
- Template, C (for use on RV, Fig. 15)

#### DESCRIPTION

2.02 The B weatherproof female jack adapter (Fig. 1 and 2) is mounted on an existing KS-8421 jack housing after the old jack and front plate are removed. It will receive the male plug of the B weatherproof cord to provide service to recreational vehicles or boats. A spring-loaded hinged cover protects the jack from weather when

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not in use. A rubber boot on the mating connector of the cord provides a weatherproof seal when in use. Three screw terminals stamped T, R, and GR are provided for connection to tip, ring, and ground, respectively. Four mounting screws and a cover gasket are provided.

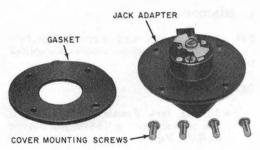


Fig. 1-B Weatherproof Female Jack Adapter

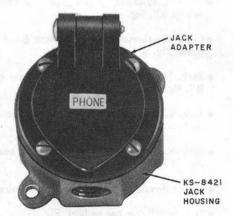


Fig. 2—B Weatherproof Female Jack Adapter Mounted on KS-8421 Jack Housing

2.03 The B outlet box (Fig. 3) is a molded box intended for mounting the B weatherproof male or female jacks. It has a threaded knockout entrance at each end for use with an aluminum cord grip assembly or PVC conduit adapter. The cord grip assembly and conduit adapter come with the outlet box.

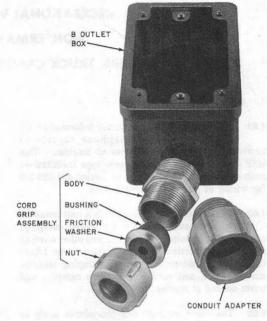


Fig. 3-B Outlet Box

2.04 The B mounting bracket (Fig. 4) is used to mount the B outlet box on recreational vehicles. It consists of a stainless steel angle-bracket with three clearance holes on one side for mounting to trailer tongue and two threaded holes on the other side for mounting the B outlet box. Included are three stainless steel thread cutting screws for mounting the bracket and two stainless steel screws with spacers for mounting the B outlet box on the B mounting bracket. A pigtail lead is included to connect between the center ground terminal of the B weatherproof male jack and one of the outlet box mounting screws to provide a ground bond to the vehicle frame (Fig. 9).

2.05 The B weatherproof cord (Fig. 5) is used

to provide a telephone connection between the post-mounted jack at the service pad and the jack on the recreational vehicle in a trailer park or between the dock and boat in a marina. It consists of a 50-foot, 16-gauge 3-wire (ring, tip, and ground) yellow PVC insulated flexible cord, with PHONE stamped on the cord at 1-foot intervals

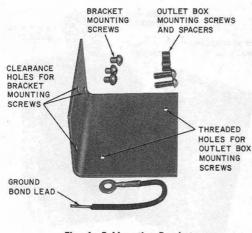


Fig. 4—B Mounting Bracket

for identification. The cord is terminated at one end in a male plug which engages a female jack at the service pad or dock. The other end is terminated in a female plug which engages a male jack on the recreational vehicle or boat. Rubber boots on the plugs mate with their respective jacks to provide weather protection. The 50-foot length has been adopted as the Bell System standard; since the cord is reusable, no attempt should be made to shorten it.

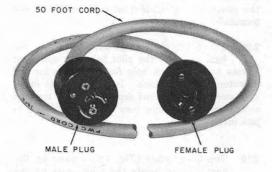


Fig. 5-B Weatherproof Cord

2.06 The B weatherproof male jack (Fig. 6, 7, 8, and 9) mounts in the B outlet box on the recreational vehicle and receives the female plug of the B weatherproof cord to provide telephone service to recreational vehicles. The jack has a spring-loaded hinged cover to make it weatherproof when not in use. Three screw terminals stamped R, T, and GR on rear of jack provide connection to ring, tip, and ground, respectively.

