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EYE SPY



Volume III
Issue Nineteen 2003

USA: \$6.49

Canada: C\$7.99

The Spying Game

CIA • WMD • URANIUM • IRAQ

THE REAL FACTS

Kremlin Guard

Superb photo feature on
Russia's 'Secret Service'

Printed in England





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The Fall Guy

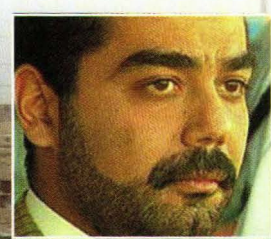
Britain's senior expert on himself much p



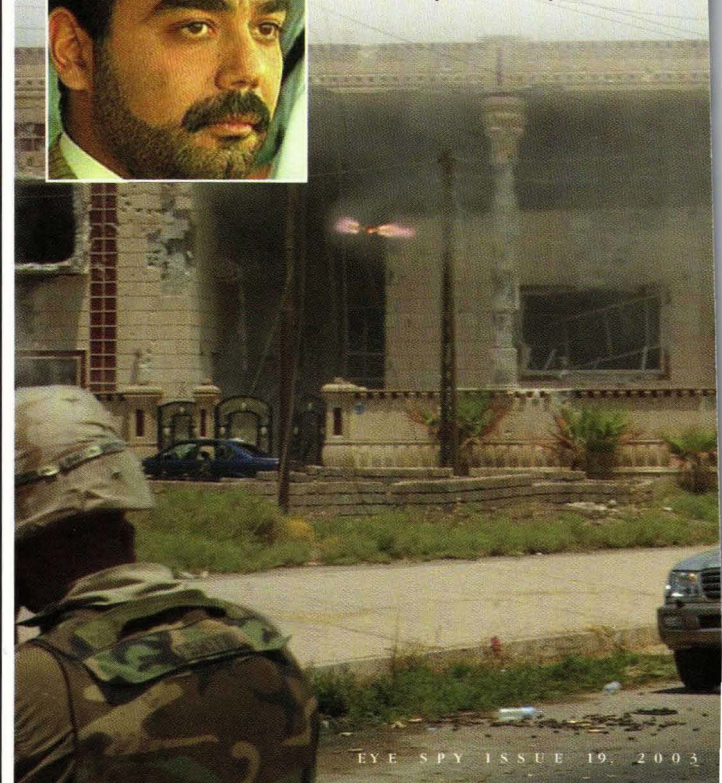
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Private Jessica Lynch - still a hero - but not as Hollywood would have wanted it

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Uday flushes out CIA agent but dies alongside Qusay as US Army uncovers hidden



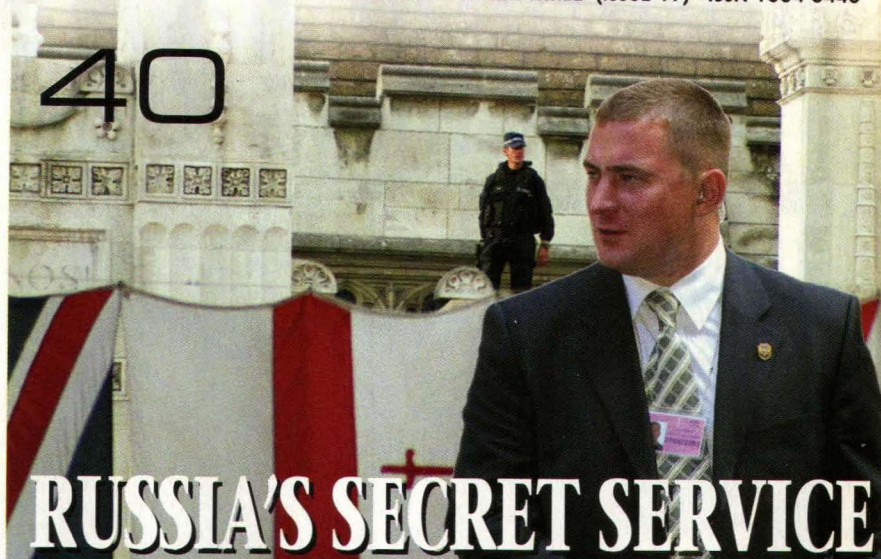
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NEW DEDICATED ADDRESS FOR OUR US READERS...
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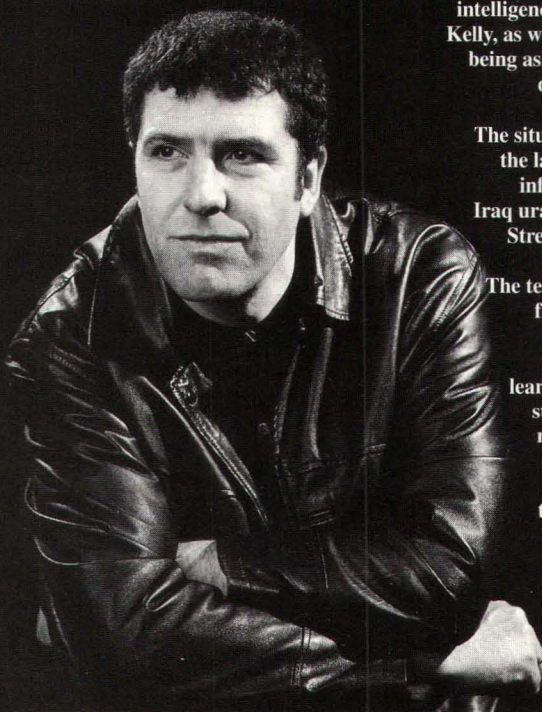


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from the editor

Mark Ian Birdsall



It must seem like an eternity for President Bush and Tony Blair since their decision to oust Saddam. Yet this has been a messy affair, culminating in the death of a huge intelligence asset in the form of Dr David Kelly, as well as more and more US troops being asked to act like policemen on the dangerous streets of Iraqi cities.

The situation has been compounded by the lack of hard WMD evidence, the infighting over those bogus Niger-Iraq uranium documents and Downing Street's private war with the BBC - and its controversial reporting. The television company has made few friends in the intelligence world.

Yet if there is one lesson to be learned, it is that politicians should stick to politics, the BBC stick to reporting and allow the security services to get on with the job. Similarly, in the age of technology and change, it seems that you simply can't beat good old fashioned human intelligence (HUMINT)... ask the American private who was advised of the location of Saddam's sons...

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INTERNATIONAL INTELLIGENCE DIGEST



North Korea and Iran Secret Nuclear Briefings

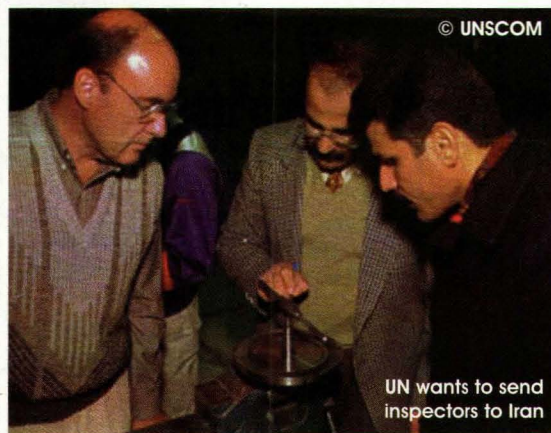
A recent CIA intelligence assessment states that North Korea's senior nuclear advisors have met with Iranian officials. The CIA believes the meeting was in connection with pressure from the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) on Iran to open its doors to inspectors. Of additional concern, it is also believed Teheran is covertly enticing former members of a top secret Iraqi nuclear unit to help with its own clandestine arms programme.

North Korea has shared its expertise in concealing a variety of projects and equipment from the likes of ground inspectors and overhead spy satellites. In May, a CIA agent reported that two senior Iranian officials from the rapidly developing Atomic Energy Organisation of Iran flew to hold secret talks in Pyongyang, North Korea.

It was learned that Iran is sending a group of specialists to the atomic centre in Yongbyon to train and develop skills. The meeting only fuelled fears that Teheran is determined to press ahead with its nuclear programme.

Both Iran and North Korea are a part of President Bush's "axis of evil" and have

benefited from each other in the past. Iran is developing the Shebab 4 surface-to-surface missile with the help of technicians and other specialists from Pyongyang. The missile has a range of 1,250 miles and a 2,200 lb payload and will replace the Shebab 3, another missile powered by engines supplied by North Korea.



UN wants to send inspectors to Iran

Comical Ali Released After CIA Debrief

President Saddam Hussein's former spokesman, Mohammed Saeed al-Sahhaf, also known as Comical Ali or Baghdad Bob, gave himself up to US troops in Iraq. Al-Sahhaf, who has inadvertently created a worldwide cult following due to his ridiculous press conferences, was questioned briefly by the CIA and then released. Some critics in Washington, however, believe he does hold a great deal of useful information and should have been questioned further.

SECRET REPORT Hopes Fade for US Navy Pilot



Michael Scott Speicher - missing since 1991

A secret intelligence assessment on missing US Navy pilot, Captain Michael Scott Speicher, who was shot down over Iraq in 1991, makes for grim reading. It was hoped that the pilot was still alive, but after much searching and questioning of Iraqis, no evidence of his whereabouts has been forthcoming.

The classified information also cast serious doubts on the credibility of an Iraqi defector who said the pilot was alive and a captive in Iraq. The informant told US officials that he had seen Captain Speicher alive in 1998. But other Iraqis interviewed by U.S. investigators say he is not telling the truth, according

EYE SPY AT THE AIRPORT

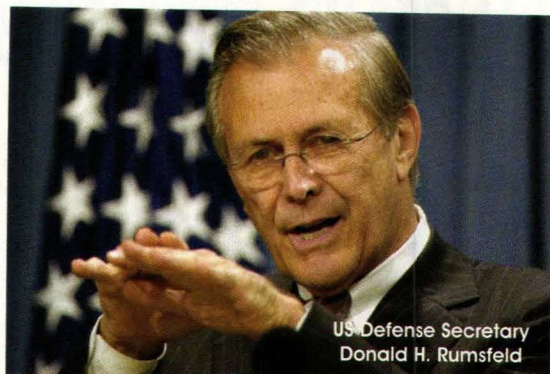
VANCOUVER: Iridian Technologies, a developer of authentication technologies based on iris recognition, has announced that the Canada Customs and Revenue Agency has implemented its technology at Vancouver International Airport. The technology, represented in SA by Mantis Networks, allows pre-approved travellers to clear customs and immigration quickly and securely by using iris recognition technology.

Eight other airports in Canada are expected to implement this new security measure.

Anti-Terr

LONDON: A remarkable invention by British military design engineers in Farnborough, England could be used by airlines in an effort to trap terrorists. Nervous or jumpy passengers will trigger sensors





US Defense Secretary
Donald H. Rumsfeld

to the dossier prepared for General Richard B. Myers, chairman Joint Chiefs of Staff. The report titled 'Personnel Recovery Efforts in Support of Captain Speicher' and dated 23 June says: "The defector is a born liar... No significant evidence of his status has been discovered." It also mentions that investigators may have recovered "Speicher's flight suit." This has been analysed for DNA samples.

Defence Secretary Donald H. Rumsfeld commenting on the report said: "I have read two reports and what they told me is that the senior people involved in, I guess the Iraqi Survey Group, are focused on this issue, attentive to it.... There is nothing that has been turned up thus far that I could elaborate on that would be appropriate."

The Iraqi defector who first raised hope for Michael's family, was a member of Saddam's Special Security Organisation (SSO). This agency was charged with ruling much of Iraq with a heavy hand. The man - designated the number D2314 (D=defector) - gave the FBI and US Survey team a number of names who he said could corroborate his story. When these people were traced in summer - all denied having any knowledge of the matter and dismissed his account.

Aeroplane Seats

installed in seats and alert the crew. Following laid out procedures, the cabin crew or onboard security marshals would be able to ascertain if the passenger was simply nervous of flying, upset or had an

ulterior motive. The captain would then have to decide if he should make an emergency landing. The invention could also alert passengers who are at risk of blood clots or DVT.



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GCHQ Relocation Plan £450m Over Budget



The cost of moving GCHQ, the British Government's intelligence-gathering agency is nearly half a billion pounds (\$650m) higher than originally quoted. The price of relocating GCHQ has risen from an initial estimate of £1.07 billion to £1.62 billion. When a move to its new site (right next to the original one) was discussed in 1997, GCHQ estimated that it would cost only £40m to transfer its huge computers, which monitor international communications for the intelligence services. GCHQ employs 4,500 people and is the sister organisation of the National Security Agency. Two years ago, many of the NSA computer systems failed; for several days the NSA received its intelligence traffic from GCHQ.



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QUICK INTEL DIGEST

Iranian Man Charged with Spying in Germany

BERLIN: German federal prosecutors have charged a 65 year old Iranian man with spying. Accusations of collecting information on Iranian opposition groups for the government in Tehran were levelled at Iradj 'S', prosecutors said. 'S', who also holds German citizenship, had worked for Iran's VEVAK secret service from 1991 to 2002. He is said to have gathered details of members and activities of the Iranian opposition groups as well as of former members of SAVAK, Iran's intelligence service under the Shah. The man was arrested on 12 June. Also in June, Iranians opposed to Islamic clerical rule staged the most outspoken wave of protests since the 1979 Islamic Revolution that ousted the Shah.

Cuba Jams US Broadcasts to Iran

HAVANA: The Broadcasting Board of Governors (BBG), an independent US government agency, has accused Cuba of jamming newly inaugurated US television broad-

casts to Iran. "Cuba's jamming of satellite transmissions is illegal and interferes with the free and open flow of international communications. This action is illegal, represents a major threat to satellite communication and must be stopped," said Kenneth Y. Tomlinson, the BBG's chairman. The US State Department stopped short of endorsing the accusation against Cuba, but asked the Cuban government to investigate the matter. Meanwhile, Tehran said it has no idea where this story originated and has held no talks with Cuba in this regard, said Foreign Ministry Spokesman Hamid-Reza Assefi.

Boeing Hit by USAF for Spying

WASHINGTON: In response to Boeing's spying scandal for the EELV contract, the USAF has withdrawn \$1 billion worth of space launch contracts awarded earlier to the company. The launches will now be transferred over to Lockheed Martin; the USAF is temporarily barring three of Boeing's business units from government work.

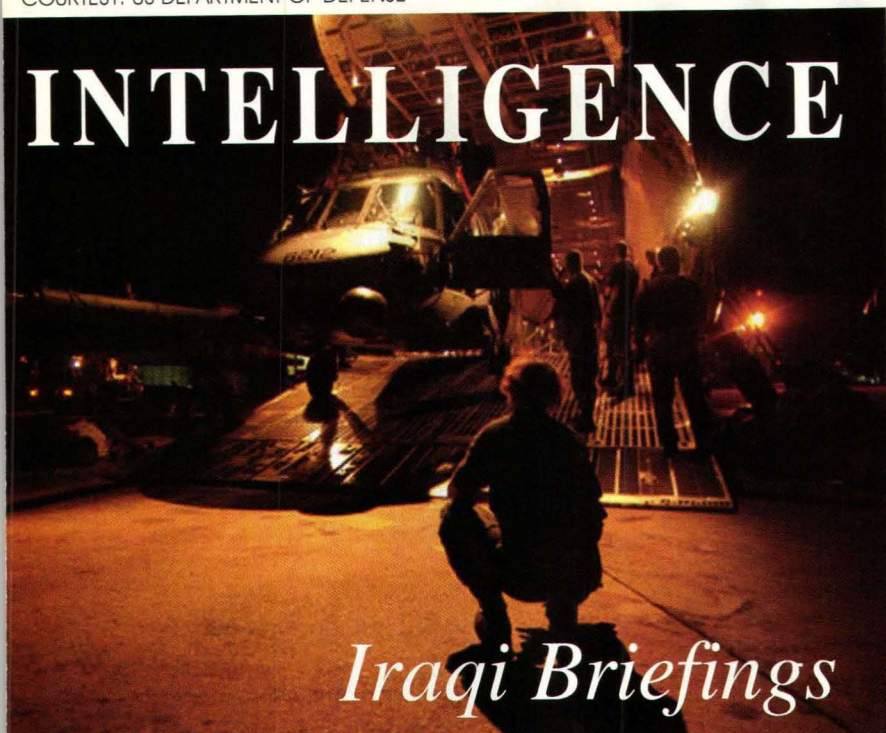
Japan Ready to Launch More Spy Satellites

TOKYO: Japan security officials announced that two more spy satellites will launch in September to monitor North Korea's nuclear weaponry and research. In March, Japan launched two satellites; the scheduled addition of two more units will boost its photo surveillance capabilities over North Korea. The second pair of satellites are expected to be launched from the Tanegashima Space Centre in Kagoshima.

FBI Accused of Bias By Arab-American Agent

WASHINGTON: The highest-ranking Arab-American FBI agent has filed a racial discrimination lawsuit against the bureau, charging that he was kept out of the 9/11 investigation because of his ancestry. Bassem Youssef filed the lawsuit in the Federal Court for the District of Columbia. Mr Youssef said in his complaint that "no other non-Arab FBI employee with similar background and experience was willfully blocked from working 9/11-related matters."

INTELLIGENCE



Iraqi Briefings

CIA STAND FIRM ON B

The CIA has dismissed claims that the complex mobile laboratories discovered in Iraq were NOT designed and built to produce biological weapons. A CIA official said: "Critics don't have the benefit of all of the intelligence that has been collected on the trucks. It is what we think it is, to the best of our knowledge," said the man, who spoke on the condition he was not be identified by name.

Even former UN weapons inspector David Kay said that though there was a lack of strong evidence that the vehicles had been used to produce deadly biological agents, the most likely use and the most probable use was to create biological weapons. He also backed the CIA official when he said other suggestions that the labs had some more 'benign application', such as producing agricultural chemicals, were unlikely.

The CIA official had access to classified materials related to Iraq's biological weapons programme. He also confirmed his source was a "key Iraqi intelligence officer who had worked on the design of the mobile labs and provided intelligence about the programme to the CIA before the war and was asked to identify the vehicles from a series of photographs. The Iraqi accurately picked out the exact

WMD: Only Fragmentary Evidence Exists

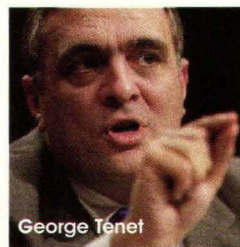
Huge amounts of chemical and biological weapons "do not exist in Iraq," according to David Kay, former U.N. Special Commission (UNSCOM) chief nuclear weapons inspector, and the man appointed by DCI George Tenet to lead the hunt for Iraq's WMD. He has informed the House Intelligence Committee in Washington, "that only bits of evidence about WMD programmes is emerging."

David Kay is a former UN weapons inspector, and his comments have only fuelled the debate over whether or not both the USA and UK had "quality intelligence" over Iraq's arsenal. The committee has issued a statement based on Mr Kay's initial findings: "Thus far, the evidence emerging on Iraq's WMD programmes does not point to the existence of large stockpiles of chemical or biological weapons. While such stockpiles may

eventually be found, Dr Kay noted that the intelligence community's assumption about Iraq's WMD programmes were largely based on fragmentary information collected over the last decade without any particularised insight into that closed society."

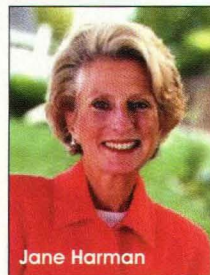
"David Kay's experience and background make him the ideal person for this new role. His understanding of the history of the Iraqi programs and knowledge of past Iraqi efforts to hide WMD will be of inestimable help in determining the current status of Saddam Hussein's illicit weapons," Tenet said

Dr Kay, 63, will be based in Iraq and will be in charge of refining the overall approach for the search for Iraq's weapons of mass destruction. The Department of Defense's Iraq Survey Group will provide direct support to the Special Advisor.

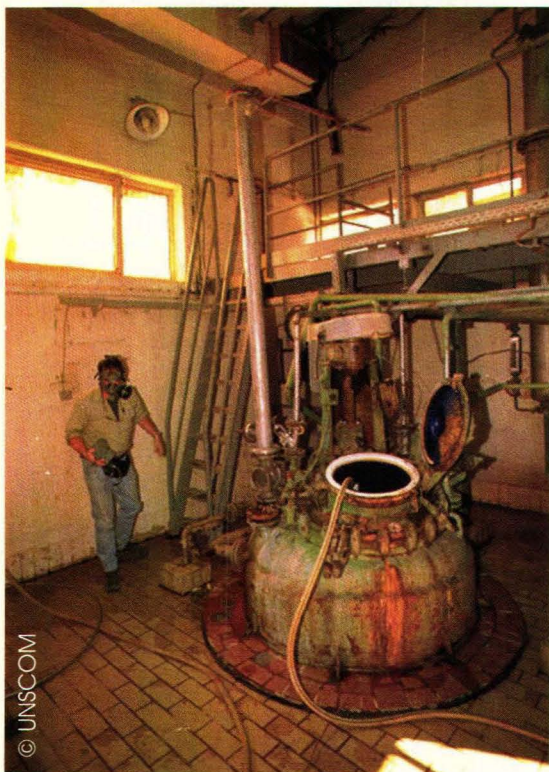


George Tenet

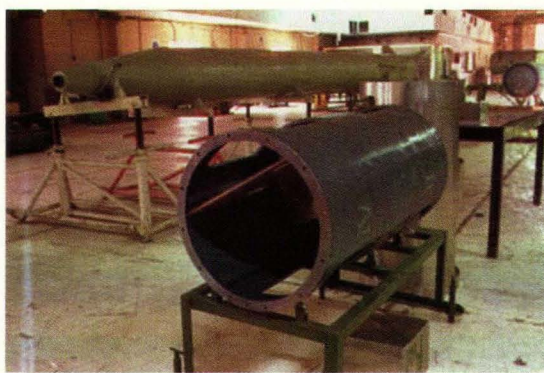
Congresswoman Jane Harman, who sat on the committee said: "The intelligence case for the war relied more heavily than it should have on circumstantial indicators."



Jane Harman

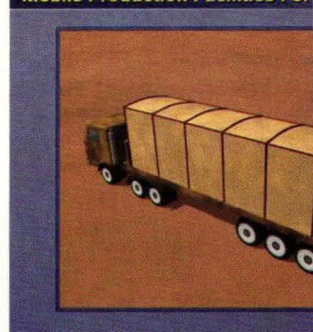


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Mobile Production Facilities For



MOBILE LABS CLAIM



"The guy who designed it - identified it" for the CIA, the official said. "They were designed to look like something else so Iraq could deny their function as biological weapons laboratories if they had been uncovered by U.N. inspectors. He said they were built on truck beds so they could be moved from locations likely to be inspected by the United Nations.

trucks and chose the mobile biological weapons laboratories that he had earlier described to U.S. intelligence.

This intelligence was used by Secretary of State Colin Powell in his presentation of the U.S. case to the United Nations before the invasion of Iraq.

David Kay said he has been presented with a number of alternative theories about the vehicles, "none of which make any logical sense." One suggested use "didn't pass the laugh test. The silliest one was the suggestion that they had been designed to produce hydrogen for meteorological balloons," said Dr Kay.

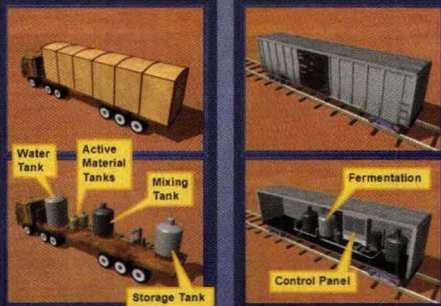
Ever wondered how the Pentagon moved such a huge army to Iraq?

This remarkable photo was supplied by an Eye Spy reader on board one of the US transport ships enroute to Iraq - a little choppy on the Atlantic

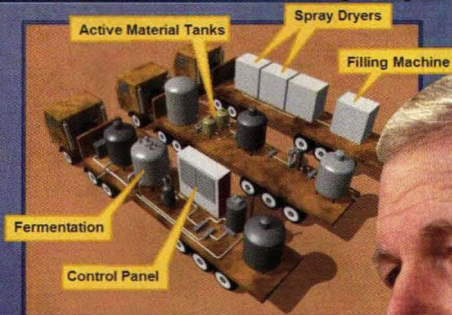


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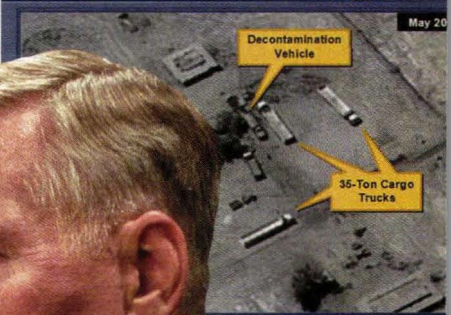
Mobile Production Facilities For Biological Agents



Mobile Production Facilities For Biological Agents



Chemical Weapons Leaving Al-Musayyib



General Richard B Myers believes vehicles once held biological and chemical weapons

10

LIE ANO

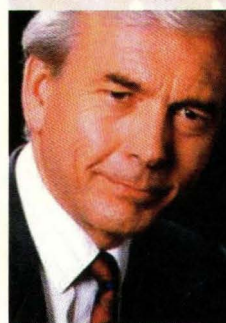
Leading British Weapons Exp Pressure of BBC, Media and

Most media observers have described the bitter row between 10 Downing Street and the BBC as "unprecedented". Both sides have thus far been unable to find any common ground, though clearly the BBC has been shaken by Tony Blair's vociferous attack on the company. Now following the suicide of Dr David Kelly, the entire affair has shocked the intelligence world to its foundation. Similarly, the BBC must question its poor handling of the affair, as must defence chiefs who released Dr Kelly's name to the press.

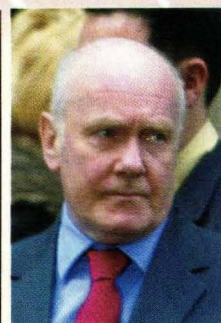
THE GENESIS

The row blew up on 29 May, when the BBC's Radio 4 programme, *Today*, declared that Downing Street had "sexed up" the dossier to enhance the intelligence on Iraq's weapons of mass destruction. Defence correspondent Andrew Gilligan, who made the remark, has refused to apologise to Mr Blair. A little later, Downing Street was accused of inserting the line that weapons of mass destruction could be deployed by Iraq in just 45 minutes.

The BBC has supported the *Today* producers because it had received guidance from "some of the highest levels of British intelligence." Just prior to the airing of the programme, it is understood Sir Richard Dearlove, the head of the Secret Intelligence Service, MI6, met with BBC executives and briefed them on Iraq's weapons of mass destruction. Two prominent BBC employees apparently lunched with Sir Richard; Kevin Marsh, editor of *Today*, and John Humphrys, one of the most respected broadcasters in the UK. Such meetings are not rare, of course, but this one was different in that the topic in question was highly controversial and about to be made public. The question of just how great a



John Humphrys



John Reid

BRITISH POLITICIAN and former Armed Forces minister Nicholas Soames, said M16 Director Richard Dearlove, "thoroughly backed" Alastair Campbell's version of events. Sir Richard, according to one newspaper editor is "gravely displeased," having told Mr Soames that he broadly supported Downing Street's version. But this was strictly off the record at a dinner party.

Mr Soames said: "Alastair Campbell can look after himself and so can the prime minister.

"I happened to bump into tonight the chief of the security and intelligence services. I asked him if the stories were true that the government has fudged in any way interfered with the flow of secret intelligence. He assured me that the stories were totally and utterly untrue.

"Having been minister of state for the armed forces I understand the grave and absolute importance of total trust between the SIS (Secret Intelligence Service, MI6) and No 10 Downing Street, and I also understand the importance to be attached to the truthfulness of the government.

When Mr Soames's remarks were broadcast on BBC radio, Mr Campbell apparently complained that the "denial" had not been given enough airtime. He then said that Sir Richard had given Mr Soames "permission to publicise their conversation."

• Sir Richard has since announced he would retire in August 2004

HER DAY

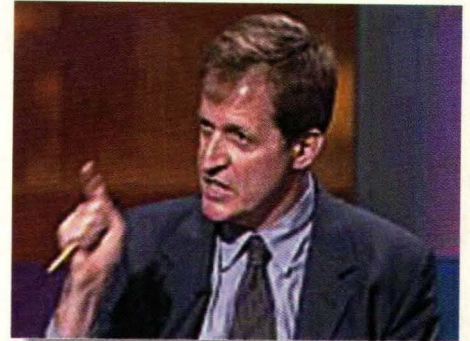
Crushed by the Dreadful Government Mind Games

threat Iraq actually was raised its head. Sir Richard, according to sources, "suggested" that Iran and Syria were more dangerous to world peace than Iraq - which was "not a priority."

When John Humphrys took John Reid (former Leader of the House of Commons) to task on WMD on the *Today* programme, the BBC man said he had met "senior people in the intelligence services" who believed Iraq was not as big a threat as suggested by Downing Street. John Reid had complained about "rogue elements" in

the intelligence services. This was taken as complaining about leaks from within MI6 and MI5. To add to the debate, the BBC accused the government, or more accurately, Downing Street's communications director Alastair Campbell, of "sexing up" the Iraqi Brief to gain public support for the war. Outraged, Downing Street rejected the claim and demanded an apology. The affair quickly degenerated into a slinging match.

Andrew Gilligan, *Today's* defence correspondent, said he was told that Alastair



Downing Street's communications director
Alastair Campbell,

Campbell had "injected" a phrase into the dossier that stated Iraq could deploy weapons of mass destruction in just 45 minutes. That section was highlighted and referred to by Prime Minister Blair in Parliament and was of huge significance. The dossier was pronounced a "gem" by Washington and used in the UN to drum up support for an attack on Iraq.

Most BBC news stories of this magnitude are usually acquired from at least two sources. Eye Spy knows that there are various schools of thought where this story came from.

Tony Blair said that the BBC's remark was the "gravest he had ever faced as Prime Minister." Speaking to Britain's *Observer* newspaper Mr Blair said: "The [BBC] story



Mr Soames pictured with
Tom King (centre) former
Chairman of the Intelligence
and Security

"... the chief of the
security and intelligence
services assured me that
the stories were totally
and utterly untrue..."

MI6 and 'C' Dragged into Argument... Again

was about as serious an attack on my integrity as there could possibly be."

The next day the BBC governors met in emergency session to examine the entire affair and to determine if an apology was needed. After listening to evidence from Greg Dyke, Director General of the Corporation and Richard Sambrook, its Director of News, the Governors dismissed Downing Street's request for an apology and stood firm behind its employees. Eye Spy understands that the meeting between BBC executives and Sir Richard was pivotal in determining its response. The comments by MI6's Director had "provided background context to the story first run on the Today programme."

The BBC maintained that the British Government "had exaggerated the threat from Saddam Hussein and his weapons of mass destruction." Soon after, the Foreign Affairs Committee published its report on the issue. It cleared Alastair Campbell of "embellishing the dossier on WMD," but only on the casting vote of a Labour Party chairman. The Committee said he played no role in including a contro-

versial section saying Saddam Hussein's weapons of mass destruction were deployable within 45 minutes.

But the MPs who cleared Mr Campbell of the first charge also attacked the Government over its handling of the affair. The committee was scathing in its criticism of a second dossier, published in February, with the MPs saying Prime Minister Tony Blair had "misrepresented its status" to MPs. The committee also said that in the first dossier, published last September, the 45-minute claim was given undue prominence - and said the language used in that dossier was "more assertive than that traditionally used in intelligence documents."

The Intelligence Mole

The BBC was concerned that its primary source for the "sexed-up" remark would be unmasked. According to Andrew Gilligan and the BBC, the source was a "senior official who was credible and has proven reliable in the past." Gilligan says that the source was involved in drawing up the dossier. However, the conflict



Andrew Gilligan

between the BBC and the Government took a puzzling turn when a senior Ministry of Defence advisor announced he had spoken to Gilligan. The man said he had an "unauthorised meeting" with Gilligan at the Charing Cross Hotel in London. This was before the BBC announced that Downing Street had "sexed up" the dossier. The MOD man said it was Gilligan who had raised the question of Alastair Campbell's role in the WMD dossier. The MOD then formally issued the following statement:



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Defence Secretary
Geoff Hoon

© FLIGHT IMAGES



Colin Powell spoke highly of Britain's intelligence dossier on Iraq

"He [the advisor] says that, when Mr Gilligan asked about the role of Alastair Campbell with regard to the 45-minute issue, he made no comment and explained that he was not involved in the process of drawing up the intelligence parts of the dossier."

"He says he made no other comment about Mr Campbell. When Mr Gilligan asked him why the 45-minute point was in the dossier, he says he commented that it was 'probably for impact'."

"I met Gilligan at the Charing Cross Hotel. I did talk to him about purely factual stuff. The rest is pure bullshit."

Dr David Kelly, a former UN weapons inspector worked for the Proliferation and Arms Control Secretariat within the Ministry of Defence. He had helped the government assemble historical data on previous WMD

searches in Iraq, but was he really in a position to speak about current intelligence issues?

Dr David Kelly had explained to his line manager at the MOD about his meeting with the BBC because the "row had got out of hand." He also said: "I met Gilligan at the Charing Cross Hotel. I did talk to him about purely factual stuff. The rest is pure bullshit."

Defence Secretary Geoff Hoon then wrote to the BBC, inviting them to comment on the affair. He requested to know if Dr David Kelly was Gilligan's source. For its part, the BBC declared that the MOD/Home Office official did not "match" their source in several ways. In a statement the Corporation said: "Mr Gilligan's source does not work in the Ministry of Defence and he has known the source for a number of years, not months. The BBC believed this was a clever play by Downing Street to get them to reveal the 'mole'."

The Dreadful Questioning of Dr Kelly

Dr Kelly was then requested to give information to the Foreign Affairs Select Committee. He then proclaimed: "I believe I am not the main source. From the conversation I had with him [Gilligan] I do not understand how he could make the authoritative statements he made from the comments that I made."

During that grilling, Dr Kelly was asked 179 questions, and at times some committee members were shouting at a clearly shocked and distressed man. Andrew Mackinlay, a Labour MP that asked a really nasty question in an aggressive tone: "This is the high court of Parliament and I want you to tell the committee who you met.... I reckon you are chaff. You have been thrown up to divert our probing. Have you ever felt like a fall guy? Have you ever felt like a fall guy. You have been set up, have you not?" The questioning was clearly wrong and only increased the tension and fear in this very private man who had served his country with honour.

THE DEATH OF A PRIVATE MAN

Head to Head

Former CIA Directors Voice Differing Opinions on Iraq's WMD

WASHINGTON: Ex-CIA Directors James Woolsey and John Deutch have voiced different opinions over America's failure to find WMD in the deserts and cities of Iraq. Mr Woolsey believes it will take many months - possibly years - to discover just what has happened to the chemical and biological weapons. John Deutch said the lack of evidence was "an intelligence failure of massive proportions."

DCI Woolsey headed the agency from 1993 to 1995 under the Clinton administration. He told the House Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence: "Biological weapons could be stored in small containers and may

be difficult to find, while chemical weapons could be produced by modifying a fertilizer plant. One is not necessarily, in many of those cases, talking about very large facilities, thousands of people and the like." Mr Woolsey echoed many analysts' thoughts here in the UK, remembering all the while that a packet the size of a bar of soap filled with anthrax could kill tens of thousands of people if "delivered" correctly. Indeed, an intelligence source told Eye Spy that such packages almost certainly exist, but their

whereabouts may be lost forever even if such locations were recorded. Mr Woolsey agreed, and speaking at an open hearing examining



the quality of US intelligence prior to hostilities, said: "The way this regime worked, if you are the person who is ordered to bury the anthrax, you bury the anthrax and then you get killed. So it may take a while there to get this one sorted out."

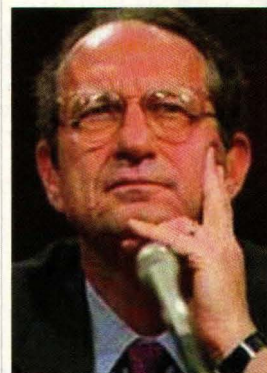
John Deutch was not so forgiving. He is desperately concerned that without evidence the reputation of the CIA and other intelligence services has been damaged. He told the hearing: "If no weapons of mass destruction or only a residual capability is found, the principal justification enunciated by the US government for launching this war will have proven not to be credible. It is an intelligence failure, in my judgment, of massive proportions."

Besides the intelligence embarrassment, Mr Deutch said White House credibility will suffer.

The tough-talking Deutch, who followed Mr Woolsey in 1995 through to 1996, did acknowledge that the weapons could be so well hidden that it would take time to find them. He did agree that some weapons would eventually surface, but not in the quantities once envisaged. He then admitted that some information had been received by the CIA that suggested containers carrying banned WMD were "covertly shipped to Syria or Iran." This has been denied by both countries. Deutch concluded his talk by saying: "It means that leaders of the American public based their support for the most serious foreign policy judgments - the decision to go to war - on an incorrect intelligence judgment."