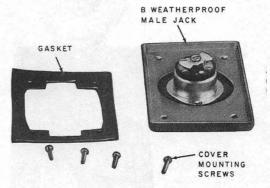


Fig. 6-B Weatherproof Male Jack

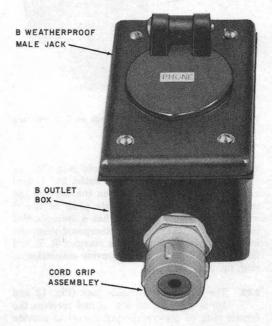
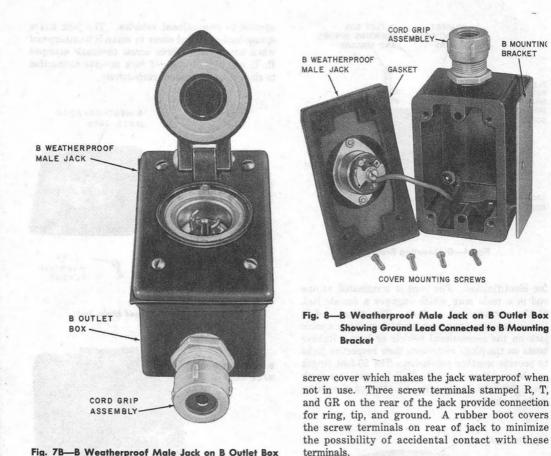


Fig. 7A-B Weatherproof Male Jack on B Outlet Box



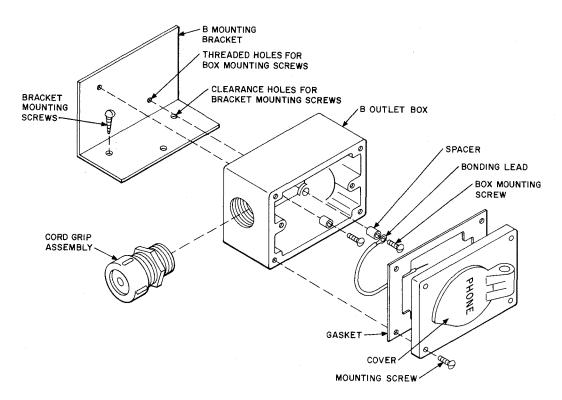
# Fig. 7B—B Weatherproof Male Jack on B Outlet Box (Cover Open)

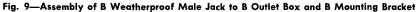
2.07 The B weatherproof female jack (Fig. 10 and 11) mounts in the B outlet box located at the trailer service pad or on the dock at the marina. It receives the male plug of the B weatherproof cord. The jack has a spring-loaded hinged cover to make it weatherproof when not in use. Three screw terminals stamped R, T, and GR on the rear of the jack provide connection to ring, tip, and ground.

2.08 The B waterproof male jack (Fig. 12 and 13) is mounted on a boat and receives the female plug of the weatherproof cord to provide service to boats. It is chrome plated with a hinged

2.09 The B template (Fig. 14) is used on the boat to locate the pilot holes for mounting screws and clearance hole for jack body for the B waterproof male jack. It is printed on index card stock and is packed separately from the jack so that mounting holes may be prepared prior to jack installation.

2.10 The C template (Fig. 15) is used by the customer to locate the pilot holes on the recreational vehicle for the three thread cutting screws used to mount the B mounting bracket. It is printed on index card stock and packed separately from the B mounting bracket so that mounting holes may be prepared prior to bracket installation.





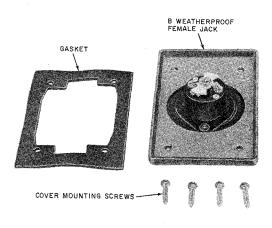


Fig. 10—B Weatherproof Female Jack

## 3. INSTALLATION

# **RECREATIONAL VEHICLES**

- **3.01** Installation of the service wire and station protector is the same as for mobile home wiring and is covered in Section 461-220-100.
- **3.02** The following items are required for a vehicle installation:
  - One B weatherproof female jack (mounted on post at protector, Fig. 10)
  - One B weatherproof male jack mounted on the recreational vehicle (Fig. 6)
  - Two B outlet boxes used to mount male and female jacks (Fig. 7 and 11)

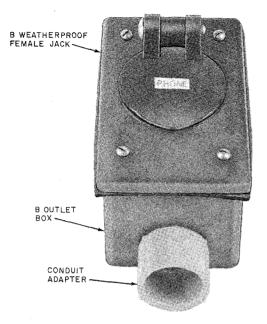
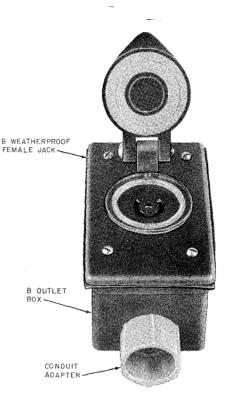


Fig. 11A—B Weatherproof Female Jack on B Outlet Box

- One B mounting bracket used to mount outlet box on vehicle (Fig. 9)
- One C template used to drill holes for mounting bracket on vehicle (Fig. 15)
- One B weatherproof cord (for making connection between post and vehicle, Fig. 5)
- One ringer simulator or equivalent (if required).

**Note:** If existing KS-8421 jack housing at utility pad is to be used, one B weatherproof female jack adapter (Fig. 1) is required instead of the B female jack, and only one B outlet box is required.

**3.03** The cord will become the responsibility of the vehicle owner. He will connect and disconnect service at his convenience and keep the cord stored in the vehicle when away from location.



### Fig. 11B—B Weatherproof Female Jack on B Outlet Box (Cover Open)

3.04 The B outlet box and B mounting bracket should be mounted on the vehicle by the installer using the mounting holes provided by the customer. For trailers the customer will use the C template to drill holes for the mounting bracket on top of the vehicle hitch as close to vehicle as possible. The box should be mounted on the same side as the other utilities with the jack on the outside (Fig. 16 and 17A). For truck campers and motor homes, the customer will use the template to drill holes on the left side of the rear bumper (see Fig. 17B). The outlet box should be mounted so that it does not extend beyond the edge of the bumper. The cord grip assembly may be attached to either end depending on existing space. The telephone installer will wire from the connecting block or the telephone set in the vehicle to the B outlet box on the trailer hitch or bumper. The bonding lead provided with the bracket must be

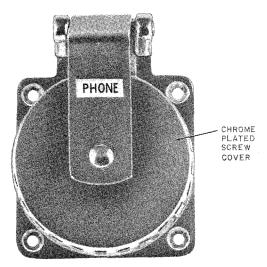
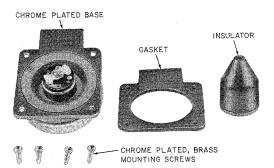


Fig. 12—B Waterproof Male Jack (Front View)



## Fig. 13—B Waterproof Male Jack (Rear View, Gasket and Insulator Removed)

connected as shown in Fig. 9 to provide a ground bond to the vehicle chassis.

3.05 Always install the telephone set on an outside wall if possible. The floor area along the outside walls is usually clear for drilling for station wire entry. The connecting block should be mounted on the baseboard or a stud, if possible, as the thin material used for recreational vehicle walls may

not hold fasteners. Wall sets must also be mounted on a stud. Do not attempt to fish trailer walls as side rails and insulation will cause interference. Drill the station wire entrance hole straight down through the floor avoiding outriggers and other obstructions. Use care when penetrating the soft insulating board covering the bottom of the trailer as it tears easily. Seal holes around station wire with duct seal or tape to prevent entrance of air, water, and insects. Run the D station wire to the jack so that it will be protected and fasten securely every 12 inches. The D station wire must not come loose when the trailer is on the road.

# Caution: Do not install telephone in a location that will require wiring under vehicle and do not crawl under vehicle.

3.06 Mount the B weaterproof female jack close to the protector on the post at the utility pad and provide a ringer simulator if required. Wire tip and ring of jack to tip and ring terminals of protector. Connect a 14-gauge ground wire from ground terminal of protector to center ground terminal of jack. Use similar wiring when retrofiting a B female jack adapter in an existing housing.