He is satisfied that after the 1991 Gulf War Saddam ended his long interest in WMD and ordered a cease for production. Indeed, he also said that due to US and international inspections, Baghdad almost certainly destroyed its overall major WMD capacity.

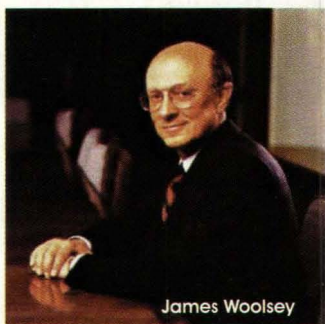
• House of Spies: Senator Charles Schumer invited FBI Director Robert Mueller to investigate whether White



John Deutch

House officials identified the wife of former Ambassador Joseph Wilson, an outspoken critic of the Iraq war, as a clandestine CIA officer, an allegation published on 14 July in a syndicated column by Robert Novak. Schumer stated the allegation "was part of an apparent attempt to impugn Wilson's credibility and to intimidate others from speaking out against the administration."

Intentionally identifying a covert CIA officer in the United States is a crime.



James Woolsey

"The BBC behaved in a manner which a tabloid newspaper might wonder about. None of this would have happened if it had not been for the BBC story..."

THE FALL GUY

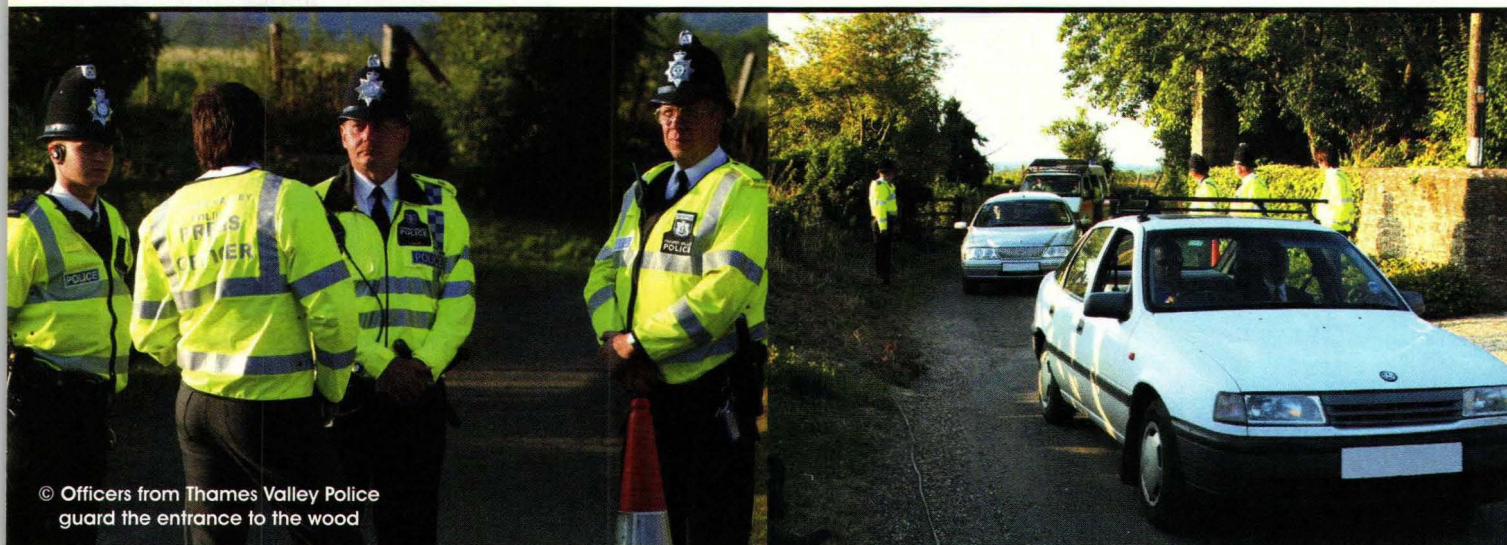
At 3.00pm 17 July, Dr David Kelly walked out of his home in Abingdon, Oxfordshire to a beauty spot he loved called Harrowdown Hill. Mr Kelly's passion was walking and he enjoyed this particular site. At 11.45pm, his wife Janice was concerned that he had failed to return home. A massive police search then took place, but it was not until 9.20am the next morning that police found his body. Earlier, a local farmer had spotted Mr Kelly wandering on a footpath; he was a little puzzled, as he was usually accompanied by his wife or three daughters.

For the man who had found Saddam's anthrax and other weapons of mass destruction, it was a dreadful way to say good-bye to the world.

He had clearly found it impossible to cope with pressure being exerted from every direction.

A policeman found his body. Nearby, a knife and a box of Co-Proxamol tablets were discovered. He had severed the main artery on his left wrist and consumed the tablets to ease the pain.

Two days later, the BBC announced that Dr David Kelly was indeed the "main source" of Andrew Gilligan's story. Amazingly, its defence correspondent stuck by his story. Within hours the BBC faced calls for resignations at the highest levels. Friends and colleagues of Dr Kelly said that if the Corporation had acknowledged Dr Kelly as the primary source earlier,



© Officers from Thames Valley Police guard the entrance to the wood



he would not have taken his own life. The BBC then issued a statement saying it "had accurately interpreted and reported" the information acquired from the weapons expert. Yet how could this be if Dr Kelly had dismissed any possibility that he had made such statements. And "interpretation" is a vulnerable word to use. Clearly, both parties cannot be telling the truth, and Dr Kelly can no longer give his version of events. Henceforth, the BBC must now admit it was wrong or tell the public who supplied it with the information. Many in the intelligence world are asking where the BBC got its "supporting evidence."

Tom Mangold, a former senior journalist with the BBC's *Panorama* programme and a friend of Dr Kelly, has made numerous appearances in the media since the death of the scientist. He is fuming at the treatment of Dr Kelly and the fact that it could easily have been avoided.

As for Dr Kelly's questioning in Parliament, Mr Mangold probably spoke for much of the public and intelligence world: "For a man like David Kelly, who had worked with the intelligence services around the world, to sit there and be told he was a prat and a fall guy [for



The Charing Cross Hotel in central London. It was here that BBC defence correspondent and Dr Kelly met

DEATH OF A PRIVATE MAN WHO FOUND SADDAM'S ANTHRAX

the MOD] was dreadful. He was an honourable, dedicated man. He volunteered this information to his employers at the MOD in the knowledge that he would probably go before a committee. He did not realise the committee would treat him with such contempt."

Gerald Kaufman, another senior MP said: "The BBC behaved in a manner which a tabloid newspaper might wonder about. None of this would have happened if it had not been for the BBC story."

Most vociferous in his condemnation of the BBC, is Conservative and Dr Kelly's constituency MP, David Jackson. He declared that BBC Chairman Gavyn Davies should resign, and that BBC Director-General, Greg Dyke, should also consider his position. Mr Jackson said that

the BBC's conduct had been appalling. "If they had made this statement while Dr Kelly was alive, I believe he would still be alive and I think the Chairman of the BBC Board of Governors should resign over this matter. I believe Gavyn Davies knew Dr Kelly's name and he clearly misled his Governors in telling them that this was a senior intelligence source."

He was also scathing of Andrew Gilligan. "It seems quite clear that Mr Andrew Gilligan systematically invented a substantial part of his very damaging story."

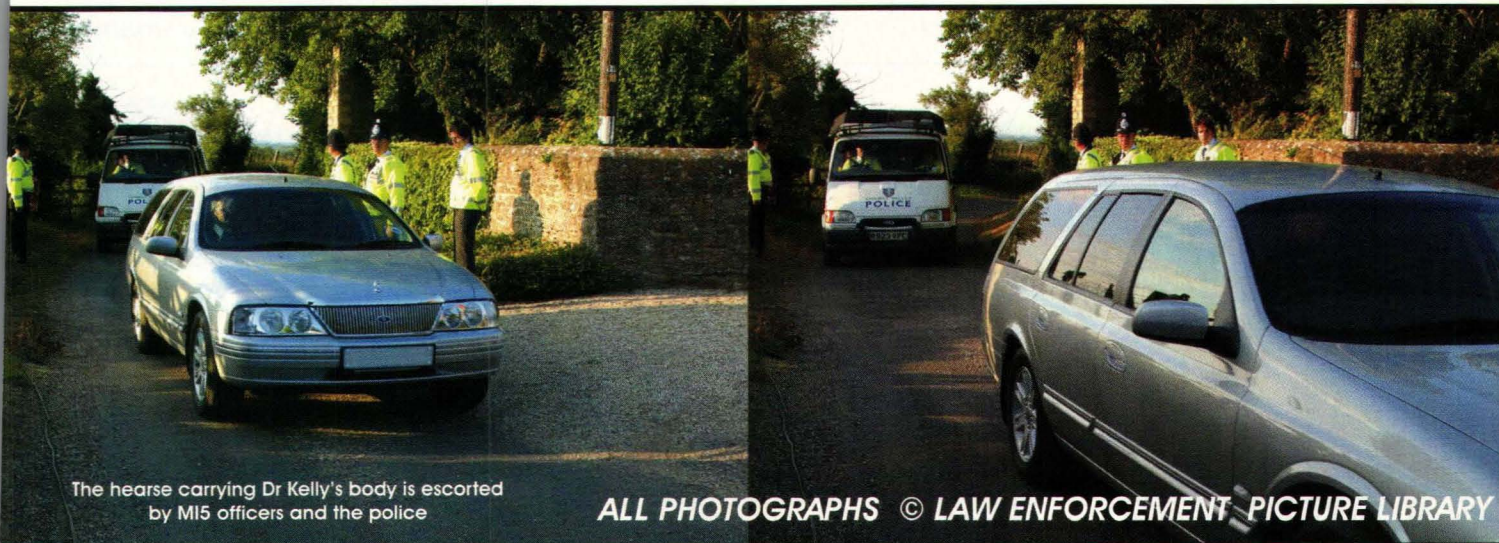
Ironically, when Dr Kelly was questioned by the Foreign Affairs Select Committee, he was asked if he had learned any lessons from the affair. Dr Kelly declared: "Never to talk to a journalist again."

DARK ACTORS PLAYING GAMES

Just before he died, Dr Kelly said he had been "put through the wringer" during meetings with the MOD. He also sent an email to a New York journalist on the day he died saying there were "many dark actors playing games."

An inquiry into the affair is being conducted by Lord Hutton - most of which is being held in public.

- We understand that the '45 minute' claim actually came from a former Iraqi intelligence officer. However, we believe that this man told government investigators that Saddam could issue WMD orders to some of his units in 45 minutes. This is not the same as 'deploy'.



The hearse carrying Dr Kelly's body is escorted by MI5 officers and the police

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NEWS EXTRA

WMD SURPRISES WILL COME - CIA

Investigators in the search for weapons of mass destruction in Iraq feel that solid progress is being made. David Kay, a former U.N. weapons inspector who is leading the CIA's weapons investigation and establishing strategies on how the search for WMD will be conducted said: "I think the American people should be prepared for surprises." This echoes the view of Tony Blair who said people should be patient.

The Pentagon's Iraq Survey Group, which was put into place recently, met and updated the Senate Armed Services and Intelligence committees in closed-door hearings on the

weapons investigation. The group, headed by General Keith Dayton, consists of a 1,500-man survey team from several agencies from the United States, Britain and Australia who then visit sites, interview suspects or others with knowledge, and evaluate captured documents and equipment.

Although the effort to find physical evidence related to Iraq's WMD was made more difficult by the destruction and looting of the war, investigators have uncovered some physical evidence and useful documents due largely to increased cooperation from the Iraqis. In addition to



COURTESY: UNSCOM

identifying previously unknown locations to officials, Kay said:

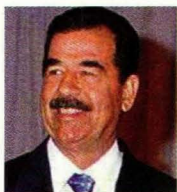
"We have people who participated in deceiving U.N. inspectors now telling us how they did it.

"Uncovering information about Iraq's weapons programs is significant

because it can tell investigators whether weapons of mass destruction were developed, and if they were, what has happened to them. It's going to take time. The Iraqis had over two decades to develop these weapons, and hiding them was an essential part of their programme."

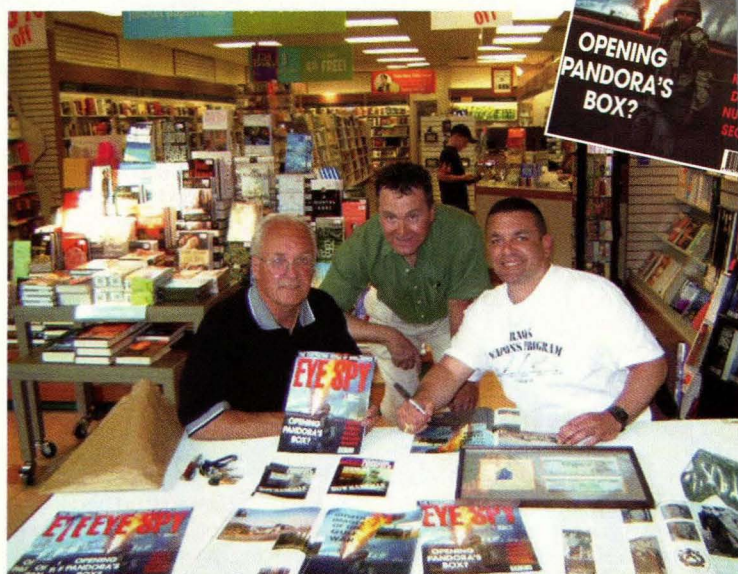
Saddam's Magic Powers

BAGHDAD: Many ordinary Iraqis believe Saddam Hussein has avoided capture because he carries a 'magic stone' brought from China, and consults everyday with a supernatural expert. "Iraqis are consumed with the occult," said Alharith Hassan, a psychologist at Baghdad University Department of Parapsychology. Many ordinary Iraqis believe that Saddam wears the stone around his neck and that bullets will not hit him as long as he is protected by the stone. The fallen Iraqi regime was obsessed with the dark arts - a preoccupation probably inspired by Saddam Hussein himself.



EYE SPY APPOINTMENT

RETIRED US MARINE CHIP GRAY, has joined Eye Spy as a consultant on military affairs. Chip, who served in the first Gulf War was recently pictured on the front cover of issue 16.



Chip (right) pictured with Canadian Editor Lynn Hodgson (left) at Coles, 5 Points Mall in Oshawa



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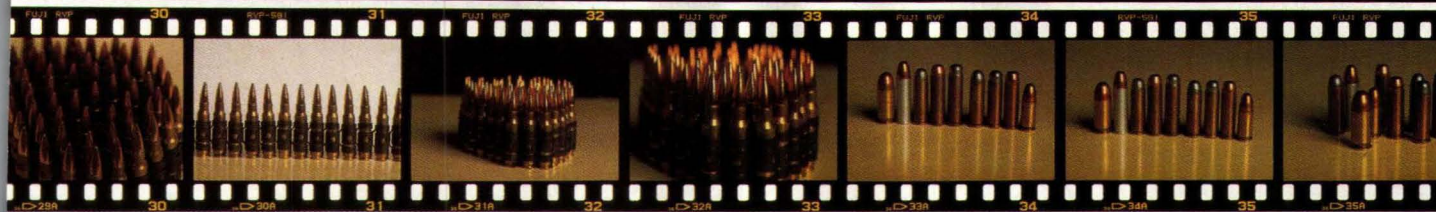


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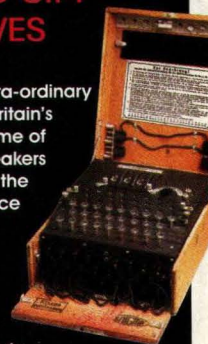
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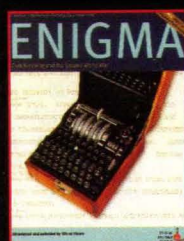
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A MOST INTERESTING ITEM AND GIFT FROM THE NATIONAL ARCHIVES

The story of Allied codebreaking during WWII is one of extra-ordinary complexity, significance and success. The centre of Britain's codebreaking operation was at Bletchley Park (the home of 'Station X' during the war), and it was here that code-breakers raced to decipher German military signals, in particular the 'unbreakable' naval Enigma codes. The special intelligence (referred to as 'Ultra') that they provided had a major influence on the outcome of hostilities, most notably contributing to crucial successes in the Battle for the Atlantic.



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Transport Memo Warns New Al-Qaida Hijacking



An information circular based on new intelligence gleaned from North America, Europe and Australasia suggests al-Qaida cells are planning to hijack airliners and use them to attack major international locations. However, unlike the events surrounding 9/11, the operatives could well have converted ordinary everyday items such as cameras, drinking flasks and shavers to carry weapons. The memo, dated 26 July 2003, was issued to all United States airlines and senior airport security managers.

DCI George Tenet has held high-level meetings with all US law enforcement and intelligence services about the threat. He told President Bush "terrorists operating in teams of five - possibly using cameras modified as weapons could well try and attack US interests this summer or fall." The one page report prepared by the Transportation Security Administration (TSA) says: "The plan may involve the use of five-man teams, each of which would attempt to seize control of a commercial airliner either shortly after takeoff or shortly before landing at a chosen location. This type

of operation would preclude the need for flight-trained hijackers.

"Terrorist action may include, but are not limited to, suicide operations, hijackings, bombings, or kidnappings. These may also involve commercial aircraft."

Britain, Italy, and Australia were also mentioned. The document does raise a question or two about the viability of the plot.

The intelligence was assembled from interviews with captured high-ranking al-Qaida officials and extracted from intercepted communications. The memo states quite clearly the threat is from al-Qaida. Gordon Johndroe, spokesman for Homeland Security said: "We will continue to assess the credibility of this information while taking additional steps to plug any gaps that may be in our aviation security system."

Analysts have examined the intelligence and have called it the most specific issued since 9/11. However, two main points are of concern to US intelligence. The CIA is fearful that al-Qaida plans to "launder the agent clean" by



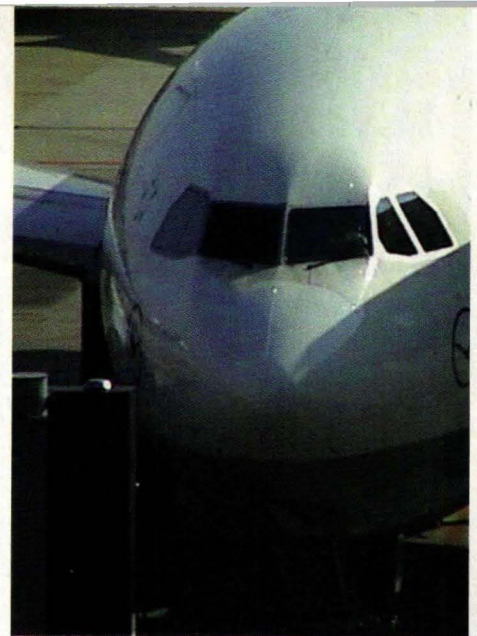
passing him through countries with routes to the USA or UK via less secure nations, similar to a travelling tourist. For example, persons flying to London from South America invariably stop at airports on the eastern seaboard of the United States. Al-Qaida has sleeper cells in South America and most countries in the southern peninsula have less than stringent security. An intelligence source told Eye Spy: "Passing through countries enroute to your destination often means security checks are not quite as tight. The new threat is based on terrorists posing as tourists rather than commercial passengers. This makes it even tougher to single people out, especially in South America, a favourite destination for explorers and travellers."

To combat the 'terror tourist threat', the TSA has instructed all US airlines to perform additional screening procedures of "certain non-citizens travelling to USA airports and connecting to other international destinations." An issue at point here, for example, is that over 350,000 passengers arrive at Miami from Rio de Janeiro each year. They do not need a US visa because their destination is London. However, these passengers often leave the aircraft and stay overnight in airport lounges before catching their connecting flight. It is here - within the terminal complex - that materials often associated with hijackings could also be passed to waiting passengers by collaborators.

The camera has been cited as the "ideal object to conceal a weapon or explosive device." This is again another indicator that the US intelligence system believes the next batch of al-Qaida hijackers will pose as tourists.

The new terrorist threat comes at a time when many airlines are trying to evaluate their operational costs, due to finance being drawn to protect the most vulnerable routes by using air marshals.

Just after the memo was circulated, FBI chief Robert Mueller gave a lecture in Arlington, Virginia, to about 1,000 members of the emergency services. He did not mention the memo, but did state: "The challenge for us is to recognise the threat is continuous out there and to do everything we can to prevent the



next attack. The oceans that separate the United States are not sufficient to prevent other attacks."

An Eye Spy intelligence source said the perceived hijacking threat could be an intricate counter-play by al-Qaida to fool the security services and divert them away from their real objective. This was acknowledged by officials in Washington, who believe the memo will encourage security staff at every level to be on the lookout for different terrorist techniques.



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Private

The Truth More Unpalatable

While the dreamfactory in Hollywood awaits the recovery of former Iraqi prisoner of war Private first class Jessica Lynch, 20, many a conversation concerning just what happened to the soldier has taken place. There have been suggestions (emanating from a British television company), that the rescue of Ms Lynch was "staged" by US Special Forces. There is absolutely no evidence to substantiate this; indeed, Eye Spy learned that her rescuers had advised a nearby British SAS team of the operation. There is also no doubt about the bravery of Ms Lynch, or the trauma undoubtedly suffered by her or her colleagues. What is in question is the hype that surrounds the story.

THE FACTS

Jessica Lynch was travelling in a Humvee with five other soldiers as part of a huge eight-mile convoy travelling north towards Baghdad on 23 March. Part of that convoy (her own 507th Maintenance Company) was allegedly misguided into an area still



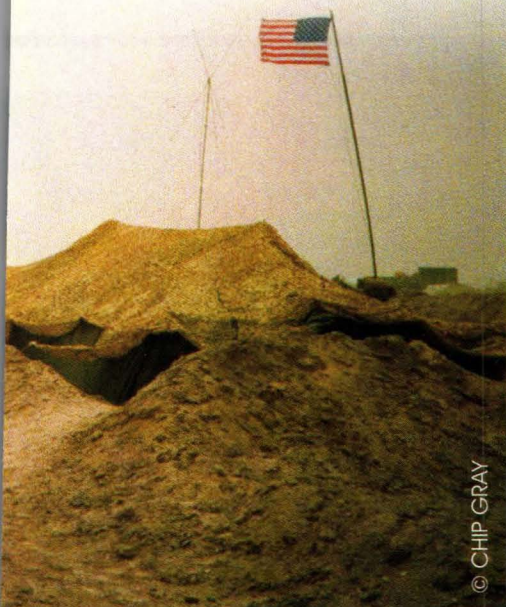
JESSICA LYNCH

Simply Be Too for Hollywood

controlled by Iraqi forces. Bad weather and failing communications compounded the situation. Private Lynch's vehicle carrying was hit by a rocket-propelled grenade and crashed into another US lorry. Now, according to early US newspaper reports: "She fought like a vixen, emptying her M16 into the Iraqis as she tried to escape." Another said: "Lynch fought fiercely, was stabbed and shot multiple times and killed several of her assailants." Strange, therefore, that Jessica, still recuperating in solitary confinement at the Walter Reed Army Medical Center in Washington, maintains she cannot remember anything about what happened after the RPG struck.

If that is the case, where did this story emerge?

The *Washington Post* said an anonymous US intelligence officer had told them: "She was fighting to the death, she just did not want to be taken alive." This could have turned the maintenance engineer into an instant hero, but it seems a highly unlikely story.



© CHIP GRAY



COURTESY: US ARMY HANDOUT

Jessica is carried out of Saddam Hospital by US Special Forces. Many analysts believe the placing of the US flag over her led to early accusations the raid was staged - there is no truth in this

Indeed, the *Washington Post* is perhaps the first major media outlet in the USA to start asking questions about the entire affair. Furthermore, it has since transpired that the soldier's gun locked and she returned no fire. Another soldier, Sergeant Robert Dowdy, 38, did "die a hero" according to early media reports. As the Iraqi attack on the lost convoy continued, Dowdy managed to save a number of colleagues by downing several Iraqis. He was eventually killed. Dowdy was in fact the driver of the vehicle carrying Jessica Lynch, and the most senior officer. After working furiously to reorganise the lost convoy and settling his troops, he tried in vain to drive through incoming Iraqi fire and was killed. The circumstances of his death do not negate his bravery whatsoever, in fact, it is quite the reverse. So who embellished the story?

Another soldier who died in the ambush was Brandon Sloan. He died trying to get his vehicle away from the scene. Eleven US soldiers died in total - some almost certainly shot in cold blood - nine others were injured. Indeed, it is now known several US soldiers were shot in the back and stabbed multiple times in their stomachs,

chest and heads. Yes Dowdy's troops who were more at home fixing vehicles than shooting guns all died heroes.

As for Jessica's injuries, Hollywood assumed they were caused in the 70-minute battle. Ms Lynch's legs were in fact crushed and her arms trapped under the Humvee as it overturned when Dowdy was killed. She was later taken to the Saddam Hussein Hospital in Nasiriyah along with Lori Ann Piastewa. Private Piastewa later died of her injuries, despite being given medical assistance.

THE RESCUE

The US Army learned that Ms Lynch was still alive and planned a rescue. There is no doubt a number of Iraqi troops were based in the hospital, but most were concerned with saving their own lives rather than confronting Coalition forces. US intelligence had also learned that the many renegade civilian fighters who had attacked the convoy, had simply slipped back into their civilian lives and were untraceable.





On the night of the rescue two Blackhawk helicopters carrying Navy SEAL's, Marine commandos, Air Force pilots and Army Rangers landed near the hospital and faced enemy gunfire. This was quickly extinguished and Ms Lynch was carried out of the hospital. Stories that US troops "trashed the hospital" and "beat the staff" are simply not true. Certain adequate force was used but not one member of staff at the hospital was hurt.

Nor was the rescue hyped-up. In every sense it was a daring raid, and it was a tonic for a depressed US public still wondering about the 'rights and wrongs' of the war. Yet, what has happened thereafter is nothing short of a media fiasco.

For weeks Private Lynch attended a physio class by herself, a guard posted 24-hours-a-day outside her room, and only the doctors and her closest family allowed to speak with her. This was to stop media contact. Numerous contracts and gifts from the media and film world have been showered upon her. It is understood CBS have made her an enormous offer for interview rights' and a movie contract. Several literary agencies are interested in obtaining a huge book deal for Ms Lynch, and the music industry is keen to have her present two pop shows on MTV. Just after her rescue, NBC television said it was starting work on a script about the 19-year-old POW, who has become the most "human American face of both the heroism and horror of the Iraq war."

"Like the rest of America, we shared in the collective thrill of witnessing the heroic and dramatic rescue of Jessica Lynch. Her inspiring story is one that provides a message of hope despite great odds," the network said.

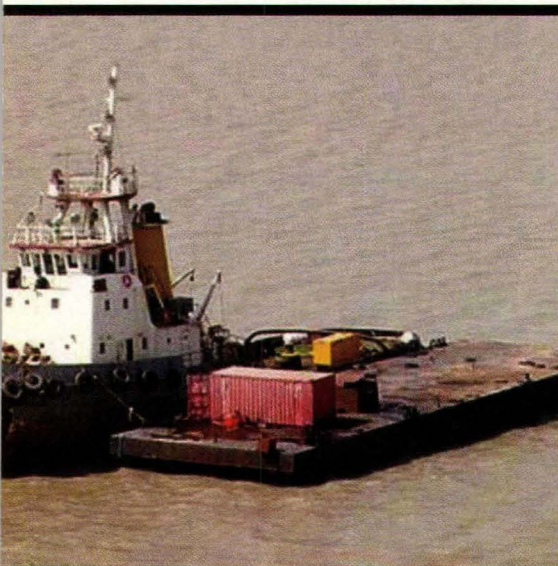
What amazes many in the US and British armed forces is that Hollywood has ignored cold facts. The attack on her convoy was bloody and the stunning rescue operation as good as it gets, but for the media to cast this soldier as a "unique national hero" when so many of her colleagues have fallen in Iraq is a little hard for many US veterans to stomach. And perhaps Jessica, an aspiring teacher who

joined the US military to escape a 15 per cent unemployment rate in her home community in West Virginia, feels that way too.

The story of Private Lynch and her rescue is heartwarming and her bravery unquestionable. She should not be allowed to participate in a media circus interested only in making money. On 10 July under much pressure, the US Army released a 15-page report that was everything Hollywood did not want to hear.

To many Americans and Britons, there were 350,000 heroes in Iraq, and lest we forget, there are hundreds who will not see their loved ones again as random attacks continue. Perhaps the movie moguls, book publishers and documentary producers should earmark some of the revenue to help the bereaved on all sides.

- Jessica Lynch returned to her home in West Virginia on 22 July.



© CHIP GRAY

A DESERT SANDSTORM WHEN VISIBILITY IS ZERO

This is an untouched photo taken by Pfc James Matise of soldiers of the 101st Airborne Division stationed in Kuwait during a sandstorm. In the background, a US Army Humvee vehicle.



MISTAKEN IDENTITY? Confusion over Brave Action

THE FAMILY OF US Army Sergeant Donald Walters, part of the convoy ambushed by regular and irregular Iraqi forces, believe some of the heroic actions attributed to Jessica Lynch by the media, may have been mistaken for his actions.

Sergeant Walters was separated from the 507th Maintenance Company outside Nasiriyah, and took a wrong turn into the city. Norman Walters, the sergeant's father, said the Army report released on 10 July indicated what really happened. "There is some information to suggest that a U.S. soldier that could

have been Walters fought his way south of Highway 16 towards a canal and was killed in action," Mr Walters Snr. said.

The Walters believe their son's heroic actions were lost in a "bad translation of Iraqi radio communications."

"I'm thinking that what was reported, whatever Jessica Lynch did, was my son. That's what it all points to," Walters' father said. "If you recall when they first started talking about Jessica they said she was shot in the leg and stabbed in the stomach. Don was shot in the leg and stabbed in the stomach."



A US Army autopsy revealed that Walters was: "Shot twice in the back, once in the leg, had a dislocated left shoulder and was stabbed twice in the stomach." The soldier's body was found buried in a shallow grave outside Saddam Hospital where Jessica Lynch was rescued.

Walters is survived by a wife and three daughters who live in Kansas City.



These remarkable photographs were received by Eye Spy from US forces who boarded this unassuming Iraqi tugboat during the early stages of the recent conflict. The US Navy boarding party quickly discovered the innocent tugboat was in fact a cleverly disguised fully automated mine layer.

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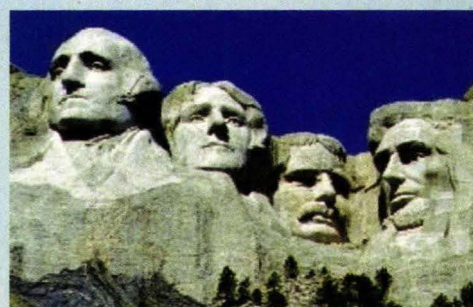
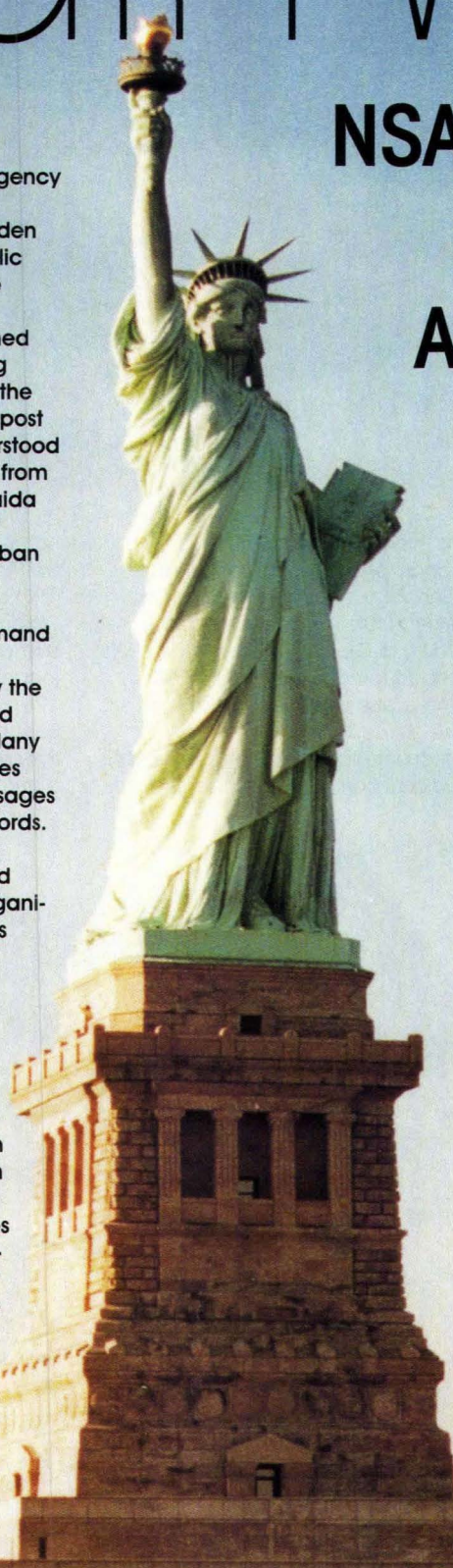
Death Wish

NSA Intercepts New Coded Al-Qaida American Targets

The National Security Agency has intercepted a suspected Osama bin-Laden 'wish list' of key symbolic American locations he wants attacked. The intelligence was gleaned from information being forwarded in code on the internet, phone and by simple letter post to suspected sleeper cells. It is understood that a similar list was also recovered from a house occupied by a senior al-Qaida commander in Kabul shortly after US forces ousted bin-Laden and the Taliban leadership.

Since 2001, al-Qaida's central command has been decimated and previous channels of communication used by the terrorists, such as satellite phones and land lines, can no longer be used. Many of bin-Laden's most trusted colleagues now issue commands and pass messages to each other using intricate code words. The NSA's powerful Echelon system is being upgraded to cypher suspected messages sent in Arabic, and the organisation has recently employed dozens more foreign translators.

Eye Spy can reveal al-Qaida is also conversing by means of forwarding picture messages and has recently created a new world language based on secondary meanings. Quite often text is embedded into an image, or the image itself can mean something. When al-Qaida agents need to converse over long distances by phone or the internet, the conversation appears entirely innocent. For example, a specific airport could be spoken of in code. Boston may be referred to as 'having tea' or Rome as 'going for a walk'. Echelon can be programmed to be triggered by Boston or Rome on suspected terrorist communications lines, but innocent-sounding phrases will not be regarded as suspicious.



Mount Rushmore - a known al-Qaida target



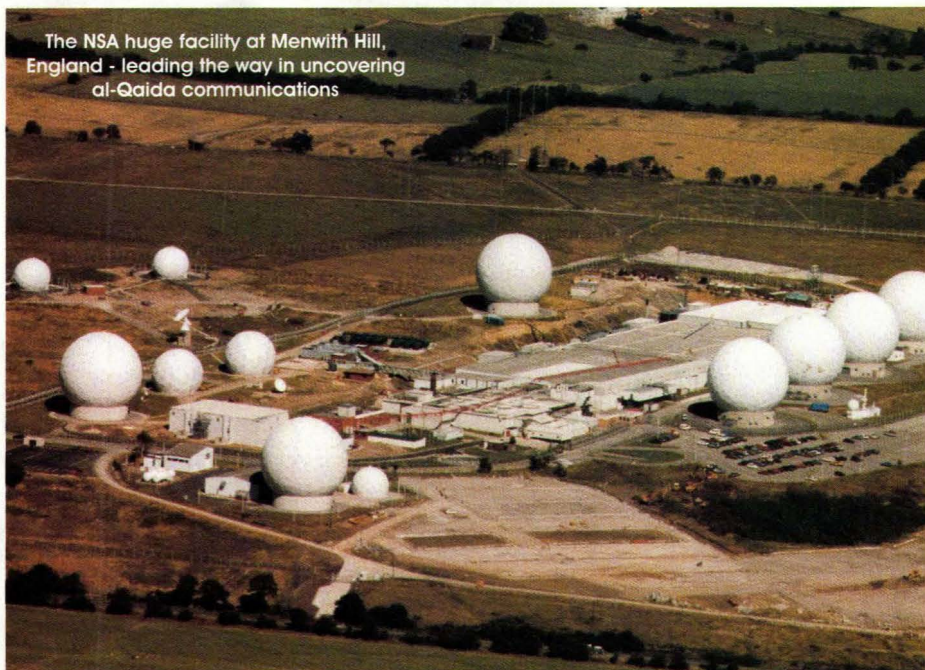
Most significant American targets are now guarded 24-hours-a-day by security officers who are prepared for every eventuality - including a biological attack

Several months ago the US terrorist threat level was raised after NSA analysts intercepted numerous conversations from monitored lines. This increase in 'chatter' was analysed and US targets identified. Combined with information acquired from the likes of Khalid Sheikh Mohammed, one of the masterminds behind 9/11, the NSA has been able to inform its colleagues in the FBI and CIA of potential strikes.