# BOATS

Caution: When working on boats, consideration should be given to the type of footwear worn, both for safety reasons due to slippery decks and to avoid marking highly varnished teak or fiberglass decks.

- **3.07** For boat installations the following equipment is required:
  - One B waterproof male jack (mounted on boat to accept cord, Fig. 12 and 13)
  - One B template (for cutting mounting holes for jack on boat, Fig. 14)
  - One B weatherproof female jack (mounted on post on dock or pier to accept other end of cord, Fig. 10 and 11)
  - One B outlet box (for mounting jack on dock or pier, Fig. 11)
  - One B weatherproof cord (for connection between boat and dock, Fig. 5).

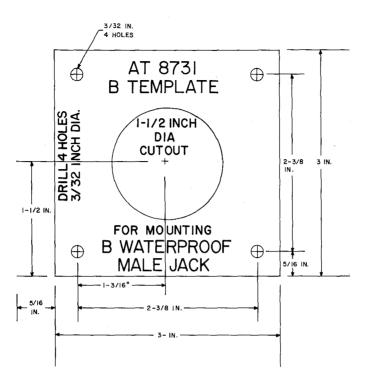


Fig. 14-B Template

• One ringer simulator (or equivalent), if required.

**Note:** If existing KS-8421 jack housing at dock is to be used, one B weatherproof female jack adapter (Fig. 1 and 2) is required instead of the B weatherproof female jack and the B outlet box is not required.

3.08 The owner of the boat should be given the B template to drill the mounting and clearance holes for the B waterproof male jack adjacent to the power plugs in the cockpit coaming or in the outer hull of the boat (see Fig. 18 through 21). The installer should not drill any holes on boats either for mounting or running wire.

3.09 The installer will mount the B waterproof jack and wire from the jack to the telephone set connecting block in the boat. On fiber glass -surfaces consideration should be given to using adhesive backed hardware.

**Note:** Do not bond ground wire to boat ground as undesirable electrolysis reaction may develop.

3.10 If holes are required to fasten wire, they should be provided by the boat owner (seal holes to prevent seepage if necessary). In most cases there will be sufficient room to run concealed wiring to the telephone location without drilling holes or without attaching fasteners to the boat. The wire should be run between the hull and inside bulkhead. If wires require fastening, use B-cord clips (AT8598, Section 461-210-200) fastened to inside dry surfaces. Use size 1 cord clips for D station wire and size 2 for B or F-59307 service wire. Use B or F-59307 service wire for wire runs exposed to saltwater, brackish water, and oil. Do not use staples to fasten wire in boats. Conduit

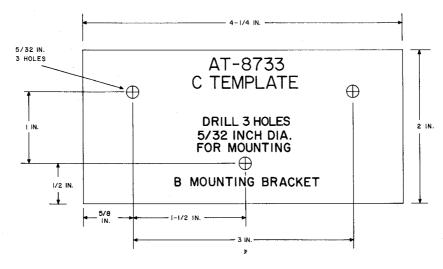


Fig. 15-C Template

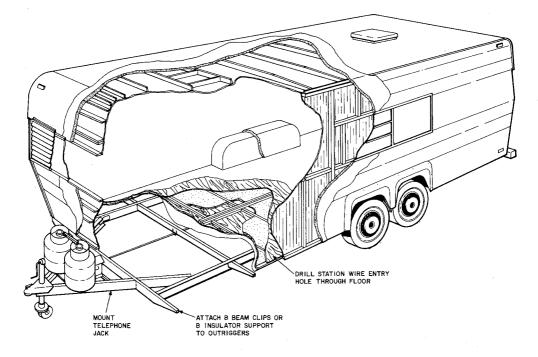


Fig. 16—Typical Recreational Trailer Construction

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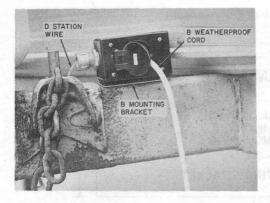
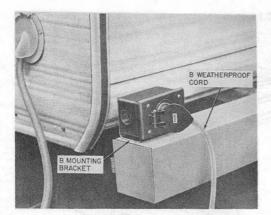


Fig. 17A—B Weatherproof Male Jack Mounted on Trailer Hitch

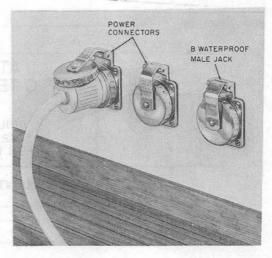


#### Fig. 17B—B Weatherproof Male Jack Mounted on Rear Bumper of Truck Camper or Motor Home

may be used when provided. When disconnecting service do not remove wiring, cord clips, or connecting blocks.

#### MARINAS (Fig. 22 and 23)

3.11 Jacks on docks should be mounted on posts or in wells provided by the marina owner. To prevent damage do not mount the jack on the water or walkway side. Usually the post or pedestal



# Fig. 18—B Waterproof Male Jack Mounted on Boat—Typical

will be the same one on which power is mounted. No station protector or bonding is to be placed on the boat. Mount the protector on the dock near the boat with the ability to obtain an authorized ground. Refer to the sections on station protection and grounding in Division 460. Where individual protectors are required, use the 123- or 128-type with the 305A mounting (or equivalent). Provide a ringer simulator or equivalent at the dock jack if required.

The marina owner should provide rigid 3.12 nonmetallic conduit for wiring to the dock jacks. Where conduit is not provided, a wire run will have to be made in a location not subject to damage. This may be adjacent to water pipes, power conduit or in some cases beneath the dock. If marina owners will not provide conduit, request raceways in which wires may be fastened. Use only galvanized brass, bronze, or stainless steel hardware; other types deteriorate too rapidly. When establishing a run, use bridle rings or galvanized wire or cable clamps. Use B or F-59307 service wire for all individual wire runs. Entrance of the service wire into the outlet box containing the jack should be through conduit. If conduit is not provided, protect the wire run from the deck of the dock to the box with a U guard or short piece of nonmetallic conduit.