The new intelligence singles out several important locations that al-Qaida agents have been charged with attacking. Indeed, the Brooklyn Bridge has again been identified. Other targets include: Empire State Building, Statue of Liberty, (New York); White House, Capital Building, Pentagon (Washington DC); Golden Gate Bridge (San Francisco); Las Vegas. And interestingly, Air Force One, the president's flying office, as well as the Mount Rushmore monument.

Some of the transmissions are believed to have emanated from Maidan, a town north of Miram Shah just inside Pakistan. This area has been previously searched by US and British Special Forces. On one occasion, the troops penetrated deep inside Pakistan as they believed bin-Laden was nearby. This caused quite a diplomatic row and led to civilian protests in the country. The location is one area where chatter is regularly monitored. Eye Spy was informed that NSA intercepted a coded list in May 2003 from this area. It had been sent to several

The NSA huge facility at Menwith Hill, England - leading the way in uncovering al-Qaida communications



locations throughout the Middle East, Europe and North America. The list appeared innocuous, until it was decoded - all major United States cities have now been renamed by al-Qaida. Indeed, Britain's MI6 is understood to have learned that UK targets have also been renamed.

Seizing such intelligence may stall attacks, but al-Qaida's commanders can issue new

names within hours. Some web sites are also 'al-Qaida friendly' and as the NSA and NRO battle to enter the secret world of al-Qaida with the most modern technology available, al-Qaida is using the same technology to counter it.

Besides US troops searching for bin-Laden, the area around Miram Shah is traversed by a number of Pakistani bounty hunters. These



The US Embassy in Rome - Italian security officials intercepted messages that revealed a deadly plot by al-Qaida





Italian security officials
have had much success
against al-Qaida

men know they face death if things go wrong, but Washington's reward of \$25 million for bin-Laden's arrest is just too tempting. The CIA has also grown a little tired of its 'hired Afghanistan hands' who are being paid \$100 a day for what one source said "was leading our troops on a merry dance." The guides have been used by America to help 'zoom-in' on suspected al-Qaida camps and the source of the coded transmissions. The guides, however, are quite happy to drag the situation out... especially when being paid what in Afghan terms are huge sums of money.

And of interest to the NSA, in the Pakistan border areas with Afghanistan, al-Qaida is producing leaflets called shabnamay (night messages). These messages tell locals to oust the remaining US forces and how to organise themselves into small units fighting with a number of warlords opposed to the government. The leaflets also warn of using



New York's bridges - symbolic

phones and other lines of communications which can be 'hijacked'.

The secret communications battle with al-Qaida is as important as any other part of the war on terror. Yet as the leaflets prove, the oldest and most simplest form of communication can still be effective enough to thwart and hinder such mighty organisations as the NSA.

CIA Traced Bin-Laden To Iran

Eye Spy sources have told the magazine that Osama bin-Laden was seen in Iran on or around 17 May this year. It is our understanding that this follows the detention of his son and the dismantling of an active al-Qaida cell in the country by Iranian security officials. Two independent eye witnesses have reported seeing bin-Laden. It is possible he was in Iran trying to negotiate the release of his son. Teheran has refused to comment on the information, but if true, bin-Laden seems to be moving from place to place with impunity again. Interestingly, he had apparently trimmed his beard, but his 6ft 6 inch frame and a small entourage betrayed him.

The CIA suspects that al-Qaida commanders based in Iran have been directing the recent attacks to "demonstrate the organisation remains viable despite the loss of several of its top leaders."

The Empire State Building



CIA WARNING OVER MISSING CONVEYOR

Have you ever lost your keys? Or put your wallet down and can't find where it is when you need it? Well, since 25 May, authorities in Africa and the United States have been looking for a Boeing 727 jet that went missing under suspicious circumstances from Luanda airport in the southwest African country of Angola.

The man widely believed to be the prime suspect of piloting the 727 is Benjamin Padilla, a US citizen from Florida. Padilla, too, has vanished. His family is worried and believe Padilla, a licensed mechanic and pilot, flew to Angola on behalf of Aerospace Sales and Leasing (IRS), a Florida-based company that bought the 727 from American Airlines two years ago. From there it was brought to Angola by Air Angola, a firm owned by a group of current and former high-ranking military officials. The plane had been parked idle at the airport for more than a year for nonpayment of fees to the airport authority, and had recently been refitted to carry diesel fuel tanks, making the plane a potential 'flying bomb'. Padilla's family believes he was sent to see whether it was fit to fly. Ben Padilla was

testing the plane by taxiing along the runway. It seems that he then decided to take off and fly in to the blue sky to an unknown destination.

U.S. government officials last heard of it requesting permission to land in the Seychelles, off the coast of East Africa, but it never arrived there. Eventually, the aircraft turned up around the 7 July in Conakry, Guinea's capital, spotted by Bob Strother, a Canadian pilot. It had been badly repainted and given the Guinean registration, 3XGOM. However, at least the last two letters of its former tail-number, N844AA, were still visible. The plane was being used to shuttle goods between Beirut and Conakry. According to Mr Strother: "There's no absolutely doubt it's the same aircraft. The old registration is clearly visible."

The current location of the aircraft is still unknown and is therefore a great cause for concern. It was mistakenly thought to be in Beirut for about 10 days, but this 727 turned out to be owned by a Lebanese business man who independently went to the authorities regarding the misunderstanding.

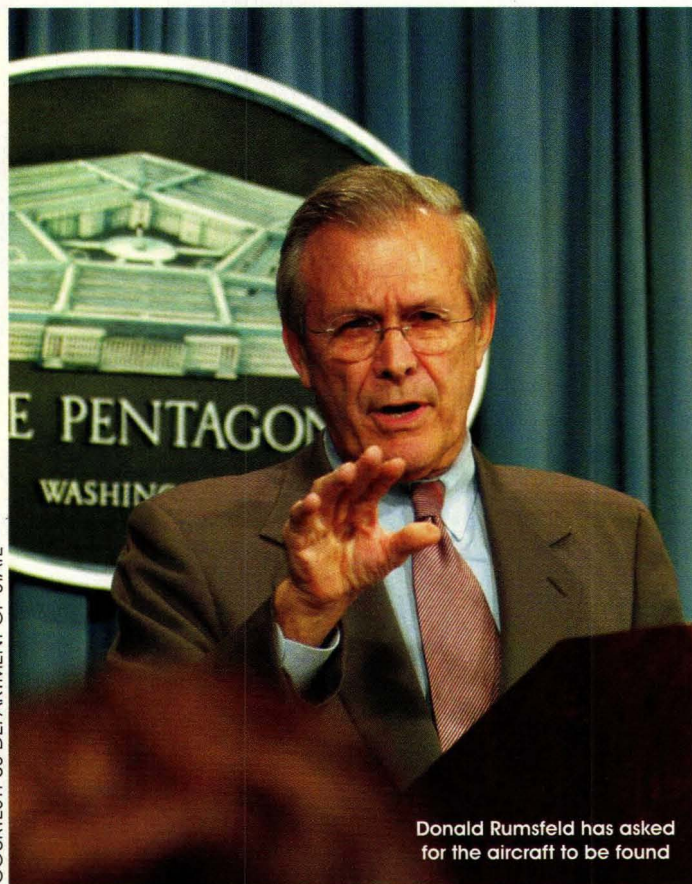
On 12 July the disappearance of a Boeing 727 along with a resurgence of terror activities near the Horn of Africa spurred the United States to add new combat power to the region. U.S. officials are not sure what happened to the 727, but they say the possibility exists that the aircraft is in the hands of terrorists. Marine Brigadier General Mastin Robeson, commander of the Combined Joint Task Force Horn of Africa, is quoted in a telephone interview with CNN as having identified an "operational need" for four to six Air Force F-16 and F-15E aircraft, along with Navy F/A-18s to be deployed from Camp Lemonnier, a French military base in Djibouti. "We have the ability to identify it from other airplanes in the air," Robeson said. With the continuing threat of an attack from aircraft in the region, all 727s in the region fly on approved commercial air routes. If this plane were to appear suddenly, it would be deemed a threat and the US military "would not hesitate to shoot it down," he added. It is unclear when the Pentagon would act upon this request. Other reports have suggested the plane's owner took it from the airport in a financial dispute.

According to the US Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), the plane was built in 1975. Although it was originally operated by American Airlines, according to FAA records its latest registered owner was an aircraft-



**Marine Brigadier General
Mastin Robeson**

COURTESY: US MARINE CORP

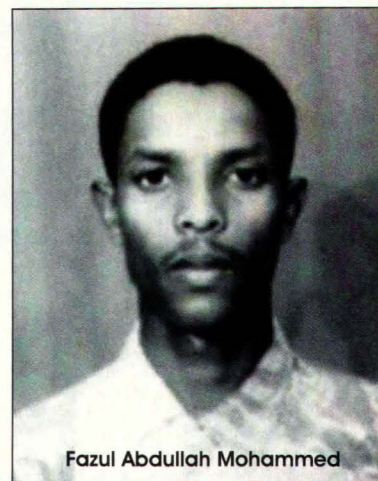


**Donald Rumsfeld has asked
for the aircraft to be found**

COURTESY: US DEPARTMENT OF STATE



"USAF would not
hesitate to
shoot it down"



Fazul Abdullah Mohammed



Benjamin Padilla

ED AIRLINER

leasing firm based in Miami, Florida (IRS). Many efforts to contact the firm were unsuccessful. The telephone number for the company had been disconnected. Firms are legally obliged to inform the FAA of address changes and any transfers in aircraft ownership. However, that does not always happen and the possibility can't be ruled out the plane may have been sold to foreign owners.

Curiously, when researched, it was discovered that Aerospace Sales and Leasing (IRS) records mention a previously bought aircraft from American airlines. This one WAS, however, used by terrorists. The registration was N334AA, and this Boeing B767-223 crashed into the World Trade Center on 11 September 2001.

Despite the FAA records, it is alleged that the 727 belongs to a person living in South Africa

who leases the aircraft to others. There are concerns that this man - who is described as a suspected former unofficial aviation adviser for the Taliban - is affiliated with Fazul Abdullah Mohammed. Mohammed is an alleged al-Qaida operative who was indicted in the United States in the 1998 East African embassy bombings and is still at large.

The US State Department closed its embassy in Nairobi, Kenya, for six days after the Defence Department learned that it was a specific target of a terrorist attack. Kenya had been on heightened alert status for more than a month due to a range of intelligence red flags signalling terrorist activity in the region, including the sighting of Mohammed near the Somali border several weeks ago, according to the ABC news service. Intelligence sources also learned of a transfer of a cache of

weapons into Kenya from Somalia, a large infusion of cash into a suspicious bank account in Kenya and the recent transit into Kenya of one or more British nationals of Somali descent.

Combined with the disappearance of the 191,000 pound jet plane, all of this spelled the makings of an imminent attack to authorities, leading to the shutdown of the embassy. Intelligence agencies have used satellites to try to locate the plane, the CIA is working its human sources in Africa; embassies in Africa have been informed of the disappearance. The plane's status is discussed every morning in meetings at various intelligence agencies and congressional intelligence committees, but its current location and purpose remains a mystery.



The Stasi Jigsaw P

New Secrets of the Stasi Could be Revealed

In a Berlin building, a group of 50 German civil servants have sat patiently for years trying to piece together millions of strips of paper - the result of a frantic action by the Stasi as the Berlin Wall collapsed.

Many historians believe that if the documents can be joined together, important facts would emerge about the Stasi and its role in the intelligence world. On the other hand, there will be many people fearful that their 'irregular' relationship with the East German secret police will be finally exposed.

During the last few days of Communist rule in East Germany, the Stasi was ordered to

destroy hundreds of millions of documents. Initial attempts to shred the material failed and an effort to move hundreds of tons of paper to a secure location to the suburbs of Berlin where it would be set alight, was doomed - not enough transport could be organised in time. With the East German people now openly demanding freedom and unity, Stasi officials and workers started tearing the paper into shreds with their hands and separating it in an astonishing 16,000 sacks. The method was questionable, but the result was the same. When the foreign ministry and Stasi archives were raided, West German intelligence and their CIA counterparts moved the sacks to an old refugee centre in Bavaria. To give readers some idea of the laborious and enormous task that lay ahead for the 50 workers endeavouring to glue the pieces together again; in eight years they have managed

to sort just 300 sacks. At this rate it will take almost 500 years to complete the task.

Inside the centre, workers carefully spread the bits of paper across huge tables. Here they check type faces, handwriting, crests and any other identifying marks. Once this has been done, the shreds are then moved to another table and efforts are made to join them. It is a hopeless task, especially because many of the people whose names appear on the documents will probably be long gone or dead before investigators can determine why their details were amongst the Stasi archive in the first place. For years former spies and agents and laid in bed knowing that their secrets will almost certainly remain safe forever.... until now, that is!

A German company has developed a high-tech programme that will correctly



Early CND marches in the UK were infiltrated by the Stasi

zle

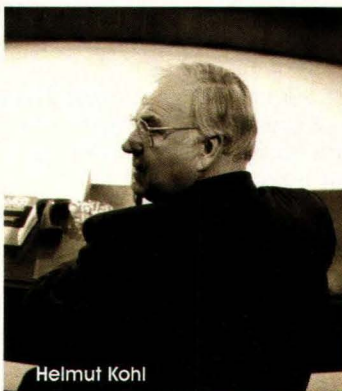


Computer



match the fragments automatically. The Berlin Fraunhofer Institute of Production Facilities and Construction Technology says it will be able to complete the job in months, given all the shreds are still available. Each piece of paper is scanned and the image entered in a computer file. The programme will then speedily examine edges, handwriting and others qualities to perform a match.

Not all Germans are for the programme; indeed, there is the small matter of finance. And even though the results could mean justice for many Germans whose relatives died or simply disappeared after encountering the Stasi, some German politicians may try to block the move, including former Chancellor Helmut Kohl. It is known a great many Stasi files exist on Mr Kohl. The intelligence services believe that the documents contain personal details of many a politician who had liaisons with the 'other side'. Much depends on the will of the people, but the work of dedicated civil servants in Bavaria has already thrown up one or two surprises. For example, Helen Anderson, a secretary employed at the US military headquarters in West Berlin was persuaded by her Stasi boyfriend to pass on US and British secrets.



Helmut Kohl



CIA Set to Expose 50,000 Stasi Spies



WASHINGTON: In 1992, shortly before the unification of Western and Eastern Germany, the CIA initiated Operation Rosewood and obtained hundreds of top secret Stasi files from the Foreign Intelligence Office. CIA Station Officer Mike Breaden secured listings of 4,500 Stasi codenames. After meticulous research, many names were set against the found codenames and agents exposed. Indeed, Breaden even travelled to London and met with senior MI6 and MI5 officials. It is believed over 100 agents resided in England.

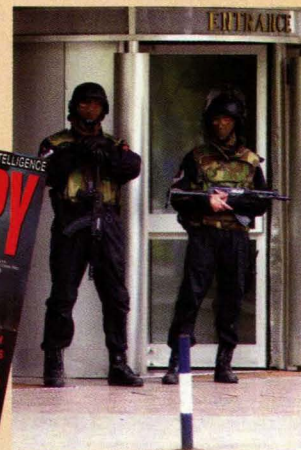
Eleven years after Rosewood, the CIA is set to declassify all the files concerning Stasi agents. Sources inside Berlin believe that the list contains 200,000 names, of which 12,000 could be people who spied in West Germany for the Stasi, and a further 40,000 agents who operated in East Germany. (Also see Eye Spy 2, The Stasis Secret SIRA Tapes)

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The Nuclear Alle

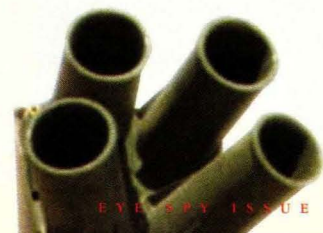
Iran's Secret P

A recent CIA intelligence assessment states that North Korea's senior nuclear advisors have met with Iranian officials. The CIA believes the meeting was in connection with pressure from the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) on Iran to open its doors to inspectors. Of additional concern, it is also believed Teheran is covertly enticing former members of a top secret Iraqi nuclear unit to help with its own clandestine arms' programme.

North Korea has shared its expertise in concealing a variety of projects and equipment from the likes of ground inspectors and overhead NSA spy satellites. In May, a CIA agent reported that two senior Iranian officials from the rapidly developing Atomic Energy Organisation of Iran flew to hold secret talks in Pyongyang, North Korea. It was learned that Iran is sending a group of specialists to the atomic centre in Yongbyon to train and develop skills. The meeting only fuelled fears that Teheran is determined to press ahead with its nuclear programme.

Both Iran and North Korea are a part of President Bush's so-called "axis of evil" and have benefited from each other in the past. Iran is developing the Shebab 4 surface-to-surface missile with the help of technicians and other specialists from Pyongyang. The missile has a range of 1,250 miles and a 2,200lb payload and will replace the Shebab 3, another missile powered by engines supplied by North Korea.

Donald Rumsfeld, the US Defence Secretary, has already issued a firm warning that Iran was "actively working to develop a nuclear bomb," hence the arrival of some quite brilliant Iraqi scientists to augment

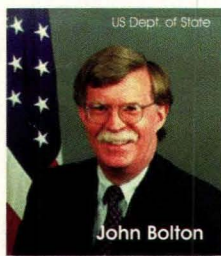


gramme

Iran's programme. And though both Britain and America have tried to persuade Russia's President Putin to cease advising Iran on nuclear power and weaponry, President Putin is unmoved.

NUCLEAR MUJAHIDIN

US and British intelligence are actively searching for a number of senior Iraqi scientists formerly employed in a small weapons research unit. Established by Saddam Hussein over 10 years ago, and actually called 'the nuclear Mujahidin', Washington and London are fearful that the knowledge these persons possess could be used by rogue nations to help develop their own nuclear programmes. US Assistant Under Secretary of State for Arms Control, John Bolton, said that efforts were underway to locate the men and try and find them alternative employment in the [West's] nuclear



US soldiers are working collectively with the CIA to try and locate the 'nuclear alley' run by the Badr Brigade

industry, rather than let them be coerced into working abroad. Mr Bolton named a number of countries, including Libya, Iran, Syria, Sudan and Cuba, that might afford job contracts to the scientists.

CIA DISCOVER 'THE ALLEY'

Intelligence officers operating on the porous Iraq-Iran border have learned that a local Iraqi-based militia, friendly to Teheran, is now helping the operation to get scientists across the border and into Iran. The Badr Brigade has formed an underground network to help the nuclear Mujahidin and leading employees of Iraq's Military Industrialisation Commission (MIC). One man the CIA is desperate to locate is General Mudh'her Sadeq Sabe'a, Saddam's senior missiles' expert. He was the principal driving force behind the al-Samoud missile programme that was outlawed by the United Nations for exceeding the 92-mile range. The Badr Brigade is known to have provided a safe channel for the general to traverse back and forth to Teheran from his home in the Diyala area of Iraq. CIA officials are now monitoring this route.

Another huge worry for Washington is the fact that many leading MIC employees who worked for the MIC were members of

the now outlawed Ba'ath Party. The former director-general of the MIC has warned that unless the employees can be given work, they will search elsewhere. "Do not be surprised if some of these people start turning up in Teheran," said Brigadier Marouf al-Chalabi. "If the Americans do not find work for them, many will leave. Yes, some will want to go to the West, but not all."

NSA intercepts reveal that Iran and Syria have already made substantial offers to some of the scientists - and a number are already working in these countries. Other intelligence acquired from within Iran clearly suggests Teheran is working on a secret project to manufacture enriched uranium, the main component in a nuclear bomb. The biggest void in terms of Iran's nuclear technology is its weakness in solid missile propellant technology. Iraq had several brilliant scientists trained in this area in Western facilities. The Pentagon has been advised by the CIA that Iran is looking to diversify its missile projects and use solid instead of liquid fuel in its Shahab missile. If this was achieved, the projectiles would easily be able to strike targets in Europe.

- A recent CIA assessment concluded that Iran would be a 'nuclear weapons' state by 2010.

North Korea Begins Countdown to Nuclear Bomb Construction

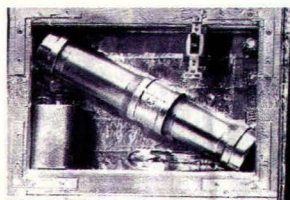
WASHINGTON: South Korean Intelligence has warned America that its neighbour to the north, has already reprocessed spent uranium fuel rods, a major step towards the manufacture of a nuclear bomb. A report prepared by the National Intelligence Service (NIS), stated that North Korea had "reprocessed a small portion of the 8,000 fuel rods at its Yongbyon nuclear site." CIA analysts are examining the report which if true, means that if all the rods were reprocessed, North Korea would have sufficient weapons-grade plutonium to construct about six nuclear bombs within months. North Korea has been threatening to relaunch its nuclear programme after UN inspectors were told to leave the country. The NIS also claim that it has evidence that tests of high explosives that serve as a detonator in nuclear bombs, have been detected at a location some 25 miles from Yongbyon.



The GRE

INTELLIGENCE BRIEFS

URANIUM THEFT IN UK: Nearly thirty pounds of depleted uranium was stolen in a raid on a radioactive waste processing plant in Essex, England. Intelligence officials have tried to play down the significance of the incident, but nuclear experts said that if this quantity of uranium fell into the wrong hands, it could be used to make a 'dirty bomb'.



A van carrying the material was stolen from the plant's depot. The vehicle had allegedly been left unlocked and the keys were in the ignition. A nationwide alert was issued to all British police forces. Dr Frank Barnaby, a nuclear physicist, said: "If you exploded such a device in Oxford Street, the police would be under pressure to evacuate a wide area. The uranium would spread all over people and get on their clothes."

- Depleted uranium is fairly radioactive in its solid form but becomes much more dangerous when set on fire. Police said the uranium would become radioactive if ignited.

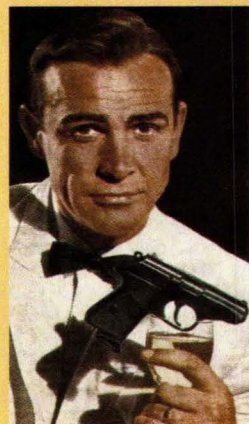


IRAQ URANIUM RECOVERED: Most of the stolen Iraqi uranium from the Tuwaittha plant, about 12 miles south of Baghdad, has been recovered. Mohamed ElBaradei, head of the International Atomic Energy Agency said his inspectors had recovered a substantial quantity of the looted material.

ARRESTS FOLLOW 'DIRTY BOMB' CONSTRUCTION: Georgian security officials have arrested two men after discovering highly radioactive material and a container of lethal mustard gas in a tax during a routine search in Tbilisi. Russian intelligence officers are working with the officials to try and determine from what location the material originated.

SPY MINI CAMERA INVENTOR WALTER ZAPP DIES

Walter Zapp, 97, inventor of the Minox mini camera featured in many spy movies died on 17 July at home in Binningen, northern Switzerland, said Thorsten Korteneier, spokesman for Minox GmbH in Wetzlar, Germany. Zapp's invention, which fits in the palm of a hand and weighs less than a cigarette lighter, has been used in James Bond movies and other films, although he didn't devise the camera with espionage in mind. More than one million have been sold, Korteneier said.



Zapp realised no great riches from his work, having sold the patent after World War II for a lump sum and a life annuity. Zapp was born in 1905 in Riga, Latvia. Describing himself as a weakling, he said he began wondering about making cameras smaller while lugging around

heavy wooden cameras as a 17-year-old apprentice art photographer in Tallinn, Estonia. Fourteen years later, in 1936, Zapp succeeded in producing a prototype that could be hidden in a closed hand. He began manufacturing them in Riga, but fled to Germany in 1941 when the Baltic states got caught in the conflict between the Soviet Union and Germany during World War II. He brought along one of his cameras and the design, and after the war, together with a friend he founded Minox in Wetzlar. Two of the company's main investors were cigar factories, which took over and dismissed Zapp after two years. He moved to Switzerland. After the optics company Leitz acquired Minox in 1989, Zapp, then in his 80s, was brought back as a development engineer.

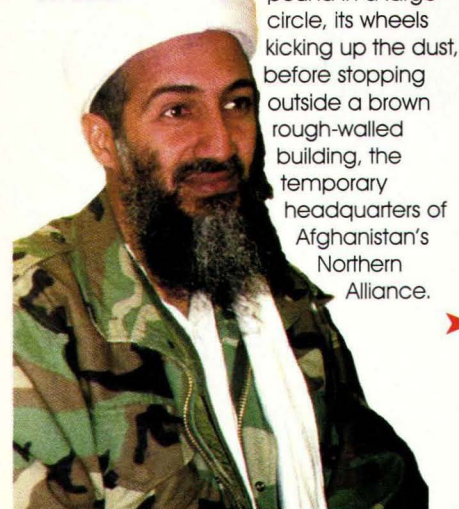
Zapp is survived by a son and a daughter. A private funeral was held 22 July in Binningen.



The dark green Puma helicopter had barely landed on the dusty airstrip at the northeastern Afghan village of Khowja Bahaaddin when the two men jumped out. Both were wearing Western clothes, the classic pale brown military shirts and battledress trousers affected by most male journalists in a war zone. They ducked down to avoid the rotor blades and ran towards a black Toyota 4x4 parked by the edge of the runway. Each man paused in turn to shake the hand of a bearded man in green fatigues and cap who had just climbed out of the Toyota. They exchanged a few brief words with him, shouting to make themselves heard above the noise of the Puma's engine, before getting into the back of the vehicle, which drove off towards the village at speed, disappearing in the cloud of dust thrown up in its wake.

After a short ride down a heavily pot-holed track, the Toyota stopped outside a brick-walled compound. The gates opened and

Osama bin-Laden



the Toyota swept round the compound in a large circle, its wheels kicking up the dust, before stopping outside a brown rough-walled building, the temporary headquarters of Afghanistan's Northern Alliance.

Return of the T GAME

by Michael Smith



THE SPYING GAME

The two men slipped off their shoes at the door out of respect for their Muslim hosts, before being ushered inside to speak to the commander. It was late September. Little more than two weeks earlier al-Qaida terrorists had flown three airliners into New York's Twin Towers and the Pentagon and crashed a fourth, killing more than 3,000 people. It would be some days yet before America and its allies would begin bombing Afghanistan, wreaking a dreadful revenge on the Taliban regime that had harboured Osama bin-Laden and his fellow members of the al-Qaida leadership. But already more subtle methods of regime change were underway.



commander of the Northern Alliance, General Mohammed Qasim Fahim (above).

Despite their appearance, the two men were not journalists. They were members of the British Secret Intelligence Service MI6 and they were there to speak to the new

They and the rest of a small eight-man team of Dari-and Pashto-speaking MI6 officers had spent the last few days criss-crossing their way across Afghanistan. In the wake of the al-Qaida attacks on America, there had been criticism of both MI6 and the CIA for a perceived failure to maintain the agent networks set up inside Afghanistan during the Soviet occupation. The criticism was singularly misplaced.

Both had maintained a number of networks inside Afghanistan, although the British, with a traditional interest in the area dating back to the Raj, not only had more than their US counterparts, their agents were also more effective and more widespread than those of the CIA. They had been providing intelligence on the movements of Osama bin-Laden since long before the attacks on the Twin Towers and were already proving their usefulness in the war on the al-Qaida leader and his Taliban hosts. The MI6 team's meetings with their agents across Afghanistan were designed to weave a web of networks that could be used to undermine the Taliban control over northern Afghanistan.

The British secret service had close links with Fahim's Jamiat-i-Islami that had been developed from its support of the group's

former leader Ahmed Shah Masood. He had been assassinated by an al-Qaida hit squad only days before the 11

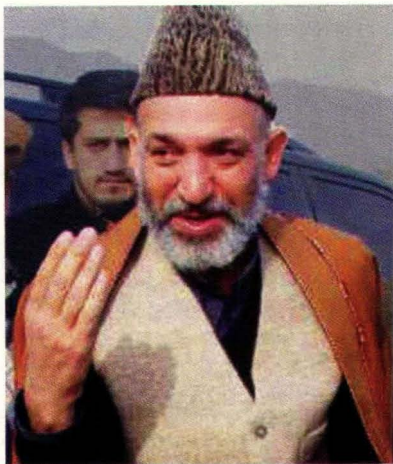


Ahmed Shah Masood

September attacks but the links with Jamiat-i-Islami remained and MI6 had a large number of other long-term contacts and agents spread right across Afghanistan. It had friends among the Tajik Ismailis of northern Afghanistan and the Shi'ite Hazara, Mongoloid descendants of members of Genghis Khan's forces, whose mountainous central homeland the Hazarajat had never been subdued by the Taliban. It also had agents in the Pashtun south, who for several years had been providing important intelligence on al-Qaida and on the growth of the narcotics industry under the Taliban. Each group still controlled small areas of the country that

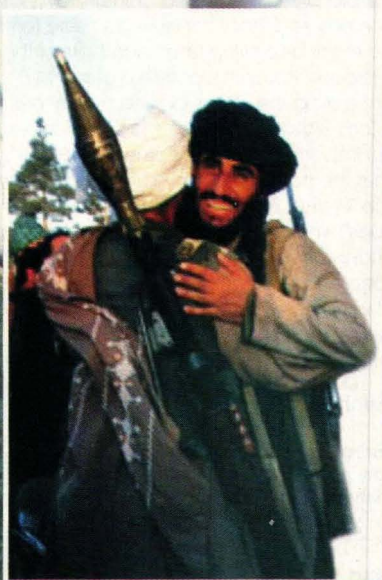
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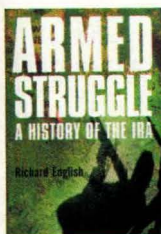
President Hamid Karzai

the Taliban had yet to conquer. The plan was to expand those areas until all Taliban and al-Qaida forces had been forced out. The two MI6 officers were reporting back to Fahim, keeping him briefed on their secret contacts. The Americans were carrying out similar operations, but with weaker networks they were forced to throw money at the situation. MI6 had a small budget - around seven million dollars - to help its agents to

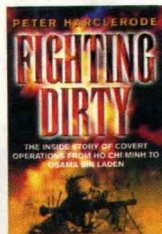


MI6 officers helped the Northern Alliance rout the Taliban

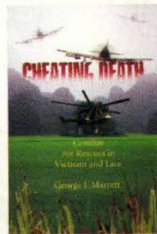
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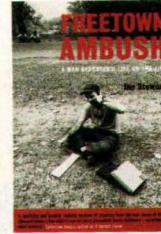
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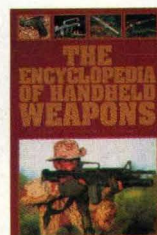
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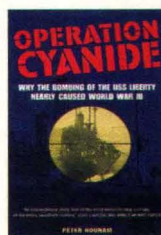
Encyclopedia of Handheld Weapons: Reference work on all handheld weapons. Huge Hardback 418pp. ES/619 £28.00 \$45.00



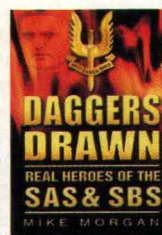
Lock and Load: Reference book on the weapons of the US military. Huge Hardback 200pp. ES/658 £24.99 \$40.00



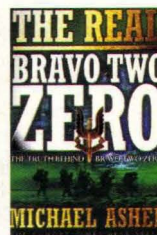
America's Special Forces: All US Special Forces examined. Large format ES/581 £20.00 \$35.00



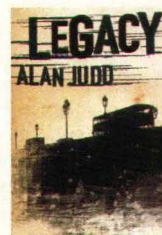
Operation Cyanide: Israeli attack on US Navy vessel. Hardback 290pp ES/664 £19.00 \$35.00



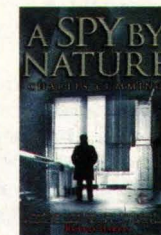
Dagger Drawn: Real heroes of the SAS and SBS. Paperback. 300pp. ES/660 £7.99 \$18.00



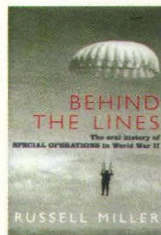
The Real Bravo Two Zero: True story of what happened in Gulf War I to the SAS team. Paperback ES/657 £7.99 \$20.00



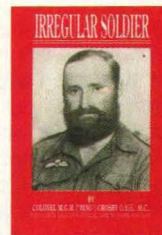
Legacy: Quite breathless novel of an MI6 officer's death plot. Hardback ES/550 £18.50 \$32.00



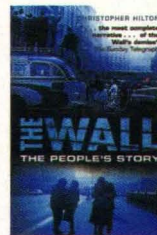
A Spy By Nature: Charming novel about the recruitment of an MI5 officer. Paperback 500pp ES/602 £7.50 \$18.00



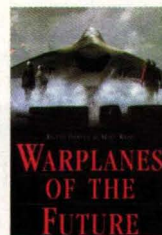
Behind the Lines: SOE and OSS special operations behind enemy lines. Paperback 192pp ES/611 £18/99 \$32.00



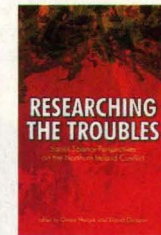
Irregular Soldier: A unique look at one of Britain's special forces' soldiers. Paperback 376pp ES/574 £9.00 \$20.00



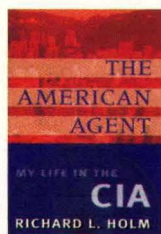
The Wall: Powerful history concerning death and tragedy at the Berlin Wall. Paperback 452pp ES/547 £11.50 \$25.00



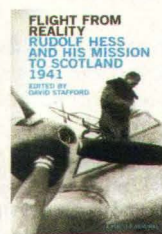
Warplanes of the Future: Unconventional aircraft design and photos. Giant Hardback 174pp. ES/582 £22.50 \$44.00



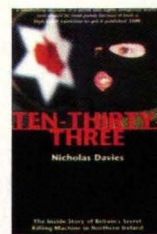
Researching the Troubles: Social Science perspectives on the conflict. Hardback 350pp ES/686 £23.00 \$35.00



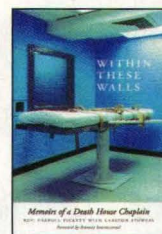
The American Agent: Fascinating look at an agent's life in the CIA. Hardback 240pp ES/656 £23.99 \$38.00



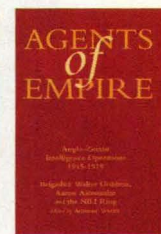
Flight From Reality: Mystery of Rudolf Hess examined by five leading authors. Softback ES/597 £14.00 \$25.00



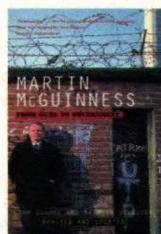
Ten-Thirty Three: Inside story of Britain's secret killing machine in N. Ireland. Paperback ES/513 £7.99 \$19.99



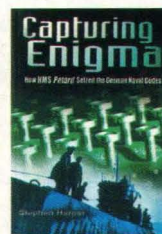
Within These Walls: A deeply moving book about prisoners on death row. Hardback 256pp ES/651 £18.50 \$30.00



Agents of Empire: British intelligence agents throughout the Empire. Hardback 342pp ES/594 £26.99 \$40.00



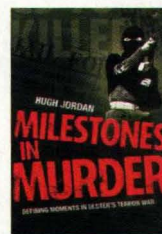
From Guns to Government: Revised study of Martin McGuinness. Softback 320pp ES/501 £9.99 \$21.00



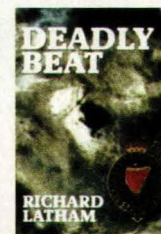
Capturing Enigma: True story how Royal Navy captured Enigma. Paperback 193pp ES/629 £7.99 \$16.00



Missing - Believed Killed: Fascinating stories of lost pilots and aircraft. Hardback 283pp ES/659 £22.00 \$35.00



Milestones in Murder: Definitive and deadly moments in Ulster's terror war. Softback 236pp ES/652 £12.50 \$25.00



Deadly Beat: Frightening insight into policing in Northern Ireland. Softback 208pp ES/521 £9.99 \$18.00



Ahmed Shah
Masood (centre)



Abdul Rashid Dostum

persuade others, some of them inside the Taliban itself, to switch their allegiances. But it was acutely aware of the adage of the British intelligence officers who fought the Great Game with Russia during the 19th century, "You can't buy the loyalty of an Afghan, you can only rent it."