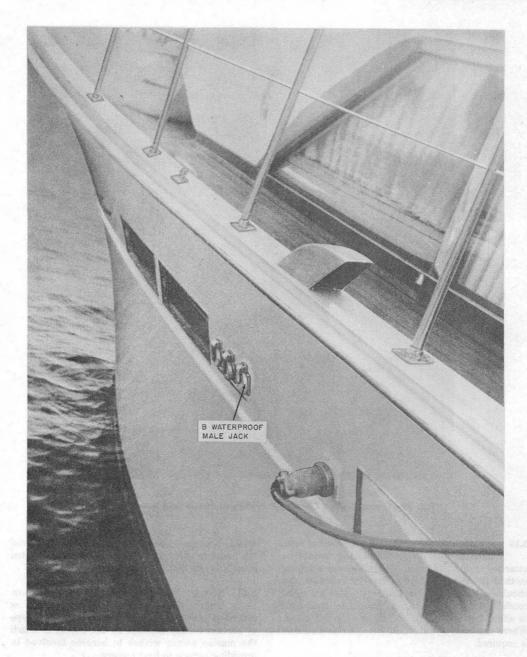


Fig. 19—Typical Outer Hull B Waterproof Male Jack Installation

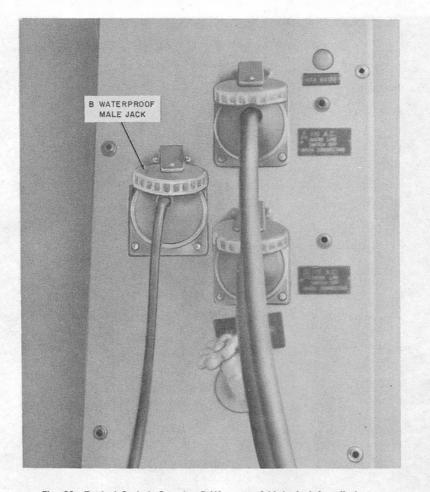


Fig. 20—Typical Cockpit Coaming B Waterproof Male Jack Installation

3.13 If cable and terminals are not provided from the shore to the docks, wiring should be attached to the gangway. Fig. 23 shows a typical method for floating docks. Rigid nonmetallic pipe should be fastened to the gangway. Flexible metal conduit should be used at the shore and dock ends to allow for motion due to rise and fall of docks. Where the docks are rigid, no flexible metal conduit is required.

3.14 At piers designed for large ships, telephone jacks should be located in the covered wells used to protect water and electrical connections. Conduit must be used into the wells to prevent water damage. The wells protect the jacks and the portable telephone cord to the ship is protected since it is adjacent to the larger power cables.

3.15 Service to a boat may be PBX Station Service, Centrex Service, individual line, or extension service on an individual line. The type of service usually depends on the extent to which the marina owner wishes to become involved in providing service to boat owners.

**3.16** When providing new telephone service to a dock, plan for more than the initial service required. It may be desirable to cable the dock

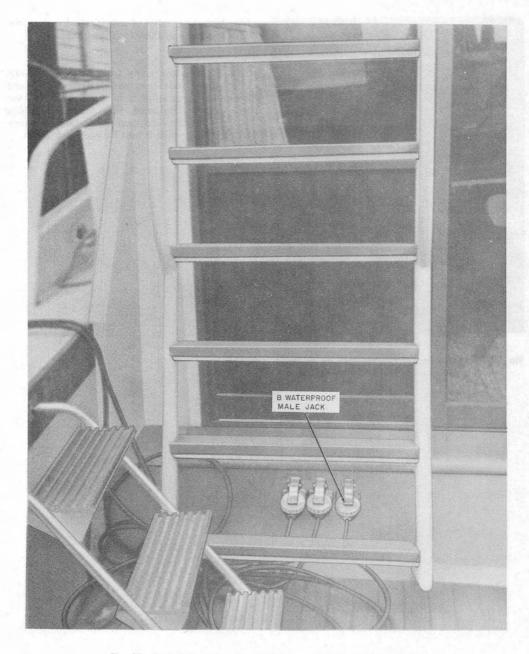


Fig. 21—Typical Boat Coaming B Waterproof Male Jack Installation

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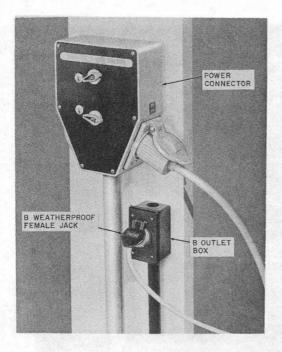


Fig. 22—B Weatherproof Female Jack on B Outlet Box Mounted on Post at Dock—Typical to reduce the number of individual wires run from dock to shore and allow for future expansion.

3.17 Due to the many types of boats, docks, piers, marinas, trailer parks, and camp grounds, no attempt is made to establish one procedure to be followed. Good planning of cabling facilities, conduit, and local installation procedures will determine what is best for each installation.

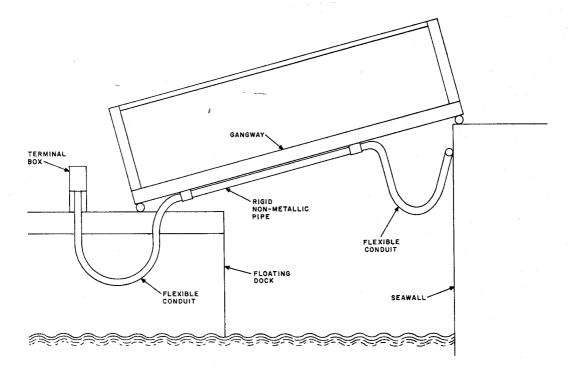


Fig. 23—Typical Shore to Dock Installation