The MI6 team was using similar techniques to those employed during the Great Game, working out what made the people they needed on their side tick. The key was rarely if ever money alone, sometimes it was the opportunity to avenge a long-held grudge, sometimes a promise of British support in the postwar carve-up of Afghanistan. Often the motive that might lead a key commander to switch sides was simply pragmatism, a wish to be on the winning side. Occasionally, but only when they were sure it would work, the MI6 officers team handed over money. Their aim

was to create a situation where a few deft moves at the right moment would bring down the Taliban regime like a house of cards.

The allies were acutely aware of the history of attempts by foreign forces to attack Afghanistan and knew they risked being dragged into a long debilitating Afghan campaign like those that had defeated the Russians and the British before them. With that in mind, British military planners favoured using the Northern Alliance as a proxy army. The allies would supply the air power, and special forces like the SAS would coordinate ground operations, but the bulk of the troops themselves would be Afghans. The US administration was sceptical. Only a few months earlier, it had dismissed the Alliance and Masood in particular as "part of the problem, not part of the solution." If the Americans were to be persuaded that the plan would work, then the various factions that made up the Northern Alliance would have to be truly united. But without Masood that was going to prove difficult, which was why the latest MI6 team had been sent into Afghanistan. Using their knowledge of the ground and the negotiating skills practised routinely by MI6 officers in trouble spots as varied as Northern Ireland and East Timor, they began contacting all the old agents and setting up new relationships with others, in particular the Uzbek warlord Abdul Rashid Dostum.

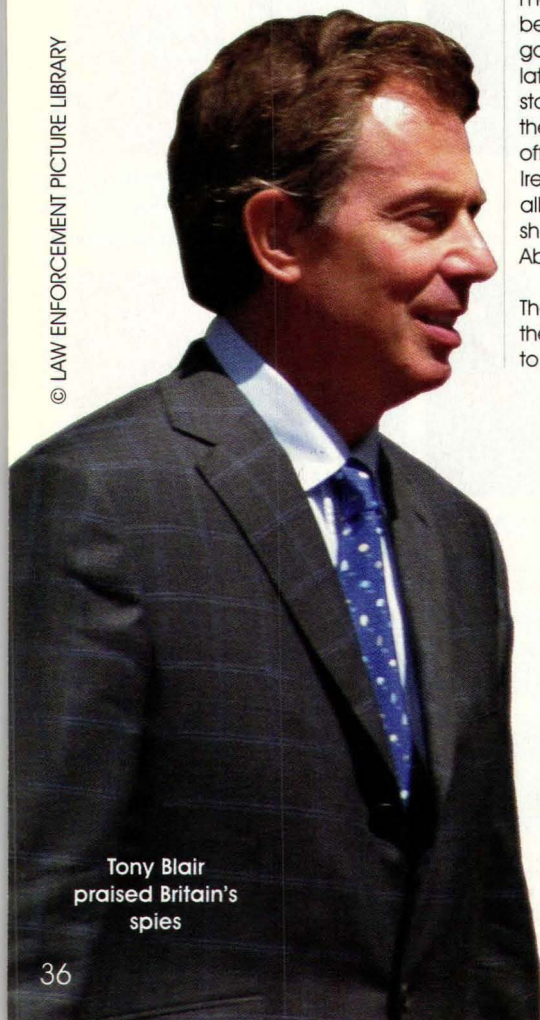
The real measure of the team's success was the astonishing four days it took for the Taliban to be forced out of northern Afghanistan. It

began on November 9th, when the key northern town of Mazar-i-Sharif fell to the combined forces of Dostum's National Movement, Jamiat-i-Islami troops and Shi'ite Hazaras. The victory was set up in advance by the MI6 team. Despite the gratuitous brutality of Afghan warfare, its proponents are pragmatists who will often switch sides rather than continue a fight they cannot win. The MI6 officers waited until precisely the right moment and then used their agents to press all the appropriate buttons. The next day, 10 November, the combined Northern Alliance force moved west, taking Sar-i-Pol and Shiberghan, Dostum's personal fiefdom. By 11 November, with the carefully laid plans of the MI6 team encouraging a series of defections by key commanders, the Taliban retreat had turned into a full-blown stampede. In the west, Northern Alliance captured the town of Qala-i-Now while in the northeast, Fahim's men swept through Taloqan, Pol-i-Khomri and Bamiyan. The following day, the main western city of Herat fell and on 13 November, with the Taliban now in headlong flight, Fahim's men occupied the capital Kabul. Not even the most optimistic of the Northern Alliance commanders could have predicted the speed of their advance, which ensured that there was no need for the Allies to risk deploying large numbers of their own troops. It was the activities of the MI6 team pulling the strings behind the scenes that led Tony Blair to praise Britain's spies for the "very important role" they played in bringing about the collapse of the Taliban. The British Prime Minister described them as "unsung heroes" whose dangerous and risky work inside Afghanistan in the immediate aftermath of the 11 September attacks had helped to ensure that very few allied soldiers died removing the Taliban from power.

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Extracted from *The Spying Game: The Secret History of British Espionage*, by Michael Smith. Published by Politico's

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Tony Blair
praised Britain's
spies

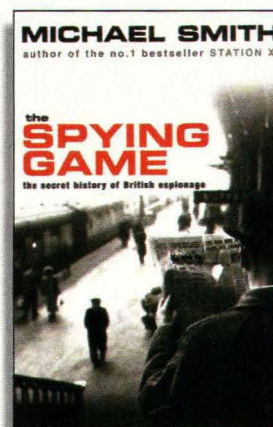
THE SPYING GAME - a completely revised and updated version of *New Cloak, Old Dagger*, described by Christopher Andrew as "the best up-to-date survey of British intelligence."

Smith traces the history of British spying from the creation of the modern Secret Service at the beginning of the twentieth century to the secret MI6 role in the defeat of the Taliban and Al-Qaida forces in Afghanistan, and the intelligence produced by Britain's spies on the existence of biological, chemical and nuclear weapons in Iraq.

Espionage exerts a perennial hold on the public imagination and appetite - and no book more comprehensively satisfies that hunger than

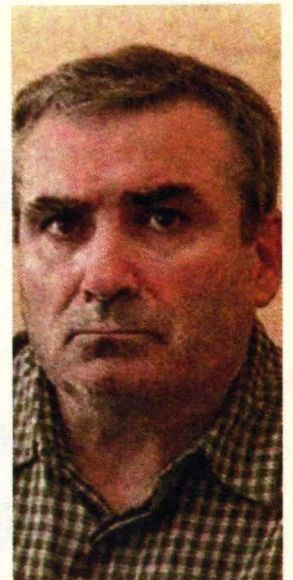
THE SPYING GAME.

Available from Eye Spy Ref: ES/700 UK £10.99 USA/ROW \$21.00 EUR €11.99



AGENT STAKEKNIFE

Tape Recording Reveals More on Alleged British Agent



A ten-year-old documentary has surfaced that contains information that could shed further light on the identity of a British agent codenamed Stakeknife. The agent, who infiltrated the IRA at its most senior level, is alleged to be Freddie Scappaticci. Since the exposure, Mr Scappaticci has denied being the agent and is taking legal action to clear his name. Many of the IRA's former commanders have given him the benefit of the doubt, including Sinn Féin politician Martin McGuinness.

However, in a 1993 interview given to an ITV investigative programme, *The Cook Report*, Scappaticci is seen to give 'secrets' away



the Cook team. Gerry Adams and Martin McGuinness were both on that list.

Stakeknife was the IRA's 'mole hunter' and probably responsible for the interrogation and death of about 20 people the IRA suspected of being British agents and informants.

The documentary team had taken a phone call from an unidentified man who called himself 'Jack'. He had watched another programme concerning Mr McGuinness and said "it did not go far enough." The television crew met with Scappaticci at the Culloden Hotel on the outskirts of Belfast. Though he did not give them his real name, the research team ran a check on his car number plate. The case took an unnerving turn when intelligence officers and Special Branch learned what had happened and who the research team had been speaking to. The police and military intelligence asked the producers to remove any words or details that would expose Scappaticci and reveal his "sensitive position."

Several allegations were made, including one whereby Scappaticci alleged Martin McGuinness was involved in the execution of an IRA man called Frank Hegarty, who was in fact an agent of the British Army's

about his colleagues in the IRA. At the time, journalists working on the documentary "had no idea" who Scappaticci was. Two meetings followed in which details of the IRA's Army Council were passed to

most secret Force Research Unit (FRU). Hegarty had been in charge of hiding and maintaining weapons' dumps (the firearms had been smuggled in from Libya), Mr Hegarty allegedly told the FRU. Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher then ordered the weapons to be seized and Hegarty was removed to safety in England. However, the former agent was homesick and often made trips to see his mother Rose. She claimed that Mr McGuinness told her no harm would come to him if he returned home, a statement which was rejected by the politician.

On the *Cook Report*, Scappaticci gives a different version of events. "See that woman (Rose) ... she was right in what she said. McGuinness got on the phone and said "come back home you will be okay." Hegarty was allegedly told to meet with three IRA men just over the border for a "debriefing session." He was found dead.

Stakeknife was the IRA's 'mole hunter' and probably responsible for the interrogation and death of about 20 people the IRA suspected of being British agents and informants.

Mr McGuinness's legal team said: "The allegations are complete fabrication and are rejected outright."

Mr Scappaticci's lawyer, Michael Flanigan issued this statement: "My client denies implicating either himself or Martin McGuinness in any way in the case of Frank Hegarty and he further questioned the authenticity of the tape recording and or its transcript."

Sir John Stevens is heading the inquiry to establish if agents and civilians were sacrificed by Stakeknife's handlers to protect his identity.

The *Cook Report's* transcripts were broadcast on the BBC's flagship documentary, *Panorama* in July.



Former Prime Minister
Margaret Thatcher



Intel Sting Backfires?



Renegade Politician Sues Over Iraqi Intelligence Forgeries

A British MP who was suspended over remarks he made concerning the war in Iraq says he intends to sue two newspapers that published stories saying he accepted huge amounts of money from the deposed Iraqi dictator, Saddam Hussein.

George Galloway was said to have taken "millions of dollars" from Saddam, by *The Christian Science Monitor*, after it received a number of documents from Baghdad. However, the paper's editor, Paul Van Slambrouck, has now acknowledged that they are almost certainly fakes.

The 'intelligence' files were allegedly handed to Philip Smucker, a freelance reporter working

in Baghdad for the *Monitor* and Britain's *Daily Telegraph*, by a former Iraqi general. And while the *Monitor* chose to publish, the *Telegraph* decided to run a story based on another set of documents that alleged Mr Galloway had taken a "slice" of Iraq's oil-for-food programme revenue, totalling more than a million dollars. These intelligence documents were discovered by one of its own reporters, David Blair, in Iraq's looted Foreign Ministry building in Baghdad. The files suggested that the Scottish MP for Glasgow Kelvin in Scotland, was somehow benefiting from a secret liaison with Saddam's intelligence service.

Both incidents were puzzling and came at a time when Mr Galloway, always hostile to the war, was becoming increasingly outspoken in his opposition of the conflict. The revelations

were published around the globe and seized upon by his critics. Some intelligence watchers thought the discovery of not one, but two sets of documents that implicated the politician, was simply too good to believe. However, David Blair said: "I think it would require an enormous amount of imagination to believe that someone went to the trouble of composing a forged document in Arabic and then planting it in a file of patently authentic documents and burying it in a darkened room on the off-chance that a British journalist might happen upon it and translate it."

All the while, George Galloway had maintained that both sets of papers were faked. Indeed, intelligence watchers privately believed he was being "set-up."

George Galloway pictured alongside Mayor of London, Ken Livingstone at a huge anti-war demonstration last year



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Now, following chemical tests on the first set of papers, *The Christian Science Monitor* have dismissed them as fakes. The papers were initially believed to have been written in 1991 and 1992, but it now appears they are less than two years old, and could even have been written this year. Mr Slambrouck said: "It is important to set the record straight. We are convinced the documents are bogus. We apologise to Mr Galloway and to our readers."

Mr Galloway seemed nonplused by the apology and announced: "Of course the documents were a forgery ... but a newspaper of that importance ought to have made the effort, both morally and legally to establish the authenticity of those documents before they decided to publish them." The politician rejected the apology and has decided to pursue his legal case against the *Monitor*. "This newspaper published on its front page, in every country in the world, that I had taken \$10 million from Saddam Hussein. That was a grave and serious libel," said Mr Galloway.

The legal action against the *Monitor* could spell bad news for *The Daily Telegraph*. The politician has thus far yet to issue a writ against the UK paper, saying he has few funds to began legal action. However, he believes that a successful writ against the Boston paper will prove helpful. "I am going to want damages and costs from *The Christian Science Monitor*, and that will be used to fund action against the *Telegraph*."

For its part, the *Telegraph* seem unfazed by Mr Galloway's remarks. Editor Charles Moore said: "The *Christian Science Monitor*'s retraction has no bearing on *The Daily Telegraph*'s story. There is an absolute distinction between the *Monitor*'s documents and ours. We thought that the *Monitor*'s documents were dubious. We don't think that David Blair's documents are dubious."

It remains to be seen how this bizarre incident unfolds. Clearly, Mr Galloway will seek damages about a story that appears to be leaking credibility. Of most interest to the intelligence world is the origin of the documents.

Galloway Fund Under Scrutiny

GEORGE GALLOWAY faces further stress after Britain's Charity Commission began an inquiry into the Mariam Appeal, launched by the politician to treat Mariam Hamza and other poor Iraqi youngsters. The commission is examining claims that the fund was used to pay for 14 of his trips to Iraq. In a statement Mr Galloway said that one of the fund's biggest donors is Fawaz Zureikat, a Jordanian businessman who donated £400,000 (\$600,000), and acts as his envoy in Iraq. Mr Zureikat was awarded a huge contract by Saddam Hussein to ship nearly 9 million barrels of oil worth between \$154 to \$316 million.

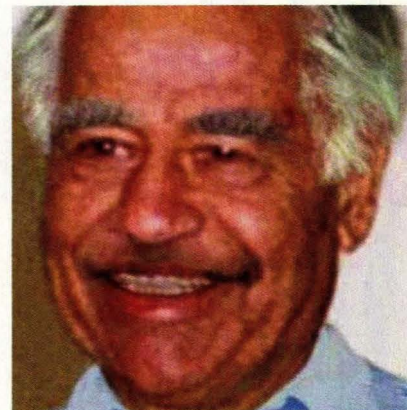


On 5 April, *The Times* published a story showing that Mr Galloway had allegedly "broken a pledge to spend all the money on medical aid for children." Mr Galloway has also issued a writ against *The Daily Telegraph* after it alleged he used the appeal to cloud commercial dealing with Iraq's intelligence service.

Digital Technology Gives Saddam Makeover

US CENTRAL COMMAND PROVIDE IMAGES OF SADDAM TO TROOPS

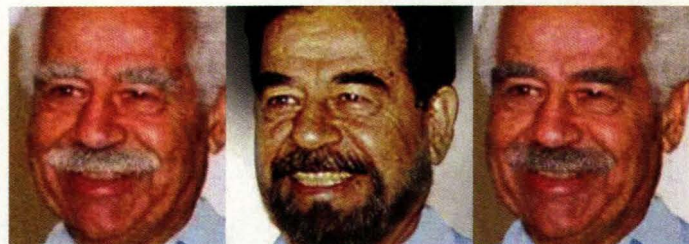
BAGHDAD: In an effort to speed up the capture of Saddam Hussein, US Central Command distributed several digitally-enhanced photographs of Saddam to help American troops spot him if he has adopted a new look to escape detection.



Two photos show the usually shaven-cheeked Iraqi leader with a heavy black beard. In one of them, his face is framed by a white headscarf.

Three other photos show Saddam - always assumed to have been either dying his hair brown or wearing a dark-brown toupee - with hair more fitting to his 66 years, ranging from white to salt-and-pepper grey. In two of those photos he has a moustache to match.

All five photos depict Saddam with his trademark smile, the grin on tens of thousands of photos of the dictator that, until April, had hung on walls, poles and monuments across Iraq.



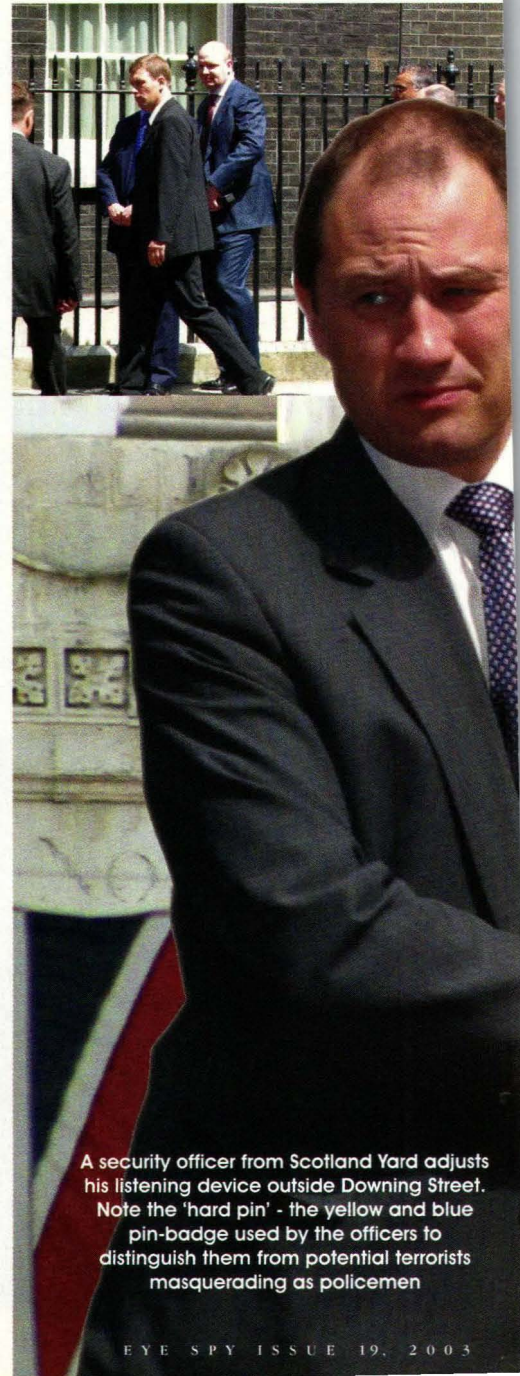
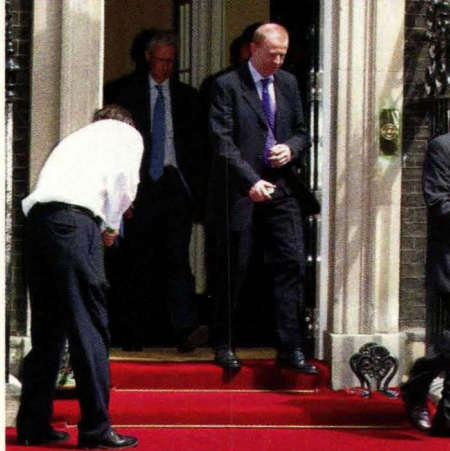
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MOSCOW

Kremlin Guard

Security for the recent State visit of President Putin to the UK was enormous. And due to the very real threat of attacks by Chechen rebels, at least two officers from the 'Kremlin Guard' - the Federal Protective Service - were allowed to carry firearms. Officially, overseas agents and security personnel are not allowed to carry guns in the UK. Unofficially, a number have been known to be issued with weapons.

When President Putin was mobile, a specialist weapons expert from Scotland Yard's Special



A security officer from Scotland Yard adjusts his listening device outside Downing Street. Note the 'hard pin' - the yellow and blue pin-badge used by the officers to distinguish them from potential terrorists masquerading as policemen

W'S 'SECRET SERVICE'

Carried Firearms in UK

Branch sat in the front seat of the vehicle. Behind him, was Mr Putin's senior bodyguard travelling in another vehicle. Throughout the security operation, the president was afforded a line of protection by armed officers of SO16, the diplomatic protection unit, and other firearms' specialists from SO19. These officers can often be seen on patrol on the rooftops of buildings overlooking the streets of the cavalcade.

The operation to guarantee the safety of President Putin and his wife, Lyudmilla, took

six months to organise and involved most senior branches of Scotland Yard, MI5 and MI6.

Steve McManus of the Law Enforcement Picture Library, followed the president as he spent a few days in the UK.

This is his exclusive photo diary.



A senior member of President Putin's 'Kremlin Guard' - an officer of the Federal Protective Service (FSO) Federal'naya Sluzhba Okhrani - watches the Russian leader arrive for his meeting with Prime Minister Blair. Note the Russian 'hard pin'



Tony Blair greets Mr Putin on the steps of Downing Street

Igor Ivanov the Minister for Foreign Affairs - colleague of Yevgeny M. Primakov the last head of the internal branch of the KGB, before it became the SVR.



A sniper from SO19 watches as President Putin approaches Downing Street



Report in conjunction with: Law Enforcement Picture Library

THE KREML

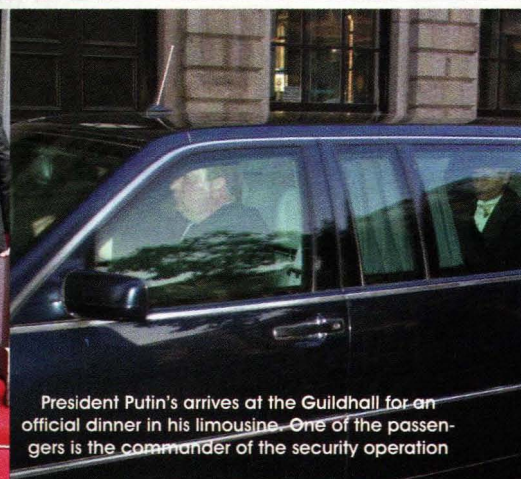
This impressive photograph shows the 'Kremlin Guard' pictured at the far end of Downing Street



President Putin with the ceremonial guard at the Guildhall. Security was equal to that afforded to the President of the United States



President Putin's 'official' photographer at Downing Street



President Putin arrives at the Guildhall for an official dinner in his limousine. One of the passengers is the commander of the security operation

N GUARD



Behind President Putin's car is the head of the 'Kremlin Guard'



Off for dinner? These guests arriving for the official dinner at the Guildhall, are in fact Scotland Yard officers - note the yellow and blue 'hard-pins'

British police officers with powerful
lights, cameras and sniper rifles

Rep

Armed officers from PT17 monitor the waters as
President Bush exits the Russian warship docked
on the River Thames, London



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FBI Finds Secret Documents Buried by NRO Spy



The FBI has recovered more than 10,000 pages of highly sensitive secret documents buried by convicted spy Brian Regan before he was arrested for espionage in August 2001. In July field agents recovered documents and CDs from several locations in Maryland and Virginia. Two federal law enforcement sources believed that all of the classified material Regan buried has been found.

Regan was employed by the National Reconnaissance Office (NRO), the top secret agency

Libya. His case marked the first time the US government had sought to execute a convicted spy since the early 1950s. Unlike other convicted spies, such as the FBI's Robert Hanssen,

Regan faced the death penalty without being accused of actually revealing secrets. Regan tried to sell classified information to Iraq, China and Libya for \$13 million. He had amassed \$116,000 in credit card debt. He was found guilty and sentenced to life in a federal prison without the possibility of parole.

Information could have jeopardised lives of USAF and RAF pilots in Iraq



that handles and analyses data from spy satellites. Nina Ginsberg, Regan's defence attorney said: "Right now I am not in a position to comment on this matter at all." The NRO bolstered its security after the spy case amid claims it was easy for officials to take information home. "We have done the review and made some adjustments," said an NRO spokesman.

Regan, a 40-year-old retired USAF master sergeant, was convicted in February of trying to sell military secrets to Iraq and China, and of gathering national defence information. He was acquitted of attempting to provide US secrets to

The FBI discovered personal letters from Regan to former Iraqi President Saddam Hussein and Libyan leader Moammar Gaddafi on his home computer. Regan was arrested with a notebook containing encrypted codes describing the location of a missile launcher in the northern no-fly zone of Iraq and another locations in China. His lawyer said he was "acting out a fantasy and never intended to hurt the United States." Ms Ginsberg said: "A real spy would not have sought so much money for so little information." She also said that the FBI never found 800 pages of CIA documents that his letters claimed he had. FBI sources say the material may still be hidden.

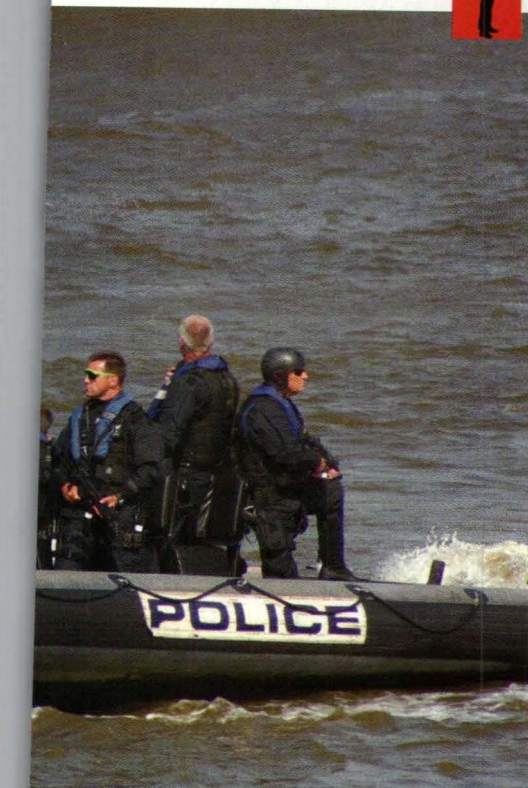
RED ARMY FACTION Baader-Meinhof Gang 'Celebrated'



Andreas Baader Ulrika Meinhof

BERLIN CITY COUNCIL has pledged £60,000 to help stage a controversial Baader-Meinhof exhibition that many see as 'glorifying' a left-wing terrorist group that was founded in the late 1960s and existed until 1991. The Red Army Faction, born out of the Baader-Meinhof gang, assassinated leading politicians and attacked US bases in Europe as it blazed a trail of violence that cost the lives of more than 30 people. Formed in 1968, it was led by Andreas Baader and Ulrika Meinhof. It received finance from communists in Eastern Europe, but also carried out a number of bank robberies to help fund more elaborate and expensive operations. In 1976, Meinhof hanged herself after being captured and then Baader and two other gang members shot themselves in their cells.

The remaining members carried on, but in 1989, the Berlin Wall came down and their Communist sponsors melted away. It continued in one form or another until 1991, when the gang killed its last victim, Hergard Rohwedder. Mrs Rohwedder has protested to Chancellor Gerhard Schröder about Berlin's decision. The exhibit will be held at the Berlin Exhibition House for Works of Art. Mr Schröder is examining the exhibit and may yet decide it is not an appropriate venture to get sponsorship money.

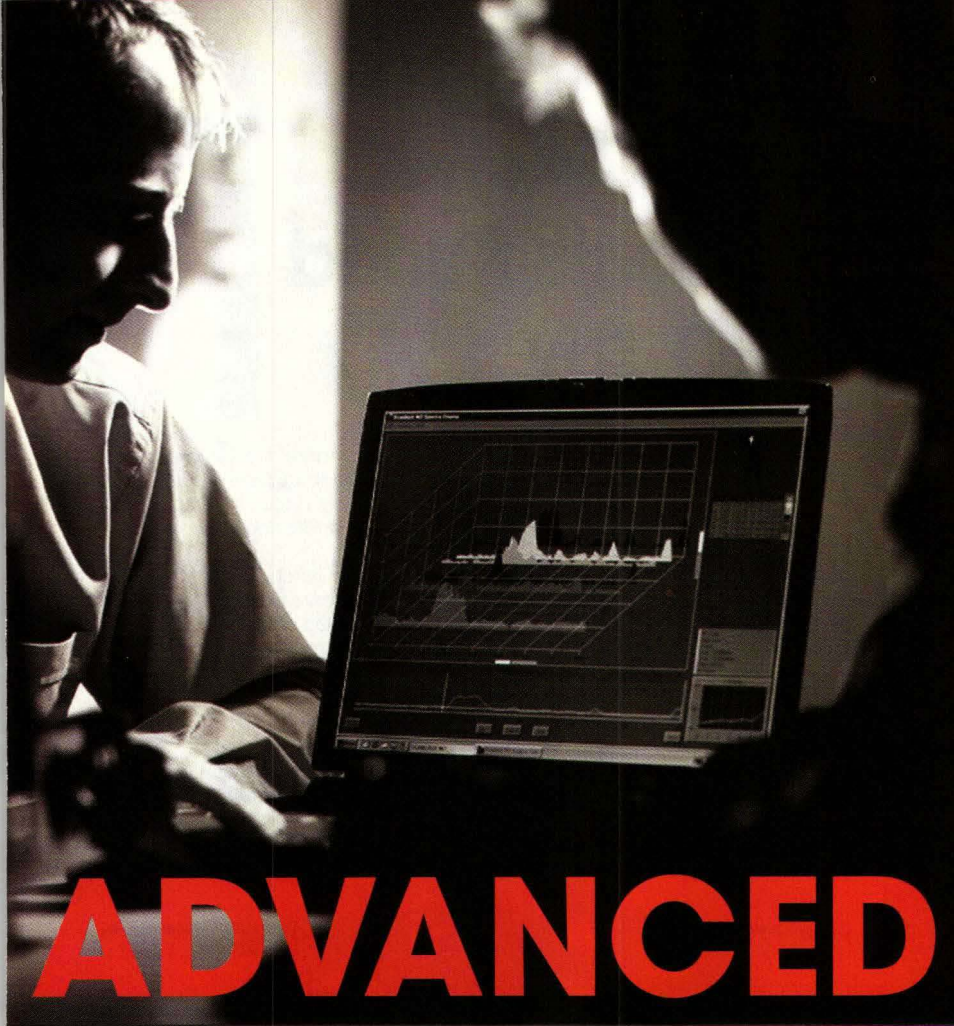


ent Putin is greeted by London 'Beefeaters'



official carries what some ed 'the nuclear football'. The s for Russia's nuclear missiles

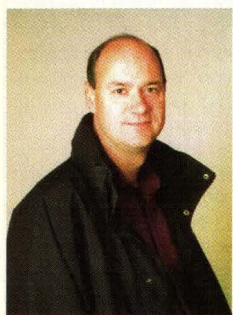
warship is 'Fearless'



These are the names of the men that Moses sent to spy out the land. And Moses sent them to spy out the land of Canaan, and said unto them, "Get up this way southward and go up into the mountain. And see the land, what it is; and the people that dwelleth therein, whether they be strong or weak, few or many."

*King James Bible
Book of Numbers, Chapter 13, Verse 1*

ADVANCED SURV



As you can see by our quote from the Bible, surveillance and intelligence gathering has been carried out for a very long time, indeed. With the publication of his new book, *Advanced Surveillance*, author Peter Jenkins brings the methods and techniques of covert surveillance and equipment up to date...

Eye Spy managed to track Peter down in order to find out about his new book and his reasons behind producing a second training manual.

Eye Spy: Why write a second book on surveillance?

PJ: Many people believe *Covert Surveillance* was the best book that they had read on the subject. Some more experienced surveillance operators also agreed but commented that it could have contained more detail in certain areas. I decided to put much more content in the original chapters relating to tactics, options and methods. In addition, there is a lot of new material. The subject is

huge and we have added several more chapters and areas that we were not able to cover in the original work. The book is unique and is used extensively by the industry, both in civil and military areas.

Eye Spy: What new areas are included?

PJ: Legal issues are important and the reader can learn much in one section devoted to this area. We have seen the introduction of the Regulation of Investigatory Powers Act 2000 (which governs surveillance by public bodies and law enforcement such as the police, security services and other organisations like the Social Security and the Environment Agency). There

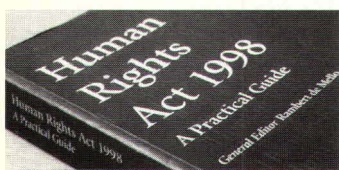
are also other legal issues regarding trespass, stalking and the preservation of evidence. Anyone who wishes to participate or work in these areas must be aware of the law in their own country on such matters.

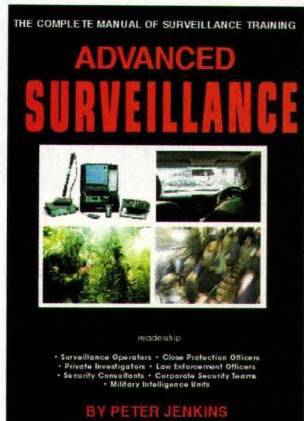
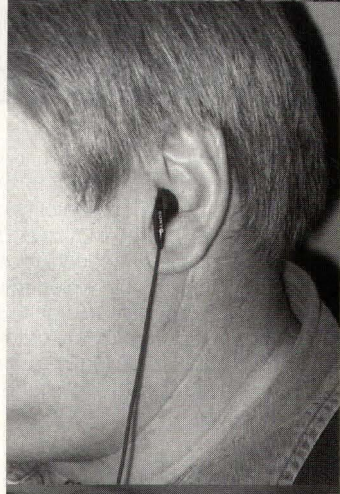
Eye Spy: The art of surveillance can only be perfected by training, but what of new equipment?

PJ: Three new sections covering Counter and Anti-surveillance are included. These would complement any bodyguard or close protection training; Technical surveillance and video surveillance is also examined. Indeed, the **TECHNICAL CHAPTER** is very extensive, as it goes into a lot



of detail covering the aspects of bugging, telephone monitoring and computer monitoring. This chapter could have provided the draft for a book on its own, but I decided against that. The section on





EILLANCE

video surveillance teaches the reader how to build and set up covert video recording systems of various types which was requested by quite a few people. This aspect was difficult, as technology is advancing at a fast rate. You can only write so much without it being outdated in a short space of time and I think I have preserved this.

Eye Spy: Do you think physical surveillance tactics also advance with time?

PJ: To a certain extent, yes. The basic tactics, whether on foot

or mobile, surveillance will always be the same, but such tactics are built upon by more advanced techniques, depending on the area that you are operating in or the 'awareness level' of the target. A good example is that many insurance companies employ investigators to carry out surveillance on suspected fraudulent injuries, to see whether or not they are genuine. These 'claimants' will suspect that they will be followed at some stage and so be on the alert, therefore we have to be one step ahead at all times. Gone are

the days where you could simply sit in a car on the street without arousing suspicions - everyone seems to be on the lookout nowadays, hence this is the reason why technology is playing more of an important role, especially with vehicle tracking equipment and transmitting cameras.

Eye Spy: In producing this book, don't you think you are giving away the 'trade secrets'?

PJ: Not really. I pondered over this and have checked that just about everything in the





new book is already out there in the public domain somewhere, be it written form, what is shown on the TV in documentaries or drama. I have just put all the information under one umbrella. Yet, there are certain methods and tactics that I have still not included in the book that are still regarded as 'secret' to some. To reveal these would be foolish, as peoples lives could be at risk if operating in hostile areas. If you want to know more - do attend our security courses.

Eye Spy: Who would you expect to read the book?

PJ: It varies, from the novice investigator, to the experienced professional who would make use of the book as a training aid or aide memoir. The previous book was obtained by many from law enforcement, the military, investigators, close protection officers and security teams. I had the chief of police from

one of the Caribbean islands ring up one day to order a copy; he also wanted it to be delivered the next day by DHL! I am glad to say that we managed it for him. Of course there are those not in the security industry who should also find it an interesting read purely by the intrigue and secretive nature of the subject. The security industry is going through changes at the moment with regard to individuals having to be registered and licensed. I presume that some form of training will have to be carried to show a level of competence and so I hope the book will be an aid to that training.

Eye Spy: When is it available?

PJ: The proofs are at the printers as we speak and it should be available for sale by the first week in September. I did smile when it was suggested by a businessman friend to halve the cost, call the book 'The Claimants/

Criminals Guide to Surveillance' and it would sell millions! I want to publish a good reference book reaching the people in the industry. If someone picks up the book and only learns one piece of information from it then that's good. Many of the police college libraries have it on their shelves, which is nice to know.

Eye Spy: Are you involved in other areas of security.

PJ: Besides teaching surveillance and investigation, I have recently spent six months abroad with a team teaching surveillance. This has been very hard work but I have had the support of some very professional instructors. I am now going to take some time off and continue with flying lessons..

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Orders must be received before this date (UK only). If an overseas reader wins, he or she will receive a free copy of the book and a £100 pound Eye Spy book voucher.



Use the form on page 82 to order the book, and answer the three simple questions below - put these on a slip of paper with your order if you want to enter the draw.

Advanced Surveillance: The Complete Manual of Surveillance Training. Ref: ES/712 UK £24.99 USA \$40.00 EUR £28.00 ROW USE US RATES



ANSWER THESE THREE QUESTIONS

1. How many letter F's are there in the following sentence:

THE FLOPPY, FLUFFY BUNNY OF LITTLE SELF WORTH HAD NO IDEA OF THE NEED FOR SAFETY IN THE WOODS

2. What year was the 'Bug in the Great Seal' discovered in the US Embassy in Moscow?

3. What new chapter in Advanced Surveillance was nearly published as a book on its own?

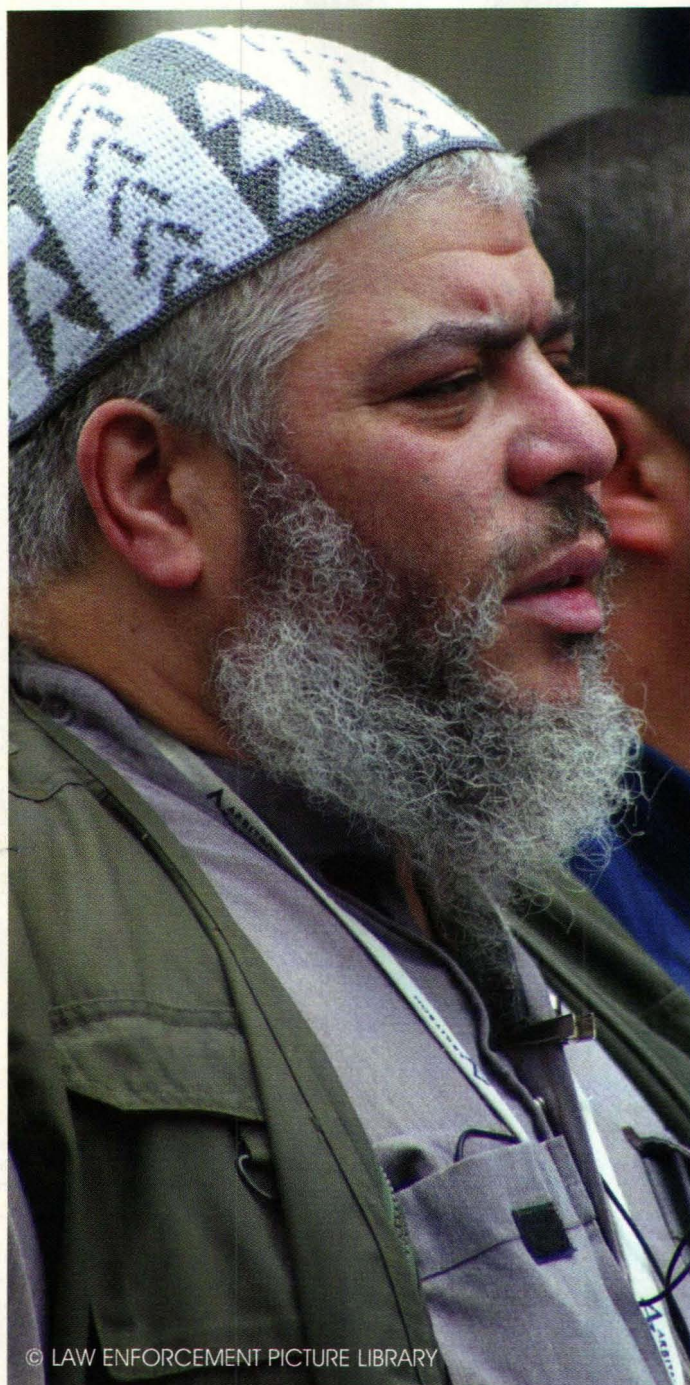
PLEASE NOTE: Competition is open to all Eye Spy readers over 18-years-old. Entries must be received by Eye Spy no later than 29 November. Winner will be notified by post in December.

Prize covers four day course £650.00 and includes lunch. Prize does not cover travel to UK, centre or hotel, though accommodation with other delegates in a charming hotel near Haworth will be arranged at a very competitive price.

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FBI PRESS on Cont



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**Home Secretary David Blunkett
began proceedings to remove
Mr Hamza's British citizenship**

intimidated and unable to oversee the money raised at prayer meetings. The commission found that the trustees had effectively lost control of the mosque to Mr Hamza.

After earlier discussions, Mr Hamza was allowed to preach twice a month, but the commission reopened its investigation just after 9/11, following what it calls "a sermon of extreme political nature." Mr Hamza was suspended from the mosque in April 2002 after his assets were frozen. The commission report stated: "His extreme views had become associated with the mosque. Many previous worshippers no longer attended it, or no longer attended for prayers on Friday."

The mosque was closed several months ago following a raid by police. A number of items were taken away including a number of forged French passports. One man was also arrested and has since been charged with conspiring to manufacture a chemical weapon.

Abu Hamza's solicitor, Muddassar Arani, rejected the commission's findings and said: "The report is a complete stitch up. They have not spoken to the wider community and have not even met with Abu Hamza. The report is just a PR exercise, and it has failed miserably. It comes down to the usual nonsense that my client is the big bad man and the [Mosque] trustees are the good guys." Mr Arani also said the commission did not understand that to Muslims, religion and politics go hand-in-hand.

Mr Hamza, 45, came to Britain in the late 1970s and was granted a study visa. After marrying and working at a hotel in London, he apparently went to Afghanistan to clear land mines. One device exploded and he lost his hands and an eye in the blast. The FBI contend his injuries were caused in Bosnia after a bomb he was making exploded. In 1995, he returned to the UK, changed his name, and started to preach at the mosque. Hamza is also wanted for questioning in Yemen over alleged terrorist attacks. One of his sons served a three-year prison sentence in Yemen for plotting to attack tourist sites.

Cleric Abu Hamza al-Masri (real name Mostafa Kamel Mostafa) has been accused by Britain's Charity Commission of "driving moderate Muslims away from a North London Mosque." He has also been linked to al-Qaida by the FBI.

It was a most extraordinary scene; an ITN reporter holding official FBI court papers (from the District Court in Seattle), challenging Abu

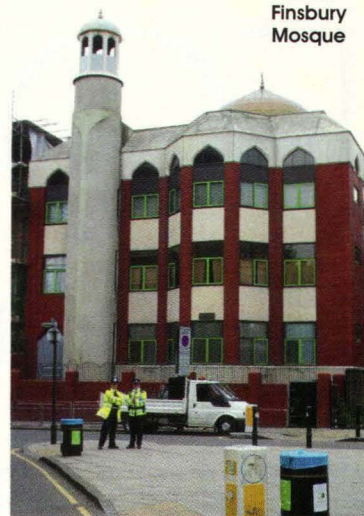
Hamza on his links to al-Qaida. The incident took place on the streets close to the North Finsbury Mosque, London, where every Friday he preaches to his congregation. Hamza has been banned from entering the Mosque so holds prayers outside the building.

CHARITY COMMISSION

Following a 20-month investigation by the Charity Commission, Abu Hamza was accused of "seizing control of a Mosque and spreading his extremist views." The commission also decided that he had used the religious site for "personal and political, rather than charitable purposes." The Trustees of the Mosque had complained of feeling

THE FBI CHARGES

While the commission's findings are serious, Mr Hamza is also under investigation by the FBI. The Bureau claims he tried to recruit young American Muslims into an al-Qaida cell in the state of Oregon, United States. The crux of the FBI's case lies with two people arrested in Seattle who claim they were involved with Mr Hamza in organising a

North
Finsbury
Mosque

URE GROWS

versial Cleric



James Ujaama

"Jihad training camp," as well as the interrogation of Feroz Abbasi, from Croydon, who was captured in Afghanistan fighting with the Taliban. However, one source said this is only the beginning of a much wider inquiry.

It is understood a confidential FBI document also mentions how another al-Qaida member delivered laptop computers to the

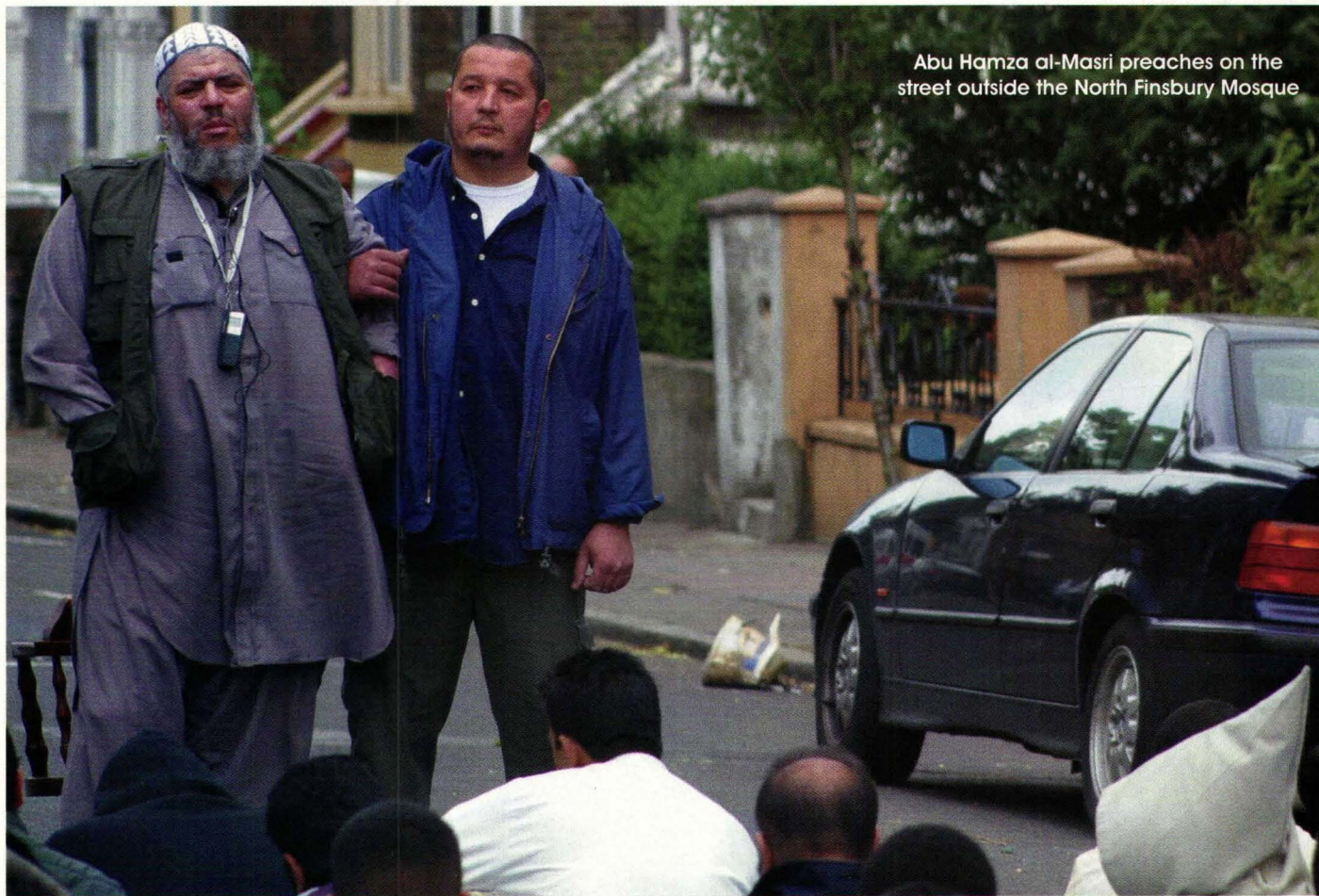
Taliban on behalf of Mr Hamza. James Ujaama, 37, from Seattle, Washington, is said to have escorted Abbasi to an al-Qaida training camp where computers were handed over. Mr Ujaama denied being a terrorist and claimed the FBI was conducting a "bogus investigation." However, he has now pleaded guilty to one count of conspiring to provide cash, computers and fighters to the Taliban. Mr Ujaama's lawyer had said the laptops were delivered to an Afghan girls school.

In London, Mr Hamza said he had "no idea" about any delivery of computers to Afghani-

stan and was unconcerned about the threat of extradition. "It does not worry me because I live in Britain as a captive anyway. I am watched by the police and I cannot travel anywhere because they seized my passport two years ago and have never returned it."

Home Secretary David Blunkett began proceedings to remove Mr Hamza's British citizenship just days after the Asylum Immigration and Nationality Act came into force in April 2003.

Mr Hamza has rejected all the accusations and still preaches outside the mosque.

Abu Hamza al-Masri preaches on the
street outside the North Finsbury Mosque

FOOLS GO

Washington Fury Over Bad British Intelligence - N

Eye Spy sources in Washington say the CIA and State Department are privately annoyed at British intelligence for allowing bogus materials to be used by President Bush in the run-up to the Iraqi conflict. The first statements were issued by US officials in July, regarding its "gullibility" in using the intelligence. The information used by the President was drawn from a major section contained within Britain's 'Iraqi Brief', and stated that Saddam's scientists had tried to purchase uranium from Niger. The data was paramount in building a powerful case for war. Unfortunately for MI6 and the CIA, the papers were exposed as poor forgeries months ago (see Eye Spy 18 and 19).

President Bush actually referred to the Iraq-Niger nuclear affair in his State of the Union address in January. Unbeknown to him - but not to senior CIA officials - his speech was

worthless and embarrassing. And while the CIA has cast an irritated glance at London, their own analysts and the State Department had already informed the Bush administration, in the summer of 2002, that the Niger documents were hoaxed. Many senior intelligence officials are now asking why the information was not withdrawn before the President's speech. In July 2003, the White House finally acknowledged that President Bush should not have made reference to the uranium claims.

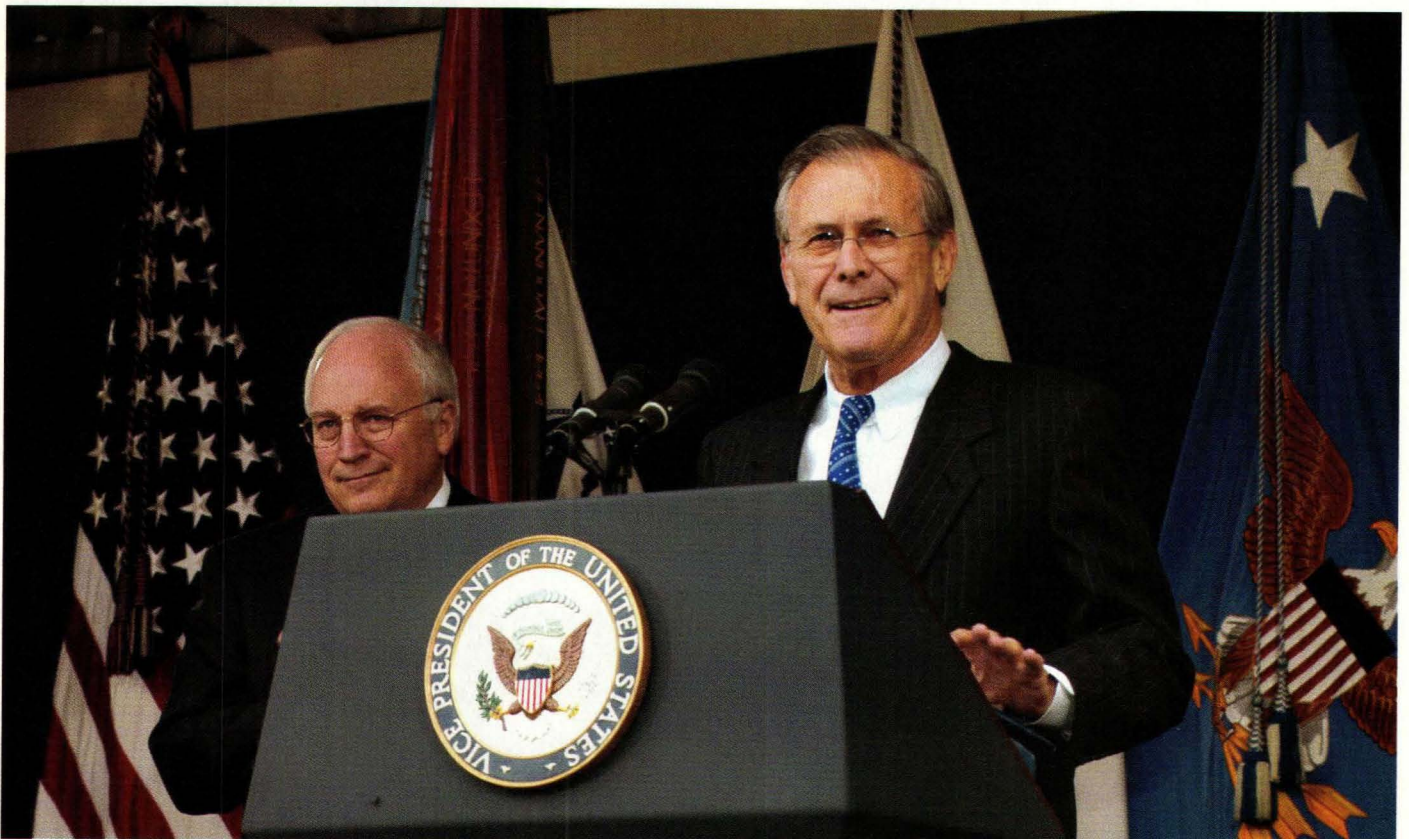
Like Tony Blair in London, pressure is now growing on the Bush administration for a full investigation into its claims that Saddam Hussein sought uranium from Africa to build nuclear weapons. Even before the war began, US officials in Vienna realised that it was futile trying to convince the world that this had occurred. This was because in February, State Department officials had provided the UN International Atomic Energy

Agency with the bogus intelligence documents describing the uranium deal between Iraq and Niger. Four weeks later, Mohamed al-Baradei, head of the IAEA, announced that the documents were crude forgeries. As Eye Spy reported, some of the names referred to in the papers had been dead for 10 years. Had officials in London and Washington chosen to examine these names, they would have reached the same conclusion as the IAEA.

Nevertheless, it was far too late to stop the war. As a postscript to the Niger situation, US Vice President Dick Cheney, declared: "It's only a matter of time until Iraq acquires nuclear weapons."



Mohamed al-Baradei

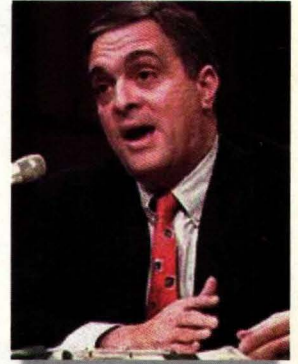


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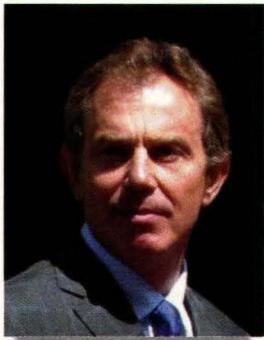
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STATEMENT BY GEORGE J. TENET DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE



's Illusory Uranium Deal with Iraq?

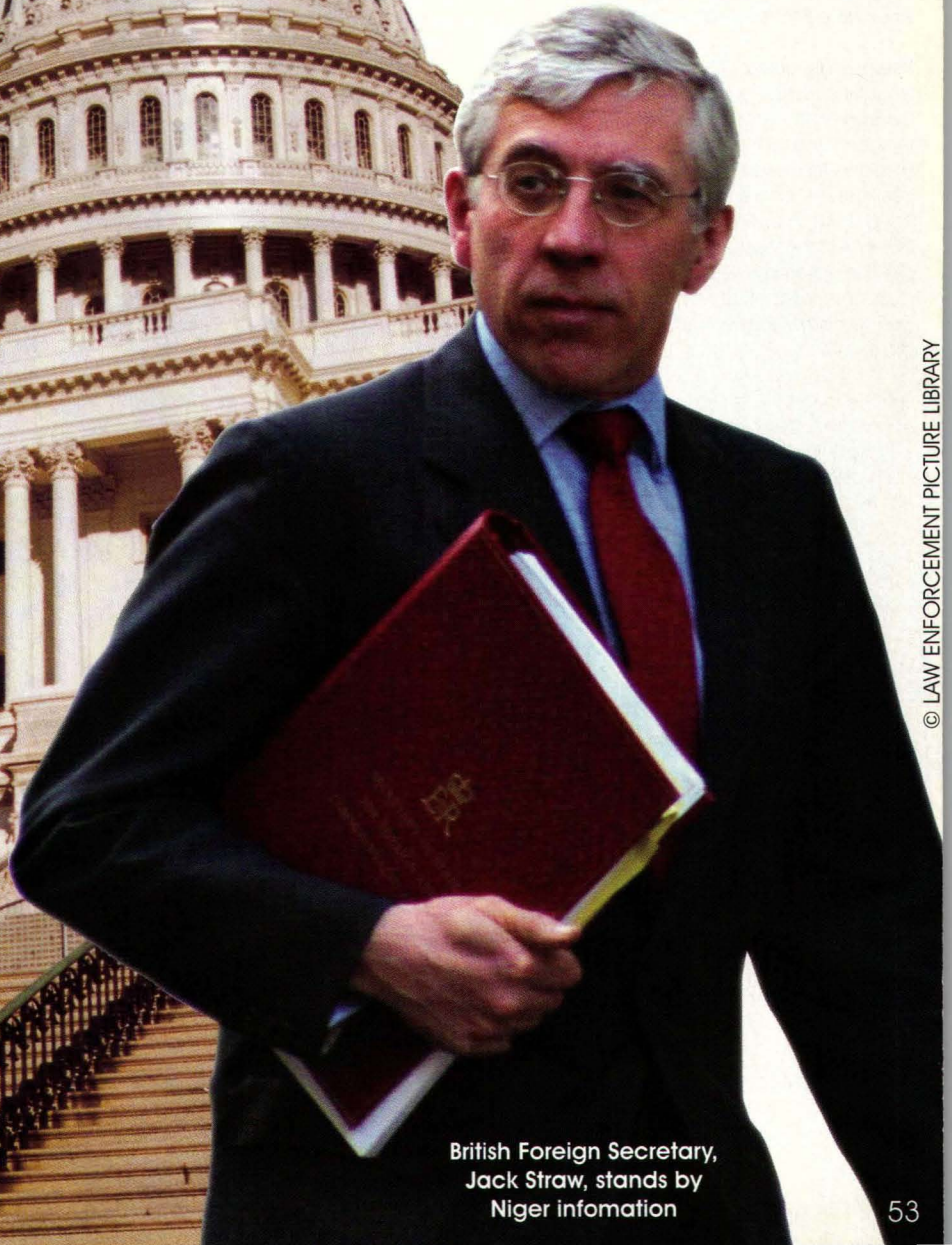


Tony Blair

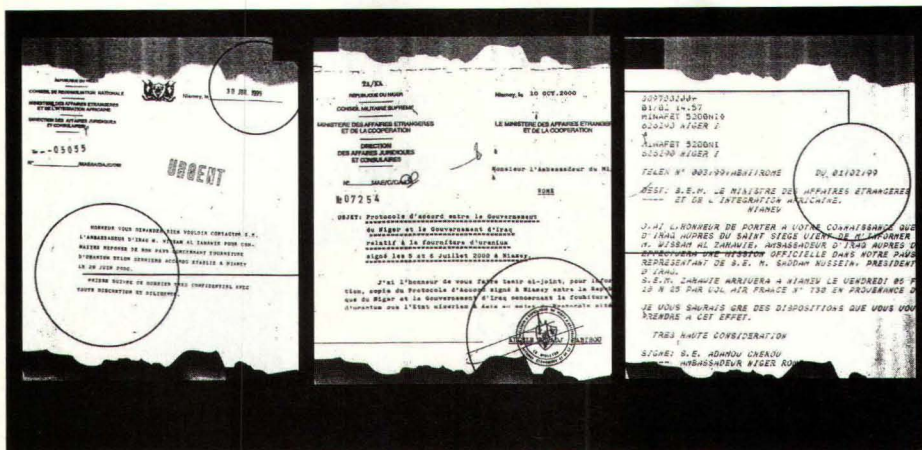
Since then, several reports have emerged that have been critical of MI6 and the CIA. "We consulted about the paper and recommended against using that material," a senior administration official

familiar with the intelligence programme said. The British government rejected the US suggestion, saying it had separate intelligence unavailable to the United States. In July, Tony Blair was asked about the Niger documents and said: "The UK had separate intelligence on Iraqi attempts to import uranium from Africa." ➤

"Legitimate questions have arisen about how remarks on alleged Iraqi attempts to obtain uranium in Africa made it into the President's State of the Union speech. Let me be clear about several things right up front. First, CIA approved the President's State of the Union address before it was delivered. Second, I am responsible for the approval process in my Agency. And third, the President had every reason to believe that the text presented to him was sound. These 16 words should never have been included in the text written for the President."



British Foreign Secretary,
Jack Straw, stands by
Niger information



Indeed, the Foreign Office said that information contained in the Iraqi Brief was based on "additional evidence other than documents, forged or genuine." A subtle admission that the documents were bogus.

On 27 June, Mr Ehrman from the Foreign and Commonwealth Office said the dossier intelligence had not been based on the forged documents, but had come from a different source. "The intelligence came from a foreign service and we understand that it was briefed to the IAEA in 2003."

Interestingly, under UN resolution 1441, any country possessing information of suspicious dealings with nuclear related topics, is obliged to submit this to the IAEA for analysis. The Foreign Office was questioned on the "separate intelligence" and said: "We comply fully with our obligations to provide evidence with the IAEA but that in the case of uranium from Niger, we did not have any UK-originated intelligence to pass on." Henceforth, where did intelligence come from ... clearly not the CIA ... or did it?

Paul Kelly, the State Department's assistant secretary for legal affairs, said that when it supplied the Niger papers to the UN's Iraq Nuclear Verification Officer in Vienna, it inserted a caveat. "We cannot confirm these reports and have questions regarding some specific claims."

Mohamed al-Baradei told the Security Council in March: "Based on thorough analysis, the

IAEA has concluded, with the concurrence of outside experts, that these documents - which formed the basis for the reports of recent uranium transactions between Iraq and Niger - are in fact not authentic."

Peter Kilfoyle, (right) the former UK armed forces minister, said: "This just adds to the doubts. The Americans have accepted that the information was dodgy. It is beyond belief that the Prime Minister still thinks this information is reliable."

The confusion and apparent disagreement between Washington and London stems from a CIA-sponsored trip to Niger by a retired US diplomat. In February 2002, DCI George Tenet asked former Ambassador Joseph Wilson to travel to Niger and investigate claims that Iraq



was trying to purchase uranium. Interestingly, though Downing Street says that meeting took place before the Iraqi Brief was produced, the CIA had told London that there was "no evidence that a uranium deal had been struck." Nevertheless, despite this, the September Dossier stated: "Iraq sought significant quantities of uranium from Africa." It is now known that within hours of the dossier's release, a US intelligence officer "expressed doubts" about the uranium reports to the Senate Foreign Relations Committee. At this point the CIA may not have had the slightest idea of the forged documents, which is even more embarrassing to London. Greg Thielmann, a former intelligence officer at the State Department, said "the Niger uranium claim is regarded with much scepticism in the CIA." He resigned in September 2002.

Nevertheless, the uranium link was included in a US State Department Fact Sheet issued on 19 December 2002. This "evidence" was used in the United Nations to strengthen the case against Iraq and its "nuclear intentions." By 1 January 2003, the CIA insisted it should be no longer mentioned and subsequently omitted from future statements, including Colin Powell's 5 February address to the United Nations.

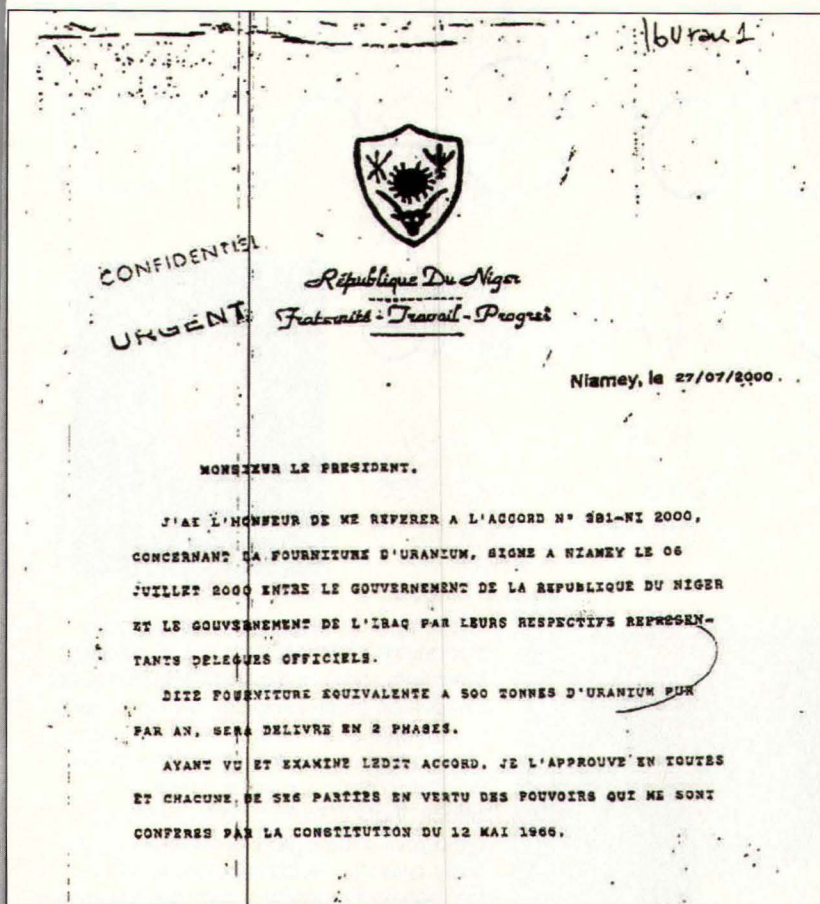
Following much discussion throughout July about the intelligence fiasco, Colin Powell declared: "There was no effort or attempt on the part of the president or anyone else in the administration to mislead or to deceive the American people. There was sufficient evidence floating around at that time that such a statement was not totally outrageous or not to be believed or not to be appropriately used."

Powell did accept that the British government continues to believe in the information it received. "I would not dispute them or disagree with them or say they're wrong and we're right, because intelligence is of that nature. Some people have more sources on a particular issue. Some people have greater confidence in their analysis."

For his part, President Bush said the "uranium link" was cleared by the CIA for use in his speech earlier this year. This provoked a reaction in the CIA and heaped additional pressure on DCI George Tenet to resign.

• Politicians have signed a Commons motion questioning "why the UK Government has not submitted the evidence upon which it bases its assessment, to IAEA scrutiny, in line with its obligations under Security Council resolutions."

"...Niger has uranium and did not go th



Confidential

Urgent

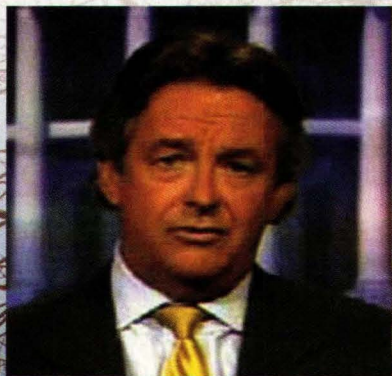
Republic of Niger
Fraternity-Work-Progress
Niamey, 07/27/2000

Mr President

It's my honour to refer to the agreement # 3*1-NI 2000, regarding the supply of uranium, signed in Niamey on the 6th of July 2000 between the government of the Republic of Niger and the government of Iraq by their respective representatives official delegates.

Above mentioned supply equivalent to 500 tons of pure uranium per year, will be delivered in two phases.

Having seen and inspected the said deal I approve in all and each of its parties in regard to the powers invested in me by the constitution of the 12th of May 1966.



Joseph Wilson says White House "twisted intelligence to exaggerate threats"

Yellow Brick Road

The Niger Envoy at the Centre of Intel Row

Niger, West Africa, is one of the world's biggest producers of 'yellowcake', yet the country is second poorest in the world. The material drawn from mines is 75% per cent uranium, but is not enriched. The metal must first go through an expensive and difficult process before it can be used in a nuclear bomb. It takes about 1,000 tonnes of yellowcake to produce about five kilos of uranium.

Most of the mines in Niger are situated about 550 miles from the capital, Niamey. One of the biggest is run by a company called Somair; France, Spain, Niger and Japan all have interests in this organisation that employs about 1,500 people - mainly locals. Few believe Iraq has tried to purchase uranium from the company, and all believe it would have been impossible anyway. The production director, Bernard Debaque told David Harrison of Britain's *Sunday Telegraph*: "We were amused and a bit puzzled when we first heard of this. We wondered what it was all about. It is impossible for anything to go missing from here. Everything is strictly controlled."

The mine has run for 40 years and is monitored very closely by the International Atomic Energy Authority (IAEA). Henceforth, this organisation was puzzled and sceptical when the UK said Iraq had tried to purchase uranium from Niger. Serge Martinez, Director General of Somair told David Harrison: "[The material] is checked again and again in Niger, in Benin and in France. If any were to go missing, it would be known very quickly. We are not talking about moving consignments of peanuts."

Another Niger mine is run by Cominak. Their directors said since 1985 all production of yellowcake had been controlled by the French. One engineer told Mr Harrison: "France controls the uranium here, but Britain and America would never dare suggest that France had given uranium to Saddam because that would cause a war."



main exports -
chickens. The Iraqis
for chickens..."

Continued on page 82



M15's Director General

CHILLING AL-QAIDA WARNING

M15's Director General, Eliza Manningham-Buller, gave a keynote address to delegates attending the Royal United Services Institute for Defence Studies (RUSI) Conference in London

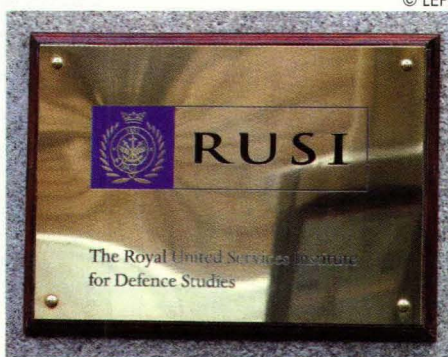


HOME OFFICE

Ms Buller gave a fascinating insight into how the Security Service intends to fight international terrorism, and more chillingly, why she believes it is only a matter of time before al-Qaida strikes a horrific blow in the United Kingdom.

Three significant areas were covered: The terrorist threat to the UK; the response of M15, and others, to the events of 9/11; personal thoughts about the future nature of the threats.

Ms Buller was perplexed that some commentators continued to use the term "new" when referring to the terrorist threat. She stated that international terrorism has been around a long time and mentioned the terrorist destruction of Pan Am Flight 103 over Lockerbie. She did, however, acknowledge that the attacks on America in



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September 2003 "were a watershed in the history of terrorism." Interestingly, she also said al-Qaida's leadership was "shocked by the sheer scale of the devastation 19 young men were able to wreak in two short hours."

Of interest was her recognition that Western society is vulnerable to al-Qaida, noting that they have "deliberately attacked soft targets to inflict widespread civilian casualties." She then delivered a stark reminder to many who believe the terror group is not capable of acquiring a 'dirty bomb':

"We know that renegade scientists have cooperated with al-Qaida and provided them with some of the knowledge needed to develop these weapons. My conclusion, based on the intelligence we have uncovered, is that we are faced with the realistic possibility of some form of unconventional attack. That could include a chemical, biological, radiological or nuclear attack. Sadly, given the widespread proliferation of the technical knowledge needed to construct these weapons, it will be only a matter of time before a crude version of a CBRN attack is launched at a major Western city."

The media immediately seized on this comment, while intelligence analysts took this as meaning M15 already has knowledge that the terror group is close to conducting yet another huge outrage. Ms Buller then told delegates why al-Qaida is outwardly different from other terror groups, making it difficult to infiltrate and crush.

"Al-Qaida differs significantly from many of the terrorist groups that my Service and its



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© FLIGHT IMAGES

Osama bin-Laden has issued new orders to UK-based cells to strike at important targets in London and bring chaos to the city

partners has studied. At the centre, and to some extent directing global operations, rests Osama bin-Laden and his close lieutenants. They are surrounded by a relatively small group of hard core terrorists and facilitators who form the backbone of the terrorist organisation. Their responsibilities include planning and financing terrorist attacks. Beyond them are looser networks of terrorists and their sympathisers whose connections to al-Qaida and its leadership are less strong. They share many of the goals of al-Qaida but they may have

stronger ties to more nationalistic or regional Islamist terrorist groups. al-Qaida's success has been to forge alliances and partnerships with a range of separate and seemingly disparate groups.

Al-Qaida does not have the rigid structures of other terrorist groups; instead their strength is drawn from alliances, affiliations and networks forged in the terrorist training camps of Afghanistan and in the conflicts of Algeria, Bosnia and Chechnya. This type of structure makes

the collection of preemptive intelligence even more difficult for security and intelligence services."

The huge international effort to dismantle al-Qaida and capture its leadership has been nothing short of remarkable, though Osama bin-Laden remains at large. Ms Buller notes: "Since 11 September, the United States, working with others, has succeeded in capturing and detaining some significant members of al-Qaida."



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This has had an impact on the organisation's capabilities, but it is by no means defeated. Other significant developments have been the denial of the al-Qaida safe base in Afghanistan and the protection afforded them by the Taliban regime. This, too, has curtailed al-Qaida's capabilities. But, as I have mentioned, they remain an organisation capable of carrying out deadly terrorist attacks."

The second part of the lecture concerned what British intelligence plans to do in order to counter the threats. Months before 9/11, Eye Spy learned that a major attack against America was being planned by Osama bin-Laden. British intelligence was trying desperately to uncover the plot, and this was confirmed when Ms Buller stated: "During the summer of 2001, the UK agencies knew that attacks, probably against US interests, were imminent but their nature and target were unknown. What shocked us all was the scale and devastation of the attacks."

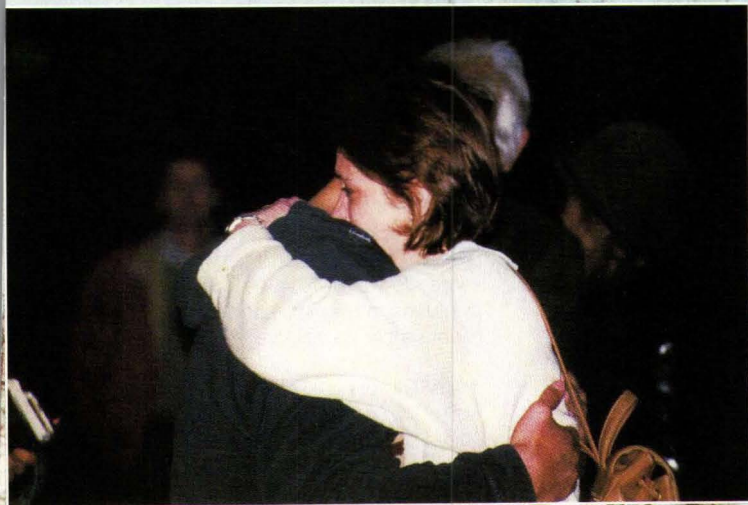
MI5 has recruited over 200 new staff to the Service, and many of these have come from the UK's ethnic minority. Similarly, Ms Buller emphasised the need to maintain the confidence of the Muslim community in the war on terror.

In response to 9/11, Washington restructured several intelligence and security agencies, resulting in the Department of Homeland Security. Ms Buller spoke about how the UK is also adapting: "This year a major structural development took place within the intelligence community with the creation of the Joint Terrorism Analysis Centre. This is a multi agency body, for which I am responsible, established to bring together those involved across government in assessing and reporting threat intelligence. This is a positive example of the agencies and governments' response to post 9/11 challenges." Interestingly, the Director-General mentioned several meetings which have taken place between British and American intelligence. These meetings have been the stimulus for rumours regarding an American 'MI5-style' outfit, and a UK version of the FBI.

Concluding the lecture, Ms Buller gave an optimistic, though cautionary outlook on the war on terror. "Its potential lethality and global scale will unfortunately make it an issue for us all for many years to come."

Another suspected terrorist incident closes this central London street in the summer of 2003

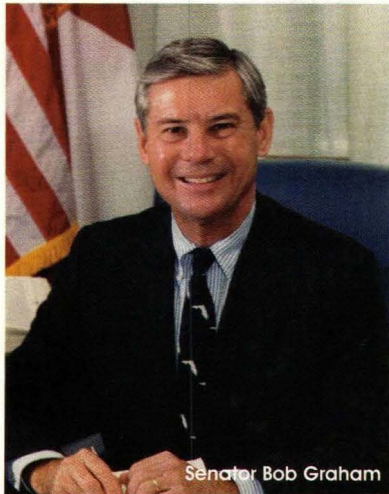




FBI headquarters - Washington D.C. The organisation like other arms of the US intelligence machine, has been heavily criticised for not doing enough to stop the attacks on New York and Washington

COLLECTIVE BLAME

9/11 US Intel Inquiry Says 'Not Good Enough'



Senator Bob Graham

The super-secret National Security Agency intercepted "communications that indicated possible impending terrorist activity" just two days before the terrorist attacks on New York and Washington DC, but amazingly did not act on them - this according to a US Congressional inquiry. The huge report released at the end of July was a damning reflection on not only the NSA, but also the CIA and the FBI for a series of intelligence failures that ultimately could have prevented the atrocities. The House and Senate intelligence committees

inquiry started in February 2002, but intelligence and political manoeuvring over just how much could be declassified has delayed its release. Nevertheless, some intelligence watchers believe that the 28-pages which have been 'blacked-out' contain much evidence of Saudi Arabian sponsorship, an accusation denied by the House of Saud. The release of all but 28 pages is perhaps better than the 600 pages originally demanded be removed by the NSA, CIA and FBI.

Senator Bob Graham, who co-chaired the joint intelligence committee's inquiry, said he suspects the intelligence agencies want part of the report kept secret because it "tells a fuller and more complete story than they would like." This was dismissed by CIA spokesman Mark Masfield who said: "The CIA is trying to protect sensitive sources and methods that will help us prevent future attacks."

Interestingly, the Report's authors say there was "no link between al-Qaida and the Iraqi regime."

Senior NSA officials tried to distance themselves from the criticism and said although "conversations" were picked-up, it was simply not in a position to disseminate the data quickly enough.

The report says: "Prior to 11 September, the intelligence community was not prepared to

handle the challenge it faced in translating the volumes of foreign language counter-terrorism intelligence it collected. The intelligence community's ability to produce significant and timely signals intelligence on counterterrorism was limited by the [NSA's] failure to address modern communications technology aggressively, and insufficient collaboration between NSA and FBI regarding the potential for terrorist attacks in the United States."

Many people in the intelligence community say the report confirms what had been privately discussed and known for years - that some elements within America's huge and confusing intelligence and security establishment simply do not share information.

The NSA listened to several conversations in early 1999 made by two of the hijackers, Khalid al-Mihdhar and Nawaf al-Hazm. These men were part of the team that hijacked American Airlines Flight 77 from Dulles to Los Angeles and crashed the plane into the Pentagon. The Report clearly states the agency did not release this intelligence to its colleagues in the FBI. This was a particularly bad decision, for the FBI had an agent with access to the suspects in San Diego who almost certainly could have investigated the matter to a successful conclusion. *"As a result, the FBI missed the opportunity to task a uniquely well-positioned informant who denied having any advance knowledge of the*



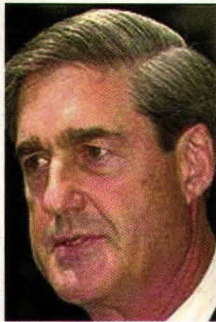
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William B Black Deputy
Director NSA



Michael V Hayden
Director NSA



Robert Mueller
Director FBI



George Tenet
Director CIA

plot to collect information about the hijackers and their plans," the Report states.

George Tenet's CIA expected al-Qaida to strike US targets abroad, but not on 'home turf'. The Report's authors say that since 1993, the CIA, like the NSA, was too reliant on communication intercepts rather than generating more HUMINT (human intelligence).

"The intelligence community did not effectively develop and use human sources to

penetrate al-Qaida's inner circle. This lack of reliable and knowledgeable human sources significantly limited the community's ability to acquire intelligence that could be acted upon before the 11 September attacks."

The Report also notes that since 1994, intelligence analysts suspected that terrorists could strike against US interests abroad using aeroplanes. Indeed, on 6 August 2001, the White House received an intelligence briefing that warned President Bush that al-Qaida terrorists might try to hijack US airliners. Yet, this does not explain why some al-Qaida suspects taking flying lessons inside the USA were not questioned. Indeed, one FBI agent reported his concerns to his superiors, but these were lost in the wash of officialdom in Washington. To some extent, the Report clears the FBI and other agencies by again stating: "Testimony and interviews confirm that it was the general view of the intelligence community that the threatened bin-Laden attacks would most likely occur against US interests overseas. The CIA's failure to watchlist suspected terrorists aggressively reflected a lack of emphasis on a process designed to protect the homeland."

Pentagon officials said a number of factors evolved "for not mounting substantial attacks on al-Qaida in Afghanistan."

The inquiry was critical of the failures of the FBI, in that it seemed: "The FBI was unable to identify and monitor effectively the extent of activity by al-Qaida and other international terrorist groups operating within the United States."

Many of the relatives of those who died on 9/11 are unhappy about the Report's content and the role played by US security services.

George Bush and
Donald Rumsfeld
pictured just days
after 9/11

COURTESY: US DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE



New York City Gets FBI Counterterrorism Expert

A senior FBI official who participated in the 1993 investigation of the World Trade Center bombing, the East Africa embassy bombings in 1998 and the attack on the Navy destroyer USS Cole in Yemen in 2000 has been appointed as the bureau's director in New York. Pasquale J. D'Amuro is currently the FBI's senior official in charge of counterterrorism and counterintelligence. The New York office is recognised as one of the most important of all the 56 field offices.



Pasquale J. D'Amuro

Mr D'Amuro, who worked as an FBI agent in the city 24 years ago, said: "I'm going home. I'm looking forward to working with all the different agencies that I know so well." Following the attacks of September 2001, FBI director Robert Mueller took Mr D'Amuro from New York to the FBI headquarters in Washington DC, where he helped to reorganise counterterrorism operations. The FBI also announced that Larry A. Mefford would succeed Mr D'Amuro as executive assistant director for counterintelligence and counterterrorism. Mr Mefford has 30 years of experience in law enforcement and is the man behind the FBI's plan to respond to chemical and biological attacks.

Michael A. Mason will head the Washington office, which also has jurisdiction over important terrorism and espionage issues. Mr Mason has previously worked undercover and headed the shadowy unit that investigates FBI employees and White House staff.



THE DEATH OF DR

Loss of a Major British Intelligence

The British security and intelligence communities have lost one of their most valuable defence intelligence analysts with the death of Dr David Kelly. Though attempts have been made to downplay his role and importance to the security of this country and his inextricable and valuable involvement in the analysis of intelligence.

He has been variously described in recent weeks as "an obscure scientist" or "not a mole, not a spook, not even a civil servant." A consultant who planned to retire next year. "He was not a government employee, a 'Whitehall Official' or a member of the intelligence services."

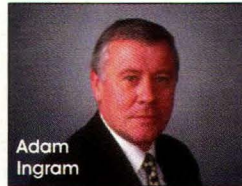
Even Tony Blair's spokesman is recorded as saying that he "did not work for the Ministry of Defence (MOD)... but was a technical expert who had worked for a variety of departments, including the MOD, with whom he was currently working. His salary was paid by another department." And "The nature of his work meant that he was more of a consultant than a secondee."

The Government continues to want to downplay Dr Kelly's importance. As in this disingenuous statement in an extract from a recent press conference at 10 Downing Street:

The Prime Minister's Official Spokesman (PMOS): *(It was) put to him that the Government had deliberately narrowed down the list of possibilities because it had wanted to strengthen its case against the BBC by underlining the fact that Dr Kelly was not involved in intelligence, the PMOS said that given the BBC, particularly the governors, had continued to repeat their view that their source was intelligence-based, we believed we had been perfectly in the right to say that the person concerned was not. Asked if he was agreeing that the Government had made it easy to identify Dr Kelly in order to strengthen its case against the BBC rather than take into account the interests of Dr Kelly, the*

PMOS repeated that he had no intention of pre-empting Lord Hutton's inquiry. He was simply setting out the factual position.

(It was) put to him that Mr Gilligan had not referred to an intelligence official in his original report but had pointed to someone who had played a coordinating role in the production of the September dossier, the PMOS said that it was up to the BBC to check its records. However, he would point out that Dr Kelly had not been involved in coordinating the dossier, either.



Adam Ingram

These attempts to diminish Dr Kelly and suggest an odd hybrid, part academic - part jobbing weapons inspector who helped out occasionally - could not be further from the truth.

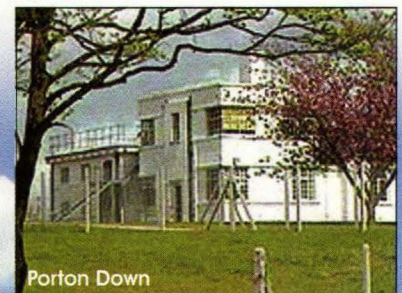
The armed forces minister, Adam Ingram, has now said that had the BBC ruled out Dr Kelly as Gilligan's source: "...that would allow Dr Kelly to carry on with his career in the MOD." Other reports now talk of "Dr Kelly's bosses in the Ministry of Defence, which employed him, and the Foreign Office, where he actually worked as an adviser on Iraqi biological weapons." And how he was "interviewed by his line manager and the MoD's head of personnel on Friday 4 July and was reprimanded for breaking civil service rules by having unauthorised contact with a journalist." His bosses were at both the Ministry of Defence and the Foreign Office (who reimbursed the MOD for part of his cost).

So, great confusion. Though not surprising for someone who operated for much of his time with his role distorted by the smoke and mirrors of the clandestine intelligence world.

Within the 'Ring of Secrecy'

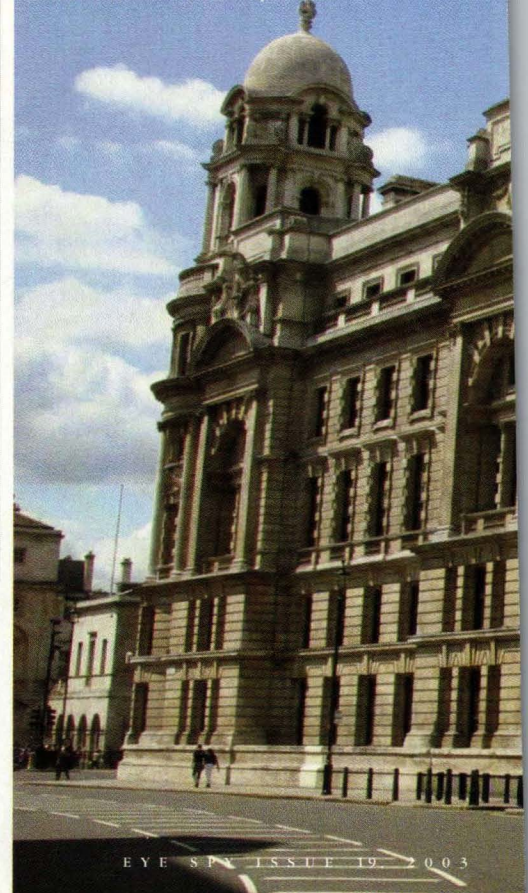
He was surrounded by the 'ring of secrecy' from the moment he left his research post at

GLENMORE TRENEAR-HARVEY
Associate Editor of **EYE SPY**
examines the brilliant background of Dr Kelly and proves just why he was invaluable to British Intelligence



Porton Down

Main Photograph:
The Old War Office, London



In this highly secure and sensitive post, he was the recipient of UKEYESONLY secret intelligence reports and briefings...

KELLY

the Asset

Oxford University in 1984 and joined the top secret Chemical and Biological Defence Establishment at Porton Down where he became head of microbiology until 1992. In this highly secure and sensitive post, he was the recipient of UKEYESONLY secret intelligence reports and briefings from top officials from the Defence Intelligence Staff (DIS), one of Britain's four main security and intelligence services. Porton Down was one target of the Soviet Union's KGB and GRU (the Soviet military intelligence service) during the cold war until 1990.

One assignment in the early 1990s which was crucial to the safety of the United Kingdom required Dr Kelly to head up the British contingent of a joint UK-US team of biological warfare inspectors. The team was assigned to make a series of visits and inspections of Russian biological warfare facilities under the 1992 trilateral agreement between the US, UK and Russia, following the Biological and Toxins Weapons Convention (BTWC).

British and American intelligence had detected violations of the BTWC and were especially concerned about a military microbiology laboratory - the Centre for Military and Technical [Soviet Centre for Biological Warfare] Problems of Anti-Bacteriological Defence, a highly secretive establishment in Yekaterinburg, known locally as Compound 19. Dr Kelly led the visits accom-



Terence Taylor

panied by such senior British Defence Intelligence Staff as Colonel Terence Taylor, a specialist on biological warfare and Dr Christopher Davis, who served on the UK's Defence Intelligence Staff from 1987 to 1996, as well as biological warfare specialists from the US

Defense Intelligence Agency (DIA). They discovered that the Soviet Union had a substantial clandestine offensive biological weapons programme. A huge, sophisticated, expensive, extensive and highly secret network programme throughout the entire Soviet Union, with their strategic weapon of choice being the smallpox virus and the plague bacterium. ICBMs loaded with biological warheads could target London.

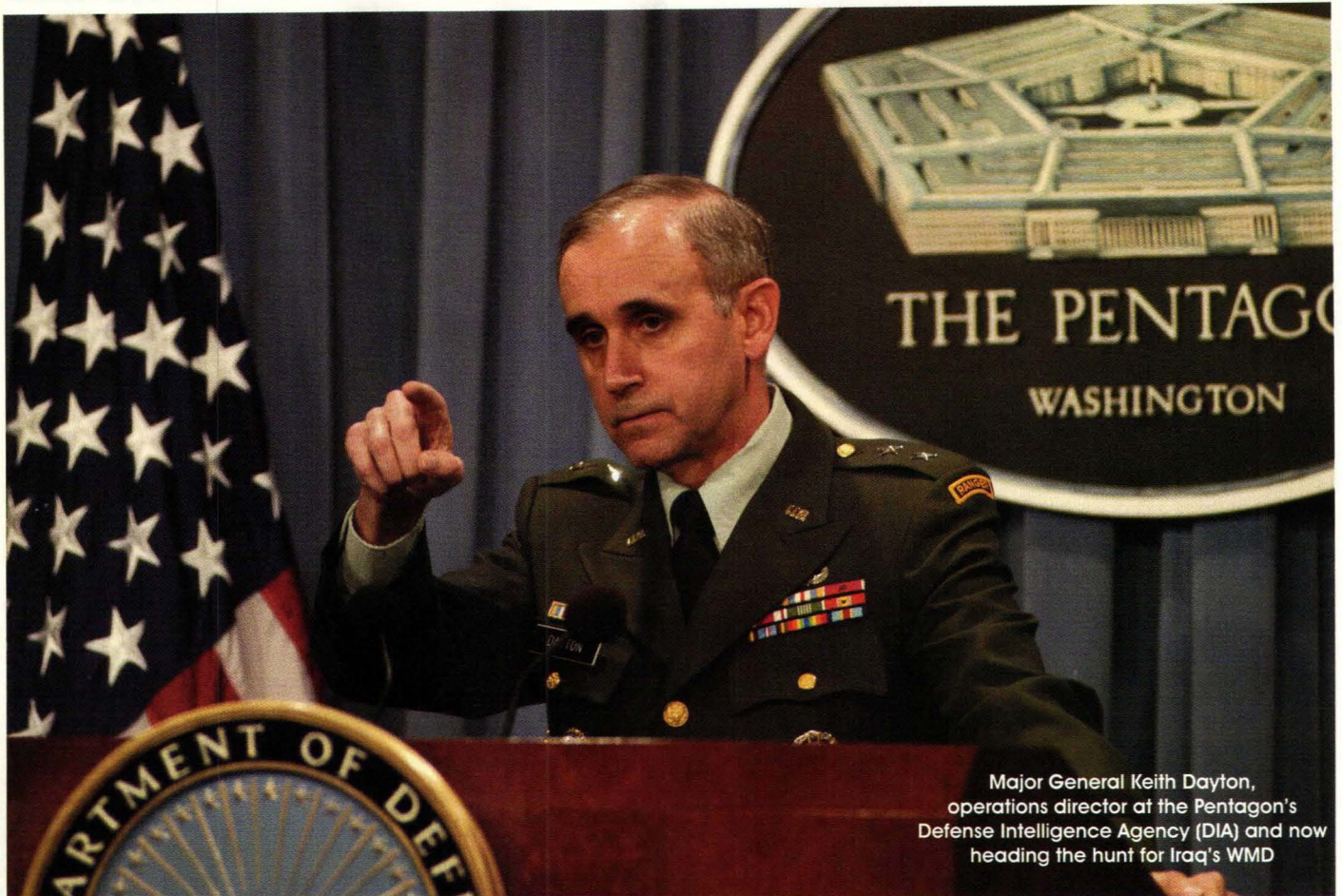


Compound 19

Kelly and his team discovered the scale and sophistication of the Soviet and Russian programmes, the like of which the world has never seen before.

On one occasion the Western intelligence services produced a satellite shot showing what appeared to be an ordinary apartment block in St. Petersburg, but it was hiding something far more elaborate. On his inspection, Dr Kelly and his team of intelligence experts discovered that this was





Major General Keith Dayton, operations director at the Pentagon's Defense Intelligence Agency (DIA) and now heading the hunt for Iraq's WMD

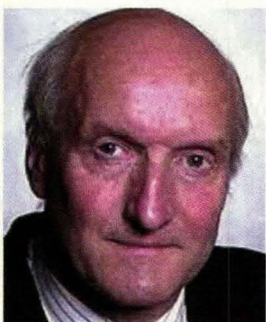
actually a biological warfare facility used for testing the dissemination of plague bacteria. Hardly the actions of an "obscure scientist" who was "not a spook!"

UNSCOM - Uncovering the Iraqi Threat

Between 1991 and 1998 he played a key role in inspecting Iraqi weapons after the Gulf War. Dr Kelly became a senior adviser on biological warfare for the UN in Iraq with UNSCOM - known to include inspectors working for British and American intelligence agencies. As always, Dr Kelly had access to the world of top secret intelligence. He knew and had spoken to all of Saddam's senior scientific advisers. Amongst those he interrogated was Dr Rihab Taha, "Dr Germ," the head of Saddam's bio-weapons programme.

Working within Whitehall

On 25 September last year, in his first appearance before the Foreign Affairs Committee, he



Rt Hon Donald Anderson MP
Chairman
Foreign Affairs
Committee

gave evidence on the war on terrorism. He was speaking in his role as chief scientific officer and senior adviser to the proliferation and arms control secretariat of the Ministry of Defence, and the nonproliferation department of the Foreign Office. He was accompanying his boss, the Foreign Secretary Jack Straw (who is responsible for both MI6 and GCHQ).

During his recent fateful appearance before the Foreign Affairs Committee Kelly told them there was only a 30% chance that Iraq had chemical or biological weapons. That Iraq could deploy them within 45 minutes of an order to do so - "ready" was the word Blair



Part of the new GCHQ

used in the dossier's foreword - was "high unlikely," Kelly told the MPs. The course between issuing orders and firing the weapons was a "long process," he said. And as Richard Norton-Taylor, the veteran British commentator on intelligence matters, said: "He should know. We are now told that what MI6's agent, an Iraqi brigadier-general, said when he was reactivated - conveniently, shortly before the September dossier was published - was that the Iraqis had a command, control and communications system (presumably bombed out of existence in the first days of the war, if not before) that would have enabled Saddam or his close military associates to contact commanders in the field within 45 minutes, authorising the use of WMD. That does not mean deploying them, let alone having them 'ready'."

In Dr Kelly's appearances before the other committee examining the Iraqi dossier claims - the Intelligence & Security Committee (ISC) on 15 July (just two days before his death), he was considered by the committee members - well versed in the inner 'ring of secrecy' - to be a knowledgeable, credible and helpful witness. In contrast with Sir Richard Dearlove, the Chief of the Secret Intelligence Service (MI6) who, during an appearance before the ISC the following day, was given a very 'rough ride' by the members.

Kelly was a serious and senior source highly respected by his peers. Officially he was chief scientific officer and senior adviser to the Proliferation and Arms Control Secretariat of the Ministry of Defence; working for Dr Bryan

COURTESY: UNSCOM



Wells, Director of Proliferation and Arms Control Secretariat, MOD and Col Philip Rouse, Assistant Director of Proliferation and Arms Control Secretariat Room 2/35 Ministry of Defence Old War Office Building, Whitehall, London SW1A 2HB and the Counter-proliferation Department of the Foreign Office.

As the UK's leading analyst of biological weapons threats he worked within the MOD with the Defence Intelligence Analysis Staff (DIAS) of the Ministry of Defence intelligence arm - Defence Intelligence Staff (DIS) - analysing intelligence reports. The Defence Intelligence Analysis Staff (DIAS) was responsible for providing global defence intelligence assessments and strategic warning. It is able to draw upon classified information provided by the Government Communications Headquarters, the Secret Intelligence Service, the Security Service, Allied intelligence services and military intelligence collection assets, in addition to diplomatic reporting and a wide range of open-source information.

One journalist, Nick Rufford, associate editor of *The Sunday Times* who knew him well and visited him often at his Oxfordshire home said: "I would find him in his study, poring over some new document, passed to him by MI6 ('the boys at Vauxhall Cross,' as he referred to them), which he would teasingly refuse to show me."

It was in the context of his ready access to top secret intelligence that he was asked to produce assessments for the Joint Intelligence Committee (JIC) to help them prepare a government dossier on Iraq. Kelly was asked to prepare a report on what weapons and what weapons-making equipment or materials Iraq could still be hiding.

Like the chairman of the JIC, John Scarlett (former SIS Head of Station in Moscow), Dr Kelly is a holder of the CMG - the Most Distinguished Order of St Michael and St George. So Dr David Kelly CMG would possibly have become Sir David Kelly KCMG on his retirement with a substantial pension from the Ministry of Defence.

During the decades he worked within the 'ring of secrecy' Dr Kelly knew that in nearly all of his work with the various security and intelligence services he was privy to the most sensitive of state secrets and subject to the stringent requirements of the near draconian Official Secrets Act. (Had he been threatened with prosecution under this Act, it would have caused him great anxiety.)

Working with US Intelligence

Most recently he was assigned by HMG to the Iraq Survey Group (ISG) with other intelligence analysts from the British DIS and American DIA

Rt Hon Ann Taylor
MP Chairman
Intelligence &
Security Committee



and CIA. The ISG is an organisation set up for the task of finding weapons of mass destruction (WMD) by Major General Keith Dayton, operations director at the Pentagon's Defense Intelligence Agency (DIA), on 30 May 2003.

It would consolidate various intelligence gathering operations currently under way in Iraq under one national-level headquarters. The ISG has between 1,300 and 1,400 personnel, drawn from several US government agencies, and from the governments of Britain and Australia. Some former UNSCOM inspectors are on the team and include Chemical and biological intelligence support teams. George Tenet the Director of the CIA named former United Nations weapons inspector David Kay as an adviser who would be working with the ISG team, including Dr Kelly.

Dr Kelly's reputation as one of the world's microbiological experts and intelligence analysts could not have been higher. His loss will prove to be one of the greatest suffered by the intelligence community in recent years.

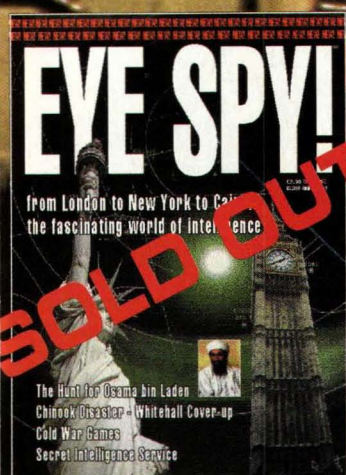


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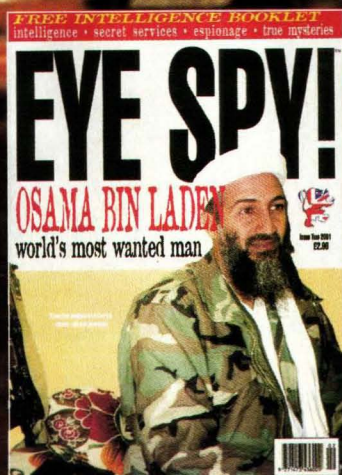
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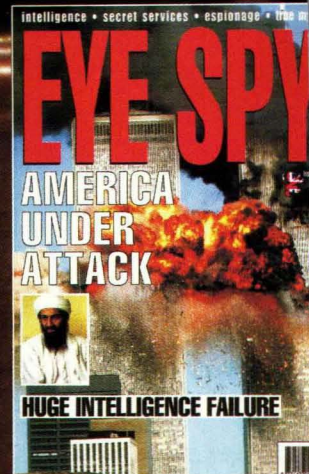
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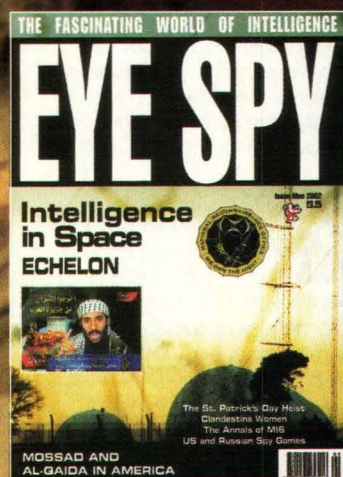
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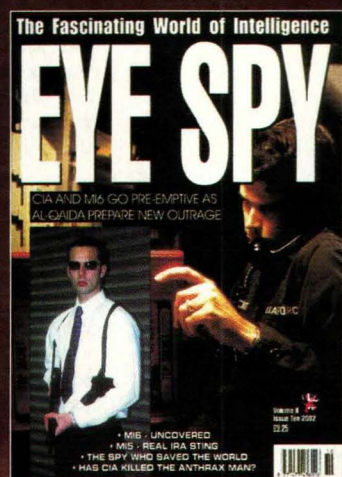
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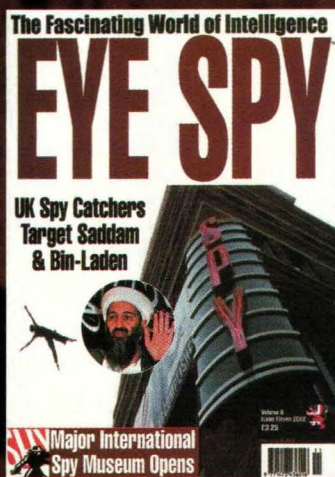
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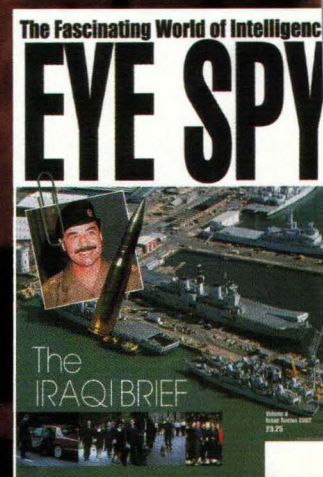
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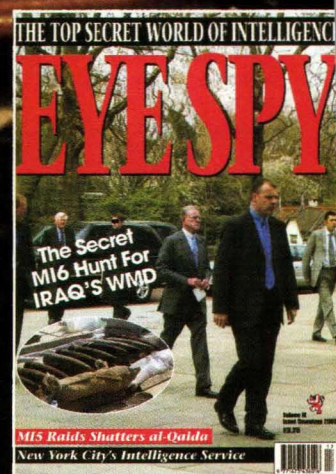
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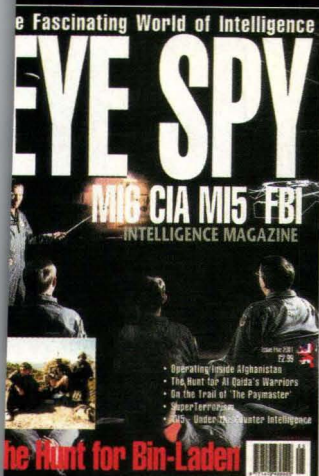


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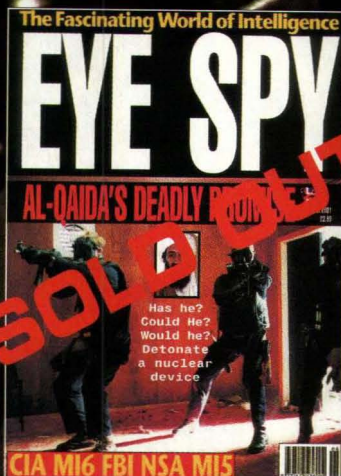
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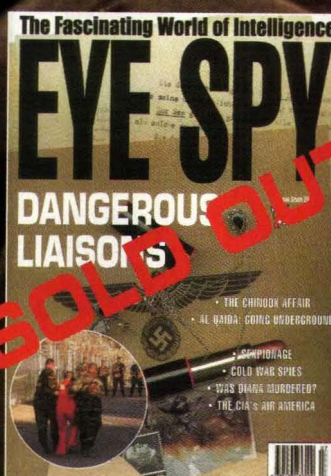
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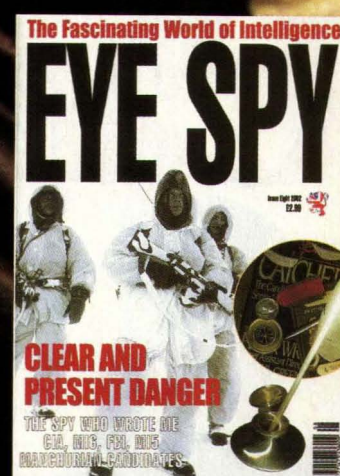
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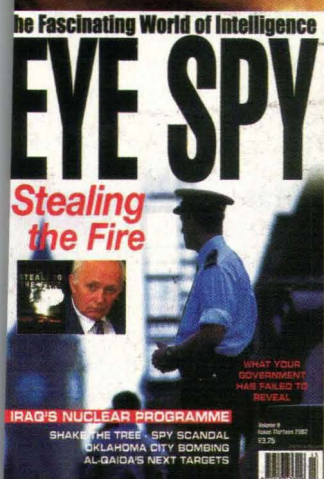
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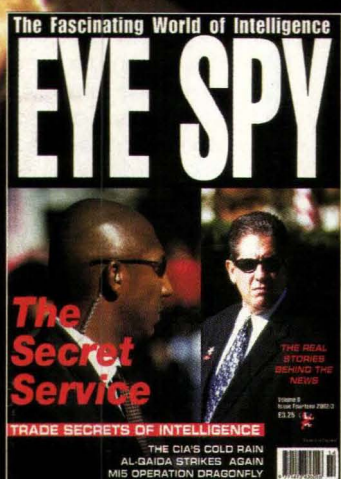
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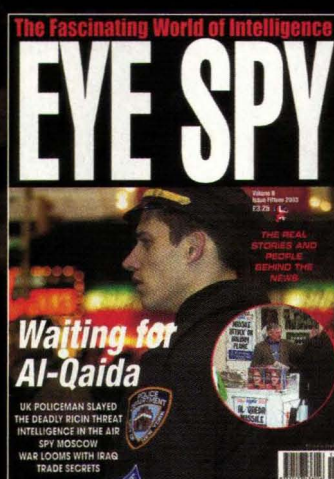
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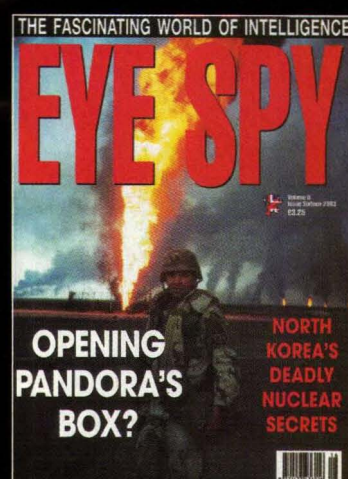
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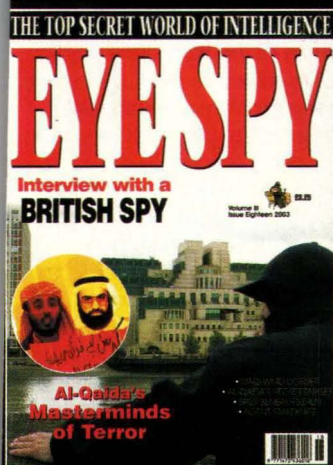
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Defendo Revisits Camp X



Bill Underwood

The fit young man stands in a relaxed, balanced posture, the knife held diagonally across his palm, the mark of the experienced knife fighter. His unarmed opponent, two decades his senior, quickly sidesteps to keep the sun behind him. The attacker suddenly lunges and drives the tip of the dagger in and upward between the older man's ribs and through the pericardium into his heart. At least that was his intent. The defender steps forward and blocks the thrust with the outside of his left forearm. Gripping the attacker's shoulder, he suddenly drops backward, causing the knife-fighter to somersault onto the ground. Rising to his feet, the attacker tries a different approach and throws a kick. The defender adroitly catches the foot, spills the attacker on his back, and drives his heel into his solar plexus. The defender smiles and helps him to his feet. Mike Mandel and Robbie Cressman, the two men who are rebuilding the Defendo system are visiting Camp X.

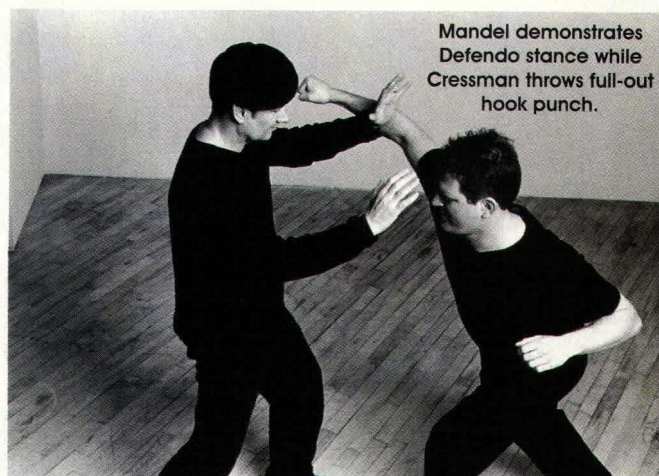
Defendo's roots go back to Liverpool, England, around 1907. In that era Vaudeville was all the rage. When the general populace weren't in the local pub, they were at one of the many music halls that sprang up all over Britain. Variety was the flavour of the day, and audiences were treated to the likes of Buffalo Bill Cody and Charlie Chaplin. A young boy by the name of Bill Underwood made pocket money selling programmes at the Vaudeville Pavilion theatre after school. Backstage, Bill got to meet the stars of the day, including Harry Houdini, but it was the serendipitous meeting with two Japanese men that changed the course of Bill's life forever.

Yukio Tani and Tara Maki were Jiu-Jitsu experts. They made a living demonstrating their craft and challenging all comers on the music hall stage. Nightly they would toss large, muscular Englishmen around at random, as the audience watched dumfounded. To a young Bill Underwood it was a magical experience. He quickly made friends with Tani and Maki and brought them cigarettes and tea in exchange for rudimentary Jiu-Jitsu lessons. Like the Jiu-Jitsu experts, Bill was diminutive in size. (Even as a grown man he only reached five feet two inches.) Consequently, he quickly learned the

By Mike Mandel and Robbie Cressman for
Eye Spy Canadian Editor Lynn Philip Hodgson



Some of Bill Underwood's rare books



Mandel demonstrates Defendo stance while Cressman throws full-out hook punch.

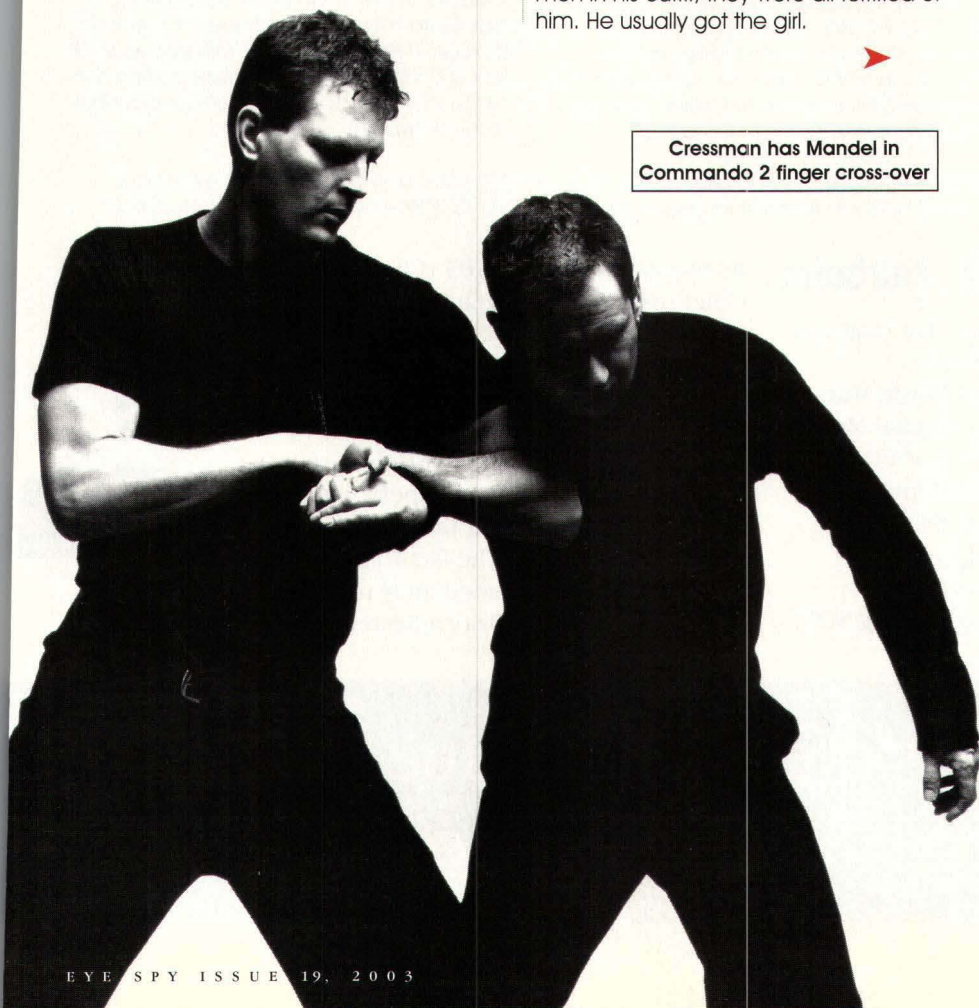
necessity of leverage and balance to displace bigger, stronger opponents.

In the first decade of the twentieth century, boxing, and wrestling were the only fighting arts one could study in the Western world. With the principles learned from his Japanese teachers, Bill began to create the inchoate form of his unique system. Since his lessons with Tani and Maki were few and far between, Underwood experimented with his own concepts, including what would become his trademark: the application of excruciating pain as a means of controlling an adversary. Unbeknownst to anyone, Bill was a self-defence prodigy - a genius in the making.

In 1910 Underwood moved to Canada. When World War I broke out, Bill went

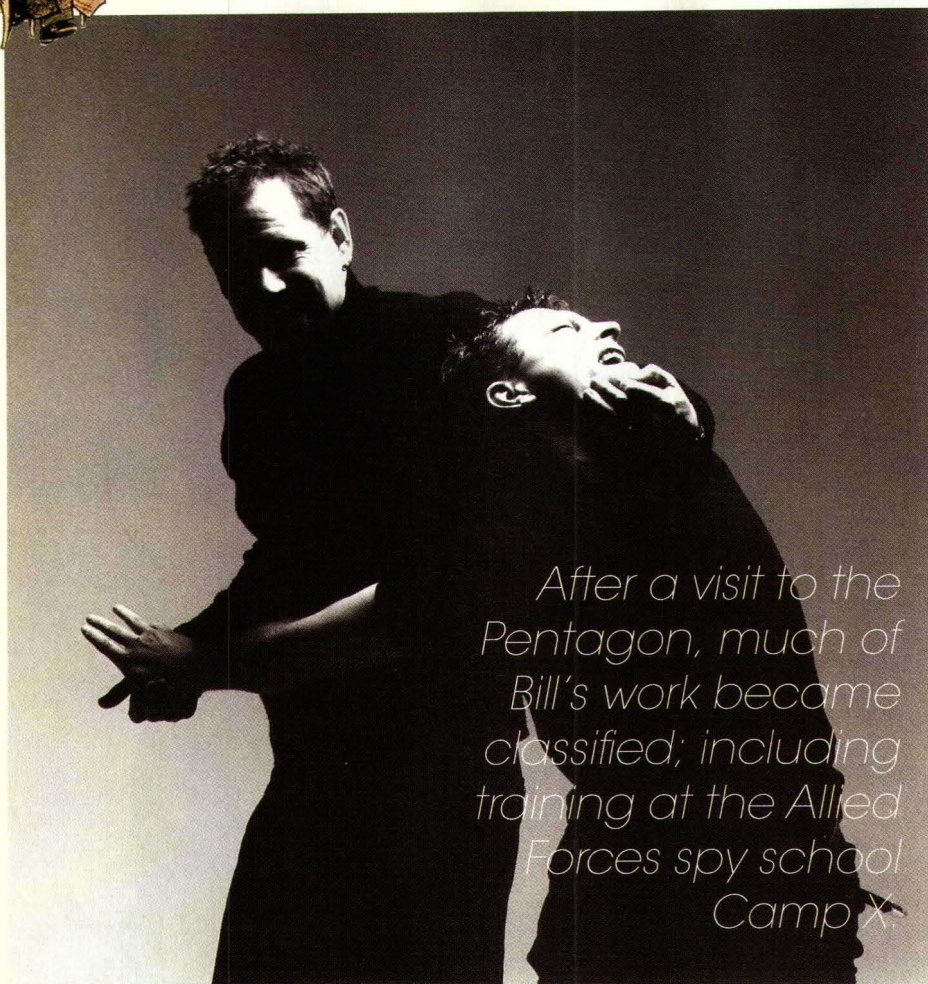
overseas and joined in the Royal Montreal Regiment. His unarmed combat techniques served him well in the trenches of France. A fearless man, Bill would stealthily approach German trenches at night and decapitate lone sentries with a garrote made from cheese wire between a pair of sticks. On one occasion, he escaped German captivity after the first gas attack at Ypres in April 1915, by disarming his guard and shooting him with his own rifle. The next year he transferred to the Royal Flying Corps and finished the war as a pilot. The horrors of war are always interspersed with some comic relief. Despite his small stature, Bill was a bit of a ladies' man, thinking nothing of putting the moves on another soldier's girlfriend, usually when the soldier was present. Bill's fighting skills were held in awe by the other men in his outfit; they were all terrified of him. He usually got the girl.

Cressman has Mandel in Commando 2 finger cross-over



Basic restraint finish for thumb grip.





After a visit to the Pentagon, much of Bill's work became classified; including training at the Allied Forces spy school Camp X.

It wasn't until World War II that Bill's talents began to receive official notice. In 1940 Bill joined the Queen's Own Rifles and began to demonstrate the remarkable system he had invented. Underwood trained numerous groups of Allied soldiers including American Rangers throughout the duration of the war. In those days he called his system 'Combato' to combat the Judo the American boys were facing in the Pacific theatre. After a visit to the

Pentagon, much of Bill's work became classified; including training at the Allied Forces spy school Camp X. What is not known is whether Underwood and the legendary Fairbairn ever met. Those two remarkable men with incredibly effective but dissimilar systems would have had much to talk about!

After the war, Bill began to receive invitations to teach law enforcement throughout North



America. Since the police community was more interested in restraining and arresting criminals than snapping their necks, Underwood revised his system, removing the aggressiveness and the lethal techniques that were better suited to commandos. Defendo was officially born. He continuously improved his system, testing his agonizing holds on the likes of circus strongmen and contortionists. Until the day he died, Bill offered a blank cheque to anyone who could escape one of his holds.

For a brief period in the 1980s, Bill Underwood became a media darling. This short, grandfatherly man appeared on a plethora of television programmes including *The Johnny Carson Show*. He was also the subject of the short documentary film, *Don't Mess With Bill*, which was nominated for an Oscar in 1980. In 1986 Bill passed away quietly in a nursing home age 90. Defendo, this remarkable British system of self-defence nearly died with him.

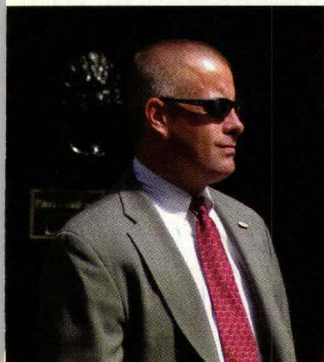
In 2002, Mike Mandel, the only known Defendo Instructor Trainer in the world, who learned directly from the founder, began to teach his protégé, Robbie Cressman. With access to all four of Underwood's rare published works and all his original training material, Mike was able to reconstruct the entire system.

Mandel comments: "I met Bill in the early 1970s when I was a young man studying

Lieutenant-Colonel William E. Fairbairn

Lieutenant-Colonel William Ewart Fairbairn, General List, was born 28 February 1885 in Rickmansworth, Hertfordshire, England. Prior to the Second World War, Fairbairn was the Chief Instructor at the Shanghai Municipal Police from October 1907 to March 1940. Fairbairn joined SOE in March 1942 with the rank of Captain, having previously been an instructor at the War Office Special Training Centre in Scotland in July of 1940. Immediately after joining SOE,

he was posted to STS 103 (Camp X) as Chief Instructor and granted local rank of Major on June 8, 1942. Lieutenant-Colonel Fairbairn was fifty-seven-years-old when he accepted this assignment to physically train men thirty years his junior! Lieutenant-Colonel Fairbairn was unquestionably the most experienced and accomplished person at that time in the art of 'silent killing'. The fact that Fairbairn was sent immediately to Camp X attests to the importance that the British Secret Service put on Camp X.



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karate and kung fu. I stepped on the mat with Bill and he systematically took me apart. He was in his seventies at the time. I fell in love with this incredible system that doesn't depend on strength or size. We've run Defendo past numerous highly skilled people, including martial artists, an American marine and a former SAS soldier. Everyone loves the system."

Defendo International was re-established as a corporation in 2003. Robbie and Mike intend to keep Bill's legacy alive by perpetuating the Defendo system. Their desire is to see Defendo as a dominant player in the world of self-defence. The Toronto School of Defendo officially opened in July, and Defendo International will be providing seminars in the UK in the fall of 2003. Check out the website for more information on this unusual and highly effective occidental system of self-protection. I think Bill Underwood would be pleased.

LINKS www.defendo.ca



Famous Camp X Spy School



Unofficially known as Camp X, the paramilitary training installation was officially known by various names: as S25-1-1 by the RCMP (the Royal Canadian Mounted Police file name), as Project-J by the Canadian military, and as STS-103 (Special Training School 103) by the SOE (Special Operations Executive), a branch of the British MI6. It was established 6 December 1941, at Whitby, Ontario, Canada through co-operative efforts of the British Security Co-Ordination (BSC) and the Government of Canada.

The BSC's chief, Sir William Stephenson, was a Canadian from Winnipeg, Manitoba, and a close confidant of the British Prime Minister, Sir Winston Churchill, who had instructed him to create "the clenched fist that would provide the knockout blow" to the Axis powers. One of Stephenson's successes was Camp X!



Eye Spy's Canadian editor Lynn Hodgson has written many important books on Camp X with his colleague Alan Longfield

LINKS www.camp-x.com

INTELLIGENCE briefs

Former MI5 Officer David Shayler Loses Appeal

LORD HUTTON, who was chosen to lead the inquiry into the death of Dr David Kelly was once the target of the IRA. As Lord Chief Justice for Northern Ireland his legal career stretches back to the 1950s. He also handled the controversial cases involving General Pinochet and renegade MI5 officer David Shayler. The law lord was involved in the ruling that David Shayler could not argue he was acting in the public interest by revealing secrets.

In late July, David Shayler, lost his appeal in which argued he should be able to claim he revealed state secrets in the interest of the public.

The Court of Appeal backed an earlier decision that Shayler, 35, need not have gone public with revelations about alleged illegal activity in the security services. Lawyers for the former officer had argued his human rights would be infringed during next months Official Secrets Act trial if he was prevented using the public interest defence.

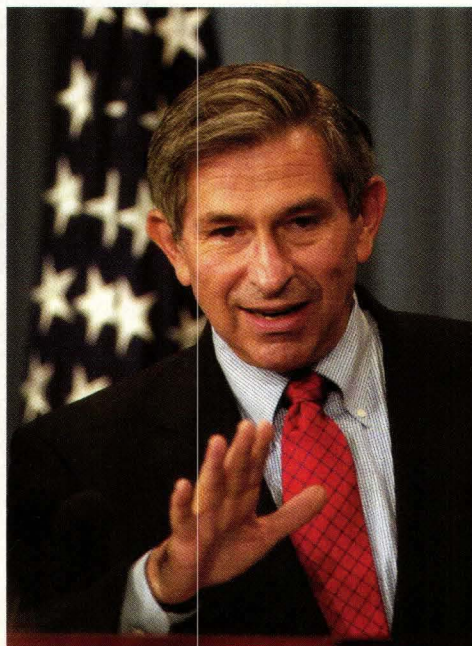


David Shayler pictured with his girlfriend Annie Machon and solicitor John Wadham

Mr Shayler's solicitor John Wadham, director of civil rights group Liberty, said: "We are definitely going to appeal to the House of Lords, particularly because we want to see the Official Secrets Act reformed and we hope the House of Lords will be able to help on that." The Court of Appeal concluded that there was no basis on which Mr Shayler could identify the action by some external agency which was going to create imminent threats to life or limb of members of the public as a result of the alleged abuses or to identify the members of the public at risk. Afterwards, Mr Shayler said politicians and judges were complicit in allowing MI5 and MI6 to get away with murder and to ignore evidence of impending terror strikes. "In the context of what's happening today it will be an enormous tragedy if MI5 had information and did not react to it," said Mr Shayler outside the High Court. • See Eye Spy's interview with David Shayler in issue 3

"Murky Waters of Intelligence"

PAUL WOLFOWITZ, the US Deputy Defence Secretary was recently invited to comment on Iraq's alleged links with al-Qaida and why a war was fought on intelligence. Mr Wolfowitz said: "There's been a lot disclosed already. I mean, we know that the man who murdered our diplomat in Jordan was



connected to the Zarqawi (right) network, which was connected to Baghdad. It's the nature of terrorism, that intelligence about terrorism is murky. These are people who operate in the shadows with a great deal of secrecy and a great deal of false information planted all over the place. I think the lesson of 9/11 is that if you're not prepared to act on the basis of murky intelligence, then you're going to have to act after the fact. And after the fact now means after horrendous things have happened to this country." This is clarification that any perceived threat to the security of the United States could be met with preemptive strikes. His remarks were seized upon by opponents of the war in Iraq.

• Mr Wolfowitz caused fury in the Middle East when he claimed that two Arabic television stations' coverage of the conflict had incited "violence against US forces." Broadcasters for Al-Jazeera have asked Mr Wolfowitz to withdraw his remarks.



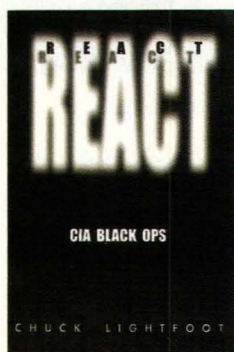
under cover



★★★★★ Essential
★★★★★ Excellent
★★★★★ Good
★★★★★ Average
★★★★★ Poor



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order form on page 82



REACT
CIA Black Ops
By Chuck Lightfoot
iUniverse
ISBN: 0 595 65690 0

A very controversial book by a former US intelligence operative who worked as a translator, facilitator and 'cut-out' on overseas pacifier action activities. In one chapter, the author alleges that US investigators discovered that the Iraqis had lowered a special atomic demolition munitions device deep into an abandoned Kuwaiti drill site. The plan was to either force the oil towards Iraq, or burn it. Apparently, when the 260lb bomb exploded, it set off a number of oil wells long after the initial explosion.

The bomb's destructive signature and all seismic accounts corresponded to field-identification serial number N-XM5122-4 of the detonating device that Saddam's intelligence service had allegedly purchased from a Chinese middleman in league with a rogue operative of REACT - a special access project cell that had been secreted within the CIA's covert operations section.

According to the author, VX neurotoxins and other poisons supplied by German manufacturers to Iraq were propelled into the air from bio-chem containers when the bomb exploded. The resulting illnesses to unprotected soldiers became known as Desert Storm Syndrome.

REACT also contains details of some 20 CIA 'Black' operations conducted

against terrorists and communist opposition prior to the breakup of the former Soviet Union.

Lightfoot dares to go into areas that many authors avoid. You decide - it baffled our editorial team.

To order: 0595 27544 3 (USA) or go to www.iuniverse.com

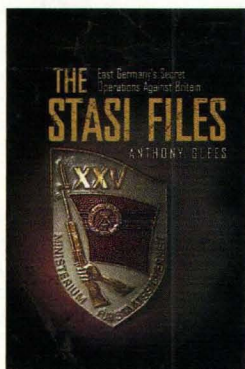
★★★★★

THE STASI FILES
East Germany's Secret Operations
Against Britain
By Anthony Glees
Free Press
ISBN: 0 7432 3104-X

A very important book released at a time when the CIA is about to disclose the names of thousands of former Stasi agents. Glees was one of the last researchers to gain access to the Stasi Archive in Berlin just before it was closed down. Thankfully, the author learned much about the way the Stasi operated and its command structure.

The Stasi was East Germany's secret police and many of its successes were against the UK. Glees draws on intelligence material to show how the UK's CND movement was watched with interest by the agency, and how the Labour Party was developing. Both these areas were seen as having potential for the Communist government.

At its height, the Stasi ran an extensive intelligence network that stretched across the world. And though much smaller than its big brother - the KGB - the Stasi was equally as ruthless in dealing with suspected enemies of the



state. With 150,000 agents in 1990, the organisation was highly professional and dedicated.

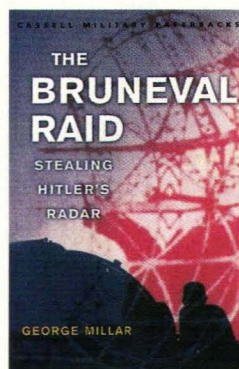
Packed with unique and previously unpublished material, Glees has written a book that must be read by those interested in espionage and all things Red.

★★★★★

Available from Eye Spy
REF: ES/709 £23.50 \$38.00

THE BRUNEVAL RAID
By George Miller
Cassell
ISBN: 0 304 362212

On the evening of 27 February 1942, a handful of British paratroopers landed in occupied France right under the noses of the Germans. A small detachment of troops were dropped by the RAF on the cliff top at Bruneval, just north of Le Havre. Their mission was to capture a German radar site and seize the vital



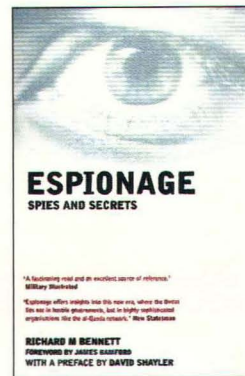
parts of the machine for researchers back home to examine. If they succeeded, the raid would have major implications for the forthcoming Allied bombing campaign and the Battle of the Atlantic. There was no second-chance for any of the troops that may be captured, for all who parachuted down that night wore German uniforms.

It was a daring raid and one right up until the last moment that was shrouded in uncertainty. Naval intelligence had to be right, aerial photographs were analysed a thousand times and contact was made with the French Resistance, whose bravery is not in doubt. The number of personnel participating in

the operation was kept to a bare minimum. The mission was dependent upon stealth, surprise, professionalism, cunning, planning and a good serving of luck. There was also another ingredient - the bravery of all those involved in the Bruneval raid. A dramatic book.

★★★★★

Available from Eye Spy
REF: ES/711 £8.50 \$18.00



ESPIONAGE
Spies and Secrets
By Richard Bennett
Virgin Books
ISBN 0 7535 0830 3

"The rapid technological development of the last two decades has totally changed the face of modern espionage." Thus, gone forever is the shady agent in the raincoat, working with tapped phones and dead letter drops, says Richard Bennett, though some would argue that method still works best. This is a wonderful book that brings the art of spying up to date. It's sort of a look at how 'big brother technology' is now being used in surveillance and other aspects of spying, including hacking into advanced computer systems. The author notes that only sophisticated organisations like the CIA can hope to match the global terror networks who no longer communicate by telephone alone.

An indispensable reference work for journalists, researchers and the public alike. Espionage has over 500 entries and provides terms and phrases used in the industry, covers major historical events and key figures. An A-Z book of spying and intelligence that is a must for your library.

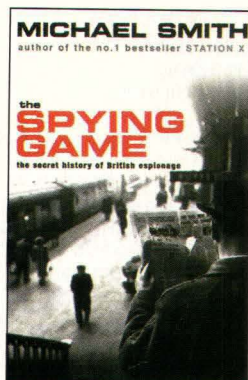
• Paperback variant of the Espionage Encyclopedia of Spies and Secrets.

★★★★★

Available from Eye Spy
ES/605 £11.50 \$22.00

THE SPYING GAME
Secret History of British Espionage
Michael Smith
By Politico's Publishing
ISBN: 184275 004 6

One of the great books of 2003 with all the ingredients of a fantastic spy thriller. This however, is reality. The author



focuses on all of the UK's intelligence services (and a few more shadowy groups), that gives the reader a deep insight into how the great game was and is played out on an immense field. *The Spying Game* can be read as a graphic timeline of all the major intelligence incidents related to the UK over the last 100-years or so.

Michael Smith is one of the World's senior intelligence writers and has remarkable sources; as such, there are so many intelligence gems in this book that it would be unfair to single out any as being significant - the book is simply laced with them. Place your finger anywhere and start to read. For example, one incident involving Royal Navy submarines spying on the Russians during the Cold War is revealing. As both sides played a dangerous game of cat and mouse, the Russians launched small depth charges to harass the British vessels. As a protective measure, submarine hatches were welded down before the submarines set sail until the end of its mission. The crews were effectively entombed.

Dozens of hitherto unknown incidents are related and many famous characters crop up - Philby, Burgess et al. Smith tells the history of British intelligence in a manner that is easy to read and understand. He does not try to create a spy story - the material does that for him. Absorbing from start to finish.

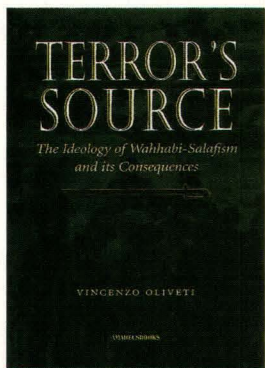


Available from Eye Spy
REF: ES/700 £10.99 \$21.00

TERROR'S SOURCE

By Vincenzo Olivetti
Amadeus Books
ISBN: 0 9543729-0-5

This is a most interesting and educational work for those wanting to learn about the Salafi sect, the most extreme



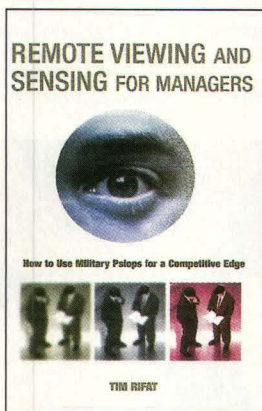
of Islamic movements. Many of the al-Qaida leadership, including Osama bin-Laden, belong to this group.

Published by Amadeus Books, an Islamic publisher, the work clearly shows that incidents such as 9/11 were not carried out by authentic or traditional followers of the Islamic faith. Dr Sajjad Rizvi writes: "The author Vincenzo Olivetti has written a timely and sobering work that must be read by all those who wish to learn about traditional Islam in this post 9/11 world. The book provides an incisive critique of the theology of extremism. He defends an Islam that seeks solace and strength in its traditions of spirituality and tolerance. It is essential reading for both Muslims seeking answers and non-Muslims seeking a voice that both appeals and relates to them as human beings."

Terror's Source is an outstanding contribution to the ongoing problems in the Middle East, Iraq and elsewhere. Indeed, in most locations where Western ideology clashes with Islamic beliefs. Clearly the answer lies in understanding and tolerance, and this book takes a massive stride towards that important goal.



Available from Eye Spy
REF: ES/703 £10.00 \$18.00



REMOTE VIEWING & SENSING FOR MANAGERS

By Tim Rifat
Vision
ISBN: 1904132316

This interesting book is subtitled 'How to Use Military Psions for a Competitive Edge'. Well, remote viewing and sensing is about as controversial as it gets. The author believes that by using certain techniques, most people can actually obtain the skills to scan the minds of others. Remote viewing is the ability to psychically see and report on distant locations and objects and was the subject of a major CIA research project.

The author suggests that remote sensing can be used in a business environment and can benefit the individual, the team and his or her company as a whole. Called *Psions Management*, remote sensing can allegedly master stress management; develop a real-time outlook to react to

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See page 82



information and circumstances as they happen; increase mental performance; enter the mindset of your competitor and practise the art of business warfare.

The protocols and exercises are explained in a clear, concise manner and there is a handy glossary. If it works, companies across the globe would save huge amounts of money in trying to find out what the competition is up to ... if it works.



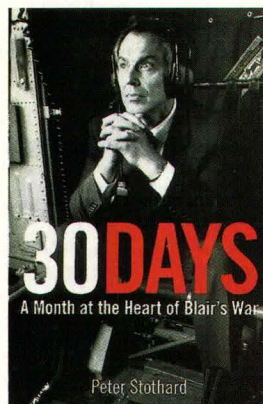
Available from Eye Spy
REF: ES/702 £13.49 \$22.50

30 DAYS

A Month at the Heart of Blair's War
By Peter Stothard
Harper Collins
ISBN: 0 00 717321 0

A powerful and dramatic account of the 30 days leading up to the war in Iraq. Made even more relevant today by the unfortunate suicide of Dr David Kelly.

Throughout much of March and April, Tony Blair defied millions of protesters, party revolts, and general anger at the decision to send 45,000 British troops to help oust Saddam. This tense political thriller takes the reader inside the den of Downing Street during that period, as author Peter Stothard shadowed Mr Blair's every move. The result is a work which has drawn real information from the dark corners of Parliament to the wide open gardens of Camp David. Stothard reveals some humorous moments as well as those clearly defined as tense. For example, how the

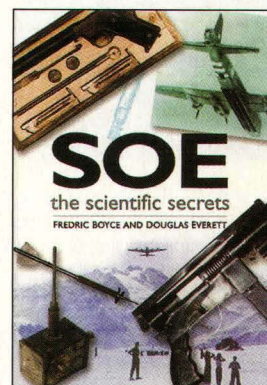


prime minister argued with a key Islamic envoy about a war that could ignite extremism and cause moderate Arab governments to collapse; battling long and hard into the night to convince his closest friends and

colleagues the cause was just; the information contained in the Iraqi Briefs ... yes ... what about that information?

A gripping account of the prelude to war, supported by regular digests and a splendid candid photo section. Hugely worthwhile.

Available from Eye Spy
REF: ES/704 £9.99 \$20.00



SOE

The Scientific Secrets
By F Boyce and D Everett
Sutton Publishing
ISBN: 0 7509 3165 5

This is a thoroughly engrossing book on the weapons and equipment used by agents of the Special Operations Executive (SOE) in WWII, and includes many previously unpublished facts and photos. Though there are several excellent works on the SOE available today, this book brings together so much of the recently released information.

Of huge importance is the work that was carried out by the inventors of the equipment at the SOE's research and development establishment at The Frythe near Welwyn in England. The staff here was involved with the production of so many ingenious items - from explosives to counterfeit money, passports, communication gadgets, camouflage and even chemical and biological weapons.

This is a welcome addition to previous published works but is unique in that much of the content relates to invention and distribution of the secret spy items to the agents of the SOE.

Available from Eye Spy
REF: ES/706 £22.75 \$35.00

CONTINUED OVER

TERRORISM

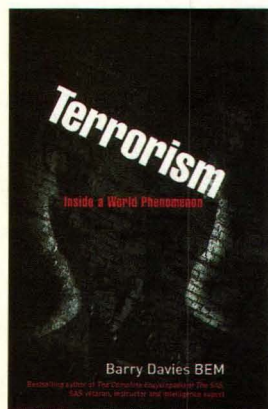
Inside a World Phenomenon

By Barry Davies

Virgin Books

ISBN: 1 85227 964 8

Readers of this magazine will know that terrorism is nothing new. Nevertheless, the expertise of the terrorist has increased alarmingly over the years, epitomised by the 9/11 atrocity. Today of course, terrorism is an inescapable part of life in the 21st Century, but it can't be defeated with traditional armies or tactics alone.



This carefully researched book by SAS veteran Barry Davies explores the true nature of contemporary terrorism. From its earliest origins, he charts the terror groups that have been thrown up across the world. Many interesting questions are answered. How are these groups structured? Who, or what, is funding the likes of al-Qaeda and ETA? From where does HAMAS recruit its members?

Davies gives the reader a fascinating insight into the counter-terrorism successes of MI5 and other services, plus the supposed grievances of terrorist groups and individuals as well. A comprehensive look at the menacing threat of terrorism and how it will be combated in the future.



Available from Eye Spy
REF: ES/705 £22.50 \$35.00

RADIO'S CAPTAIN MIDNIGHT

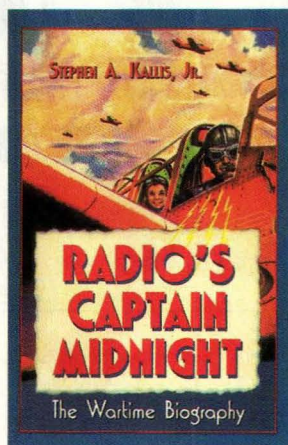
The Wartime Biography

By Stephen A. Kallis Jr

McFarland & Company Publishers

ISBN: 0 7864 0621 6

During the horror and conflict of WWII, a fictional US radio character named Captain Midnight entered the consciousness of many American listeners. The character was a vigorous, mature figure whom listeners could easily imagine defending the United States. The scripts, well written and expertly plotted, had a wide appeal, especially to youngsters. Indeed, the producers gave away secret gadgets and 'code-a-graphs' so the fans could actively participate in the shows. The real fans were saddened when the original 15-minute adventures were lengthened to 30, and for them,



Captain Midnight was 'retired'. The new plots were simpler and the action was not as full blooded and perhaps lost a little romance.

Using facts, details and events from the original early radio scripts of Captain Midnight, Stephen Kallis has amazingly constructed a 'biography' of the great wartime aviation hero, covering his origins and adventures. This is a wonderful addition to any library - it might just take intelligence connoisseurs back to their childhood.

Eye Spy featured the extraordinary collection of spy gadgets associated with Captain Midnight in issue 14 'A Child's Garden'.



For ordering details, please write to: McFarland & Company Inc., Publishers, Box 611, Jefferson, NC 28640. Or call: 1-800-253-2187 or visit the website: www.mcfarlandpub.com

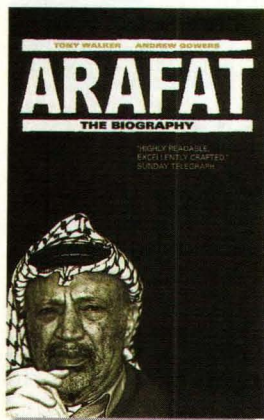
ARAFAT: THE BIOGRAPHY

By A Gowers & Tony Walker

Virgin Books

ISBN: 1 85227 924 9

It is over 30 years since Yasser Arafat swept onto the world stage as leader of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), a machine gun in one hand, and an olive branch in the other. In that time he has become many things to many people, but this book separates the man from the myth. The life of one of the most



controversial and well known figures of the 20th century is examined in a penetrating and balanced book. It also provides much useful background to the Palestinian machinery as it grapples with those who want peace, and those sworn to the destruction of Israel.

The recent peace negotiations with Israel have been as bumpy as a glider in rough turbulence. This book is based on hundreds of frank interviews with both Palestinian and Israeli officials. It examines Arafat's standing in world politics today, and asks whether he still has a role to play in the Middle East 'Road Map to Peace'.

From his early life as a student leader in Cairo, his underground activities in the Gulf to his now-bleak finale. A powerful portrayal of a controversial figure who cannot be ignored. A huge 500-page book with excellent photographs.



Available from Eye Spy
REF: ES/707 £28.75 \$39.99

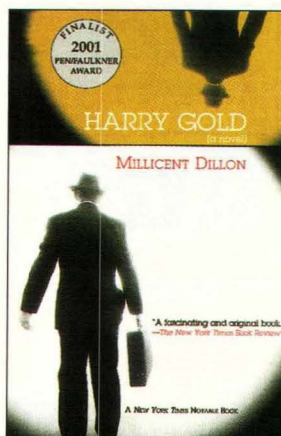
HARRY GOLD

By Millicent Dillon

Overlook

ISBN: 1 58567 244 0

This is the story about a spy. And a spy, by definition, lies. So how to write the life of a spy? Eschewing the confines of traditional biography and inverting the glamour of espionage, acclaimed biographer Millicent Dillon blends fact and fiction to chronicle the human drama of Harry Gold, the American chemist who became a Soviet spy.



In casting Gold's story as a novel, Dillon creates a gripping narrative from true events of political life in America from the '30s through the McCarthy era, from Gold's recruitment of his training in tradecraft to his role in Julius Rosenberg's and Klaus Fuch's atomic espionage at Los Alamos. The result is a novel with the psychological depth of Graham Greene's *The Third Man*, the taut pacing of *All the President's Men* and the moral poignancy of Philip Roth's *I Married a Communist*.



Available from Eye Spy
REF: ES/710 £12.50 \$20.00
(Special Import)

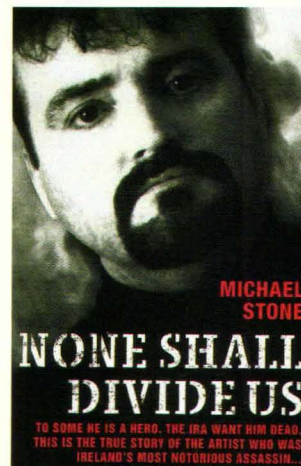
NONE SHALL DIVIDE US

By Michael Stone

Blake Publishing

ISBN: 1 904034 51 9

Michael Stone was once sentenced to 800 years in prison. His crime was caught on camera and shocked millions of people across the world. In March 1988, he calmly walked into the middle of a Republican funeral of three IRA volunteers shot dead by the SAS in Gibraltar. Dressed in a flat cap, he pulled out a handgun, started firing and tossing hand grenades into the crowd. Three people died and many more were injured. As some mourners dived for cover, others began to follow him. Every so often he turned and fired. Stone was arrested before the crowd exacted their revenge.



He was released from prison under the terms of the Good Friday Agreement in July 2000, and quickly renounced terrorism and apologised for the suffering his actions had caused. Yet he is still wanted by Republicans who won't forgive him, and by some of former colleagues who have accused him of selling out to the peace process.

This is a remarkable book that begins with his early life on the streets of Northern Ireland and explains in graphic detail how easy it is for young men in the Province to be drawn into the various organisations that swear allegiance to England or Ireland. Stone charts the many incidents that slowly drove him to his actions in the Milltown cemetery. To some Loyalists he was regarded as a lone 'nutter', to others, a hero. His time in jail is revealing and so are the many people he describes in the book - each a hero or enemy to some poor mother.

A chilling book that keeps the reader engrossed throughout. Very well written.



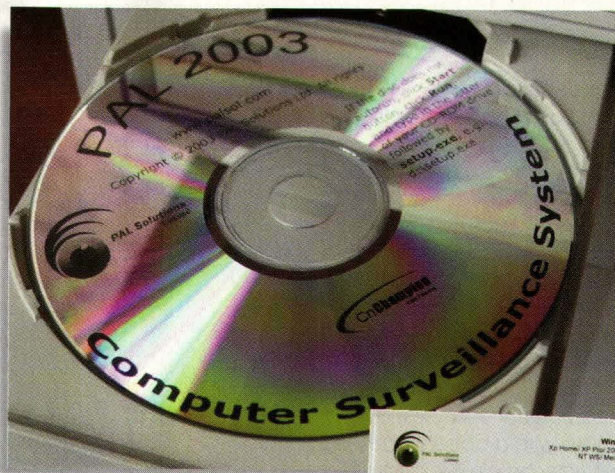
Available from Eye Spy
REF: ES/699 £19.50 \$32.00



EYE SPY PRODUCT REVIEW

with Peter Jenkins

If you have any products you wish to be reviewed in Eye Spy Magazine, please contact the editor at editor@eyespymag.com



PAL COMPUTER SURVEILLANCE SYSTEM

In past issues of Eye Spy, we have reviewed computer 'spyware', and this recent programme is another useful utility that can be used to carry out surveillance of a targeted computer at a small cost of approximately £40.00.

This software was designed to monitor both business and home computers by parents in order to identify what the computer user is doing on the machine. This monitoring can be carried out in a number of different ways. In addition, the programme can filter out content-specific websites selected by the user.

If you can imagine a camera inside your computer that takes a snapshot of the screen every six seconds (or every 30 minutes depending on how you programme it) and then stores the pictures in a hidden file as a JPEG for you to look at later on,

then this is what this programme is capable of doing. Not only can you go into the targeted computer to view the historic files but you can also have them secretly e-mailed to you, to a pre-designated e-mail address.

Loading the programme took seconds and was fairly easy to use; however, a small instruction booklet would have been helpful - although the software does support a HELP programme.

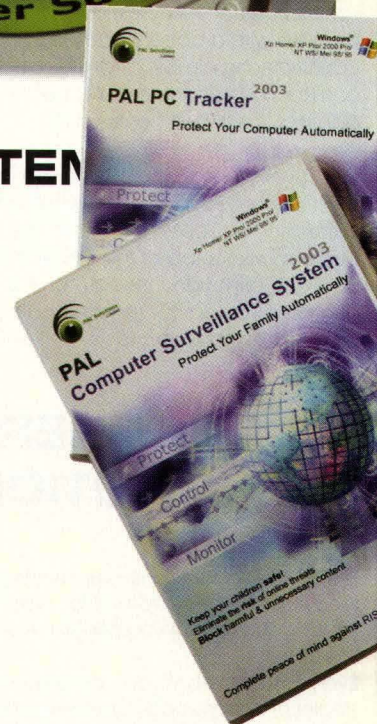
It is an amazing piece of software and anything that appears on the screen will be recorded

- All applications
- Typed letters
- All web sites visited
- E-mail activity
- All keystrokes typed

There are a number of programmes available which filter out inappropriate internet activity such as pornography or offensive material. PAL can also do this but lets you know via e-mail and simultaneously closes the browser down so that the viewer never sees it. The only disadvantage to this is that you have to actually specify the site name for it to work.

Activity reports can be sent to you at a specified time or in response to alerts, a good tool for concerned parents who want to monitor their children or businessmen that wish to monitor their staff.

If you need to know what someone is looking at on a computer, this programme is first class.

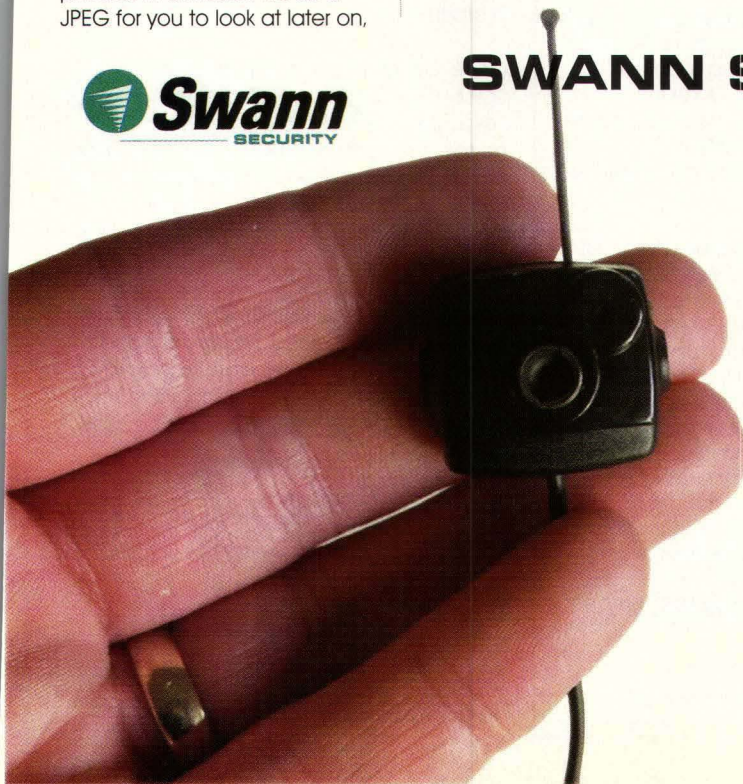


AVAILABLE FROM EYE SPY

Ref: ES/PALSUR
UK £39.99 US \$55.00



SWANN SECURITY MICROCAM



We have reviewed cameras manufactured by Swann in the past and this is a new model MicroCam.

There are two main features of this new camera. First, the lens is no longer a tiny pinhole size, but is still small at 4mm in diameter. This enables more light into the camera, providing a clearer and higher resolution picture. The second difference from the previous models is the fact that the microphone is no longer on a 3cm lead, but is actually built into the camera itself.

This neatly packaged system comes with everything required to record video without the need for cables. The package contains a transmitting camera and microphone, a receiving unit, 240v power supplies and battery packs, plus the necessary cables to connect it to your television or video recorder. This model also comes with a tiny 'pan and tilt' bracket for mounting on a wall or ceiling.

The operating instructions are on a single sheet of paper. This is not just because the manufacturers are being environmentally friendly, but because the system is so simple to set up and operate that instructions are not really needed, even for those who are not technically minded.



set up the system in less than five minutes and roamed about the office to check the reception. The picture was very good and far better than its predecessor due to the larger lens. As far as transmission range is concerned, indoors we started to lose the picture quality through two walls at a distance of about 30 metres. Outside with 'line of sight' we managed to get a clear image up to around 90 meters and then the picture disappeared.

For short-term measures, this camera can be used with a battery pack and can be concealed in almost anything. If it is used in conjunction with the supplied power adapter, it will work continuously.

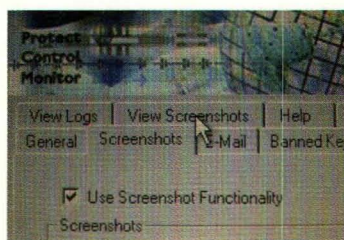
Whatever situation the MicroCam is used for, it is an effective device where the installation of cables is difficult. The colour/audio model is top of the range and costs £399.00, although there are cheaper models if you do not require audio or wireless transmission.



For further information see:
www.swann.com.au or e-mail
tech@swann.com.au

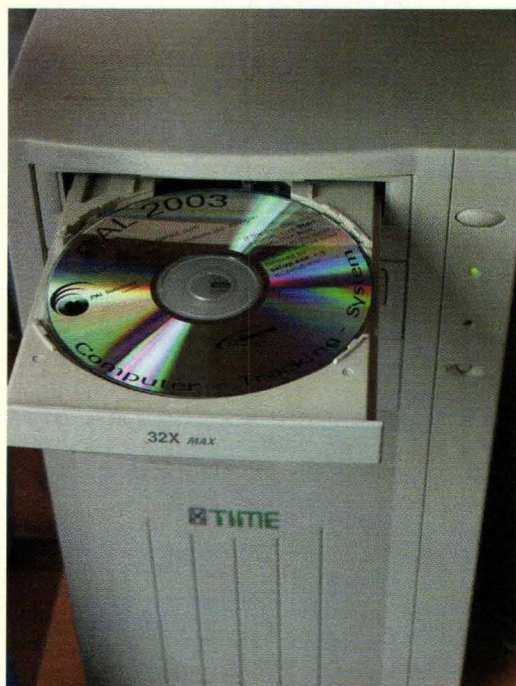
PC TRACKER FROM PAL SOLUTIONS LTD

PAL PC Tracker is a computer tracking and theft recovery software system which works with both laptops and desktop computers at a cost of £29.95.



Every time you boot your computer and make an Internet connection, PC Tracker sends a stealth e-mail message containing its exact location to a predetermined e-mail address set by the customer. Additionally, it will post a second message on to the PAL Tracker servers containing the exact location for extra protection in the case you are unable to check your e-mail.

PAL PC Tracker runs hidden in your system and is password protected to prevent unauthorised access. In the event the computer is stolen, the customer must make a report with the local police and then notify the PC Tracker support team, who will then provide full tracking and recovery support.



When the stolen computer goes online it will send a stealth message to PAL and the predetermined e-mail address containing its location. Once this information is received, recovery agents at PC Tracker will work with the customer and the police to recover the stolen property.

We see this as a useful programme, but often the hard drives of stolen computers are completely wiped and a new operating system loaded before being sold elsewhere, in which case the programme would be ineffective. In addition, if the computer is not logged on to the Internet, it will have no use. Casual thieves quite often do not erase the hard drive, enabling investigators to pinpoint the location of the machine. A good concept, and a good additional level of security to place on your system.

AVAILABLE FROM EYE SPY

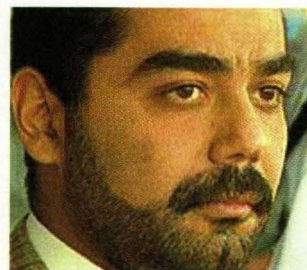
Ref: ES/PALTRACK
 UK £29.95 US \$40.00



After a long search, US Delta Forces and soldiers from the 101st Airborne Division managed to trap Uday and Qusay Hussein in a villa in the northern city of Mosul. The soldiers were supported by a number of CIA officers who had been tipped off hours earlier about the whereabouts of the elusive brothers.

Once the intelligence was received, a Special Forces group, designated Task Force 20, was assembled. Signals intelligence and a reconnaissance mission was carried out, and even a mobile phone call made by Saddam was intercepted. It became clear that the brothers were still in the house.

A fierce six-hour gun battle ensued before the brothers, a personal bodyguard and Qusay's 14-year-old son were pronounced dead. It is understood an unidentified Iraqi citizen told the US Army where the brothers



Uday Hussein

FOR BROTHERS



CIA Agent Believed Dead

EYE SPY has learned that the CIA did indeed have an agent close to Saddam and his sons. However, he was apparently exposed by a clever operation to unmask him by Uday.

Just hours before the war broke out, the CIA learned that Saddam, his sons and general war council were meeting at a compound in the city. Cruise missiles totally destroyed the area but it later transpired no compound existed, the meeting actually took place in a palace next to the compound.

Throughout the weeks of fighting before the fall of Baghdad, the CIA made several unsuccessful attempts to kill Saddam and his sons. According to intelligence sources inside Baghdad, Uday became suspicious that Washington had an informant close to the family and set up a sting operation to expose the agent.

Saddam spoke to the suspect and told him they were having a meeting at a restaurant on the outskirts of the city. The time - 8.00pm - was given and a list of requests presented to the agent. No other person except Uday, Qusay and Saddam had been made privy to the information. The agent apparently forwarded details of the meeting to his CIA handler in Kuwait. At 8.10pm cruise missiles slammed into the phoney target and the game was up. According to sources close to Saddam, Uday killed the agent himself.



Qusay Hussein

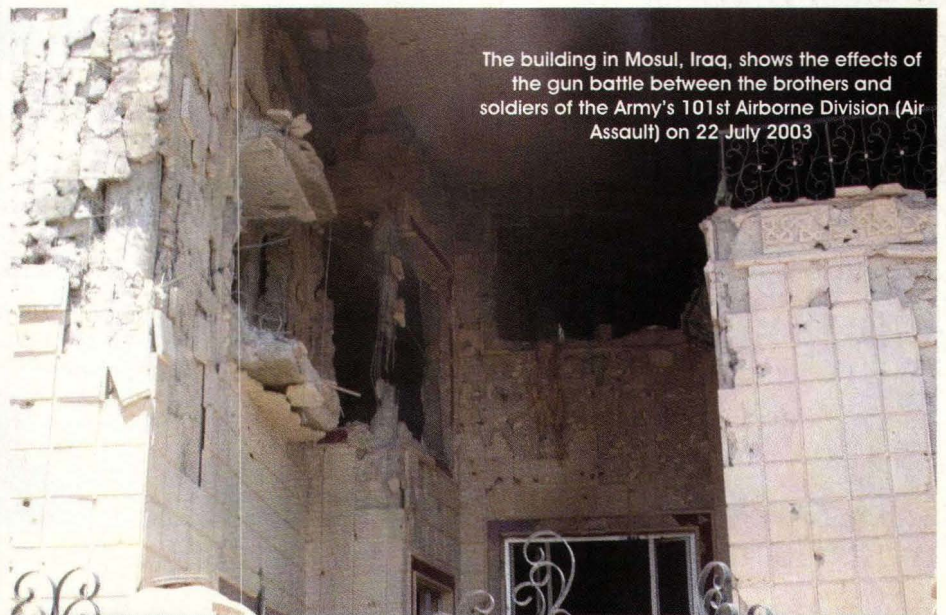
Qusay, 37, had been chosen by his father to take over the reins of Iraq. And though he was calmer and more thoughtful, he, too, had a ruthless streak. Qusay headed the Republican Guard and the feared Mukhabara secret police.

Publisher's note:

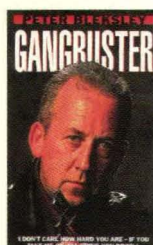
Other images were not published because they were considered too extreme

were staying and claimed the \$15m reward. Controversy followed when the US released photographs and video footage of the bodies. Few in Iraq shed a tear for the men, especially Uday, whose viciousness towards his countrymen was unparalleled and sickened even his father.

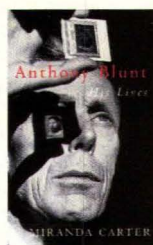
Uday, 38, was 'the ace of hearts' in the Pentagon's '55 Most Wanted', a known psychopath feared for his brutality and sexual deviance. Intelligence sources say he was behind numerous attacks on US troops during June and July, issuing orders to many of his still-loyal Fedayin Saddam fighters. These soldiers had offered the stiffest of resistance during the initial stages of the war, and it is understood that many vowed to continue fighting a guerrilla campaign.



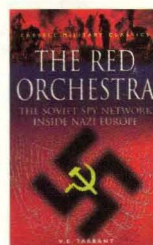
The building in Mosul, Iraq, shows the effects of the gun battle between the brothers and soldiers of the Army's 101st Airborne Division (Air Assault) on 22 July 2003



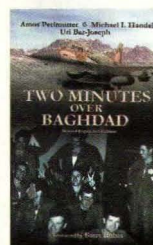
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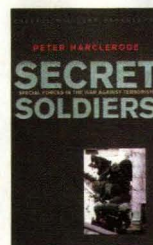
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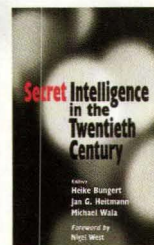
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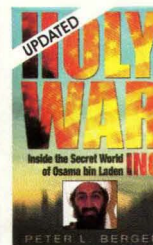
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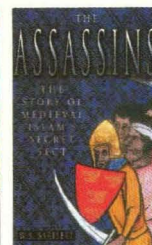
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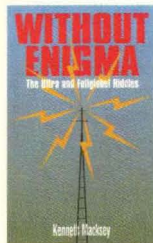
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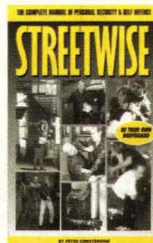
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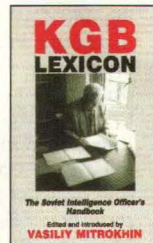
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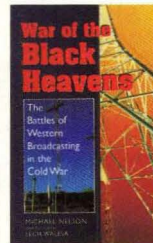
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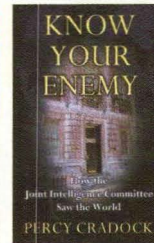
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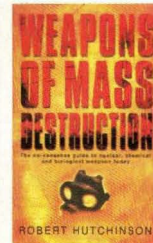
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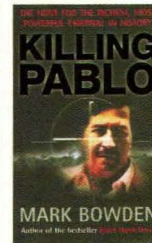
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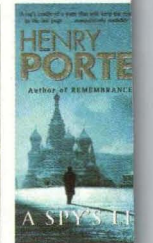
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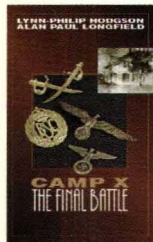
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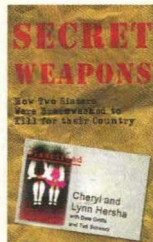
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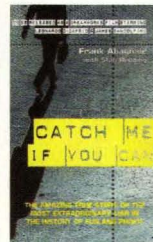
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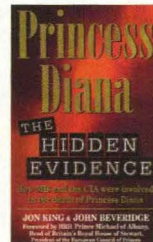
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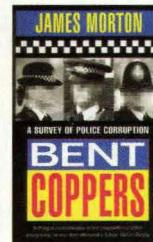
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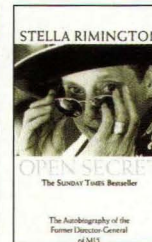
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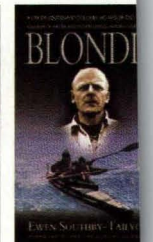
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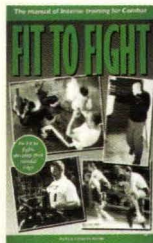
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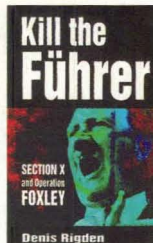
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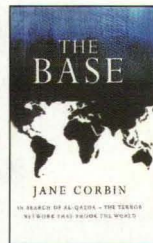
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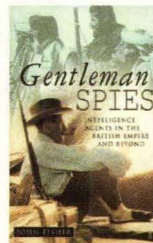
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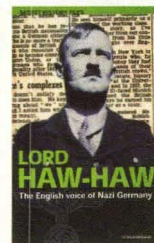
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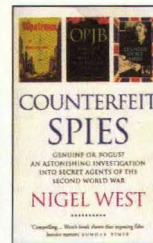
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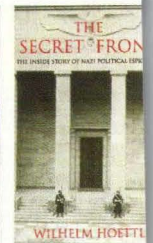
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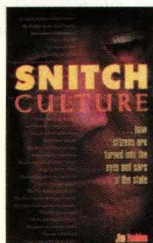
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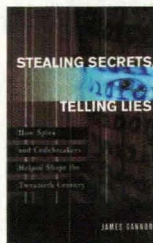
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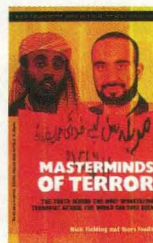
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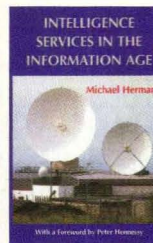
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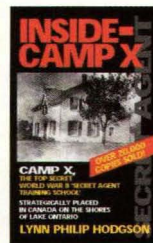
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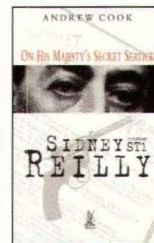
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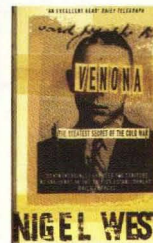
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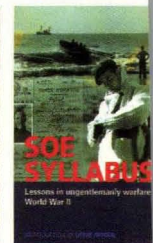
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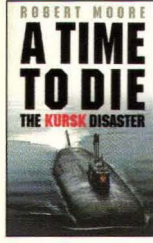
Venona: Traitors at the heart of the British Establishment. Softback 380pp ES/527 £10.00 \$20.00



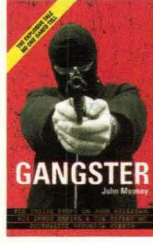
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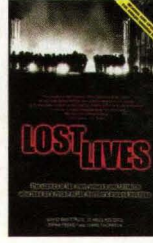
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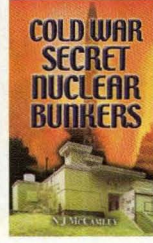
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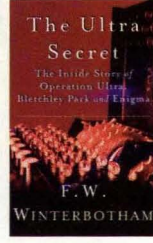
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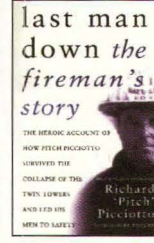
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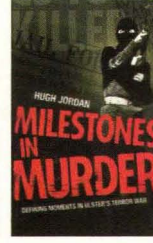
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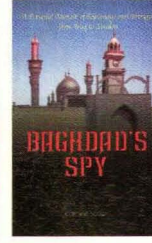
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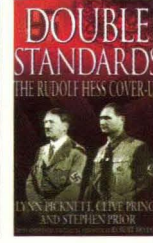
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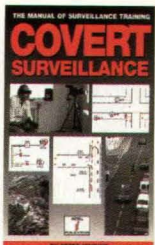
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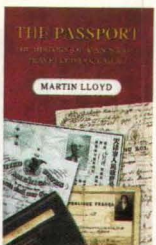
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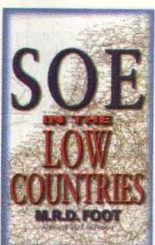
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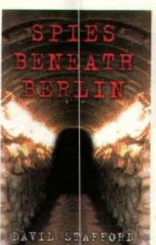
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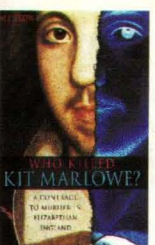
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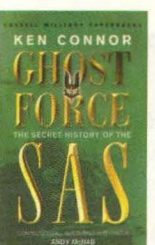
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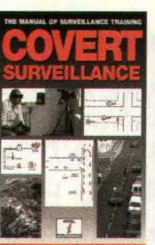
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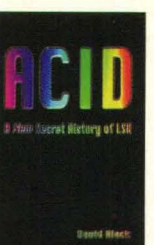
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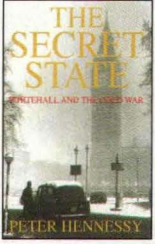
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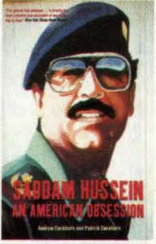
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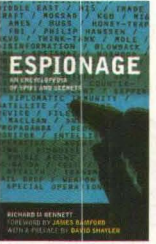
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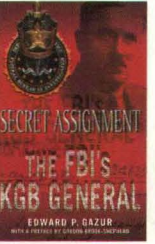
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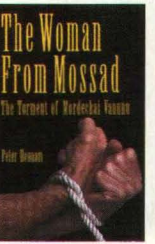
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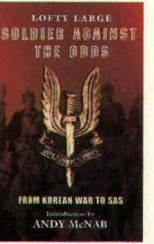
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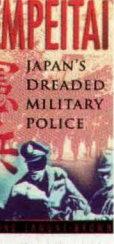
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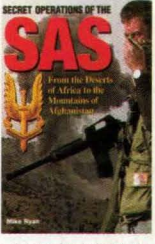
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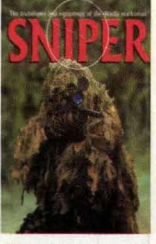
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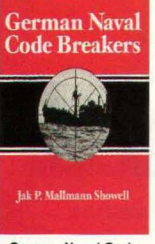
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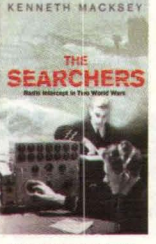
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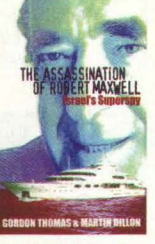
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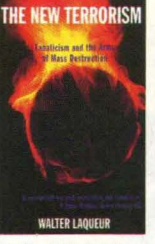
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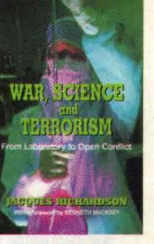
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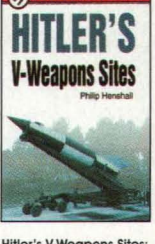
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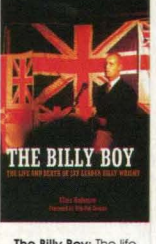
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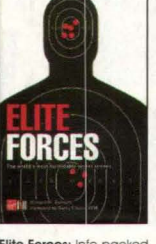
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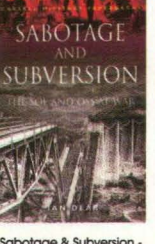
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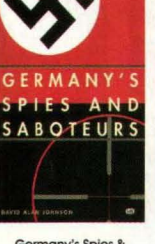
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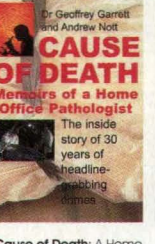
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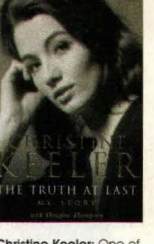
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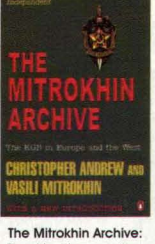
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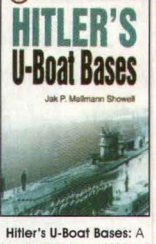
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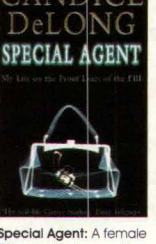
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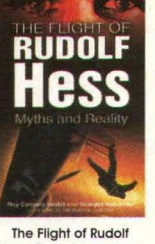
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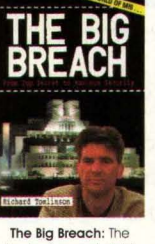
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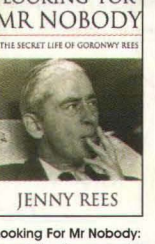
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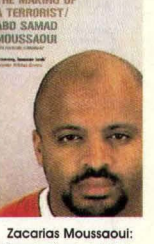
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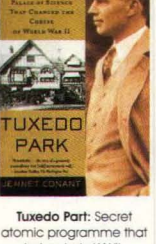
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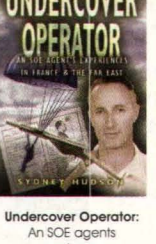
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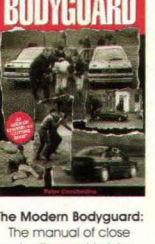
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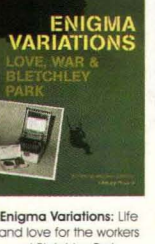
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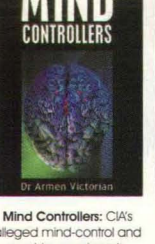
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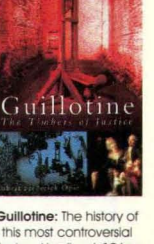
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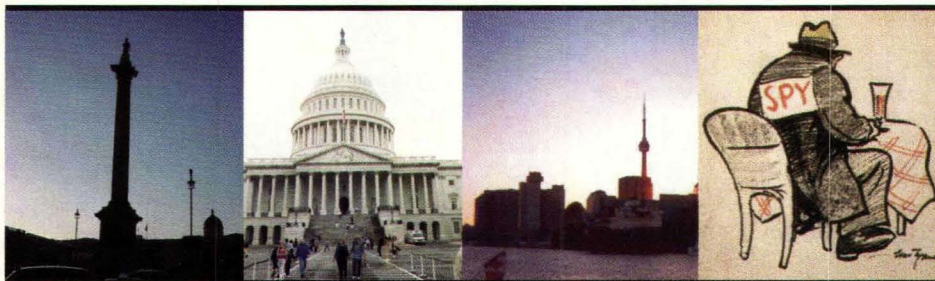
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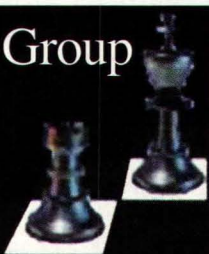
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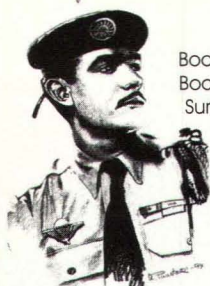
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NIGER AND YELLOWCAKE

Continued from page 57

THE DOCUMENTS

The name of the envoy appearing on the bogus documents is Wissam al-Zahawie, Saddam's former envoy to the Vatican. He broke his silence earlier this year when the UK and US announced Iraq had tried to purchase uranium from Niger. The papers (all 17 of them), were alleged to have originated from Niger. A number of the documents were letters allegedly signed by none other than al-Zahawie himself and addressed to Niger officials in Rome. One document discusses a contract whereby Iraq is to purchase 500 tonnes of 'yellowcake'.

Al-Zahawie has since written to a friend and told him what happened: "In February 1999, I was instructed to visit four west African countries and to extend an invitation on behalf of the Iraqi president to their heads of state to visit Baghdad. I had no other instructions and certainly none concerning the purchase of uranium."

Now the prime minister of Niger has stepped into the row. Hama-

Hamadou has invited Tony Blair to produce evidence of the Iraq deal. "Our conscience is clear," Mr Hamadou said. "We are innocent. We have never sold uranium to Iraq. We have never discussed uranium with Iraq."

"We were the first African country to send soldiers to fight against Saddam after the invasion of Kuwait in 1991," Mr Hamadou said. Everybody knows that the claims are untrue. Would we really send material to somebody whom we had fought against and who could destroy half the world with a nuclear bomb? It's unthinkable."

"We cannot get involved in the politics of the world's most powerful nations. We are a poor country. Our uranium is tightly controlled and our priorities are to produce enough food to feed our people and provide education for all of our children. Everybody knows that the claims are untrue," he told the paper.

"We have survived famine in Niger. We can survive this."

Rabiou Hassane Yari, Iraq's minister of mines and energy said he hoped the British would apologise. "The Americans have apologised for what they did. It would be nice if the British would do the same."

ANNEXE 1

La Direction des affaires juridiques du Ministère des Affaires Étrangères : dans la personne de S.E. Monsieur le Ministre et le tian du Ministère des Mines dans la personne de M. le Ministre en Charge, réunis en assemblée ont déclaré ce qui suit:

- La Cour d'Etat, appelée à donner son avis conformément à l'article 20 de l'ordonnance n° 74-13 du 5 juillet 2000, portant création, composition, attribution et fonctionnement de la Cour d'Etat, s'est réunie en chambre de Conseil au Palais de ladite Cour le Mercredi 7 juillet 2000, à neuf heures;
- Vu la lettre n° 488/MJ/SD du 3 juillet 2000 de M. le Ministre des Affaires Étrangères et de la Coopération;
- demandant de "soliciter l'avis favorable de la Cour d'Etat sur les points à savoir:
- D'une part si le Protocole d'Accord entre le gouvernement de la République du Niger et le Gouvernement de l'Iraq pour la vente d'uranium pur, signé le 6 juillet 2000 à Niamey, est en vertu du droit interne de la République du Niger, et s'il constitue un engagement valable et obligatoire;
- D'autre part, s'il a été dûment signé et approuvé par le gouvernement d'Iraq conformément à toutes les procédures qui lui sont applicables et constituant a

Above: Another of the bogus documents - this time confirming the deal between Niger and Iraq.

Inset: Vice President Dick Cheney - some ex-intelligence officers have called on him to resign, for he apparently received the documents from MI6



How did the affair begin?

On 2 January 2001, Italian police were alerted to a break-in at the Niger Embassy in Rome. A few items were missing, but someone had rifled through embassy papers, leaving them strewn about the floor. Several months later, the Italian intelligence service, (SISME) obtained numerous papers from an African diplomat. Apparently signed by officials of the government of Niger, the documents revealed a government contract with Iraq. Excited by their intelligence find, the Italians quickly notified the CIA and MI6.



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e-mail: editor@eyespy.com

Web Site: www.eyespy.com

Office hours: 10.00am - 6.00pm Monday to Friday

USA ADDRESS: Eye Spy Magazine,

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Registered Company No. 4145 963 Registered for VAT. ISSN 1473-4362

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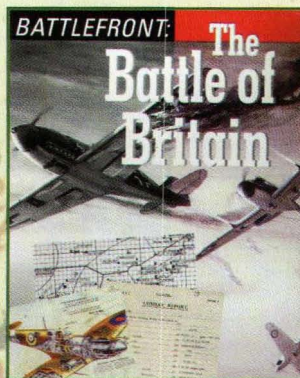
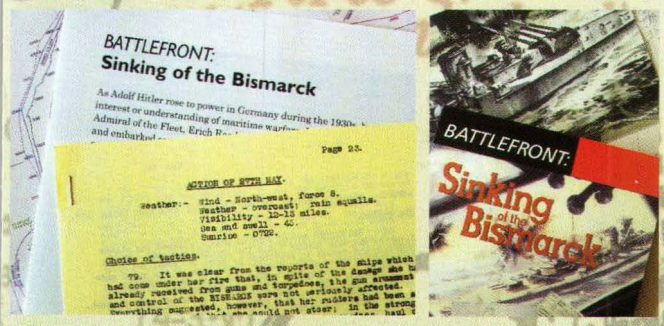
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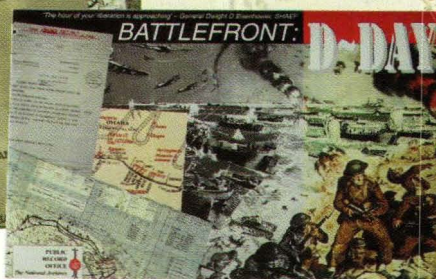
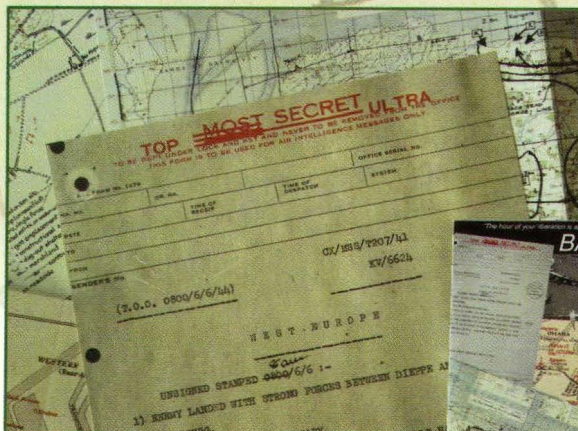
